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INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

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TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Occasional showers. Temp. 48-36 (8-2). Tomorrow little change. Yesterday's temp. 50-41 (10-5). LONDON: Variable cloudiness. Temp. 52-41 (11-5). Tomorrow occasional rain. Yesterday's temp. 54-43 (12-6). CHANNEL: Slight to moderate. ROME: Variable. Temp. 61-41 (16-5). NEW YORK: Cloudy. Temp. 0-34 (-18-1). Yesterday's temp. 37-26. INTERNATIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2.

Austria	7 S	Libya	7 Piast.
Belgium	10 B.F.	Luxembourg	10 L.Fr.
Eire (Inc. tax)	9P	Morocco	1.20 Dh.
Denmark	1.75 D.Kr.	Netherlands	0.85 Fior.
France	1.00 Fr.	Nigeria	2.5
Germany	1.00 D.M.	Norway	1.75 N.Kr.
Great Britain	7½P	Portugal	6 Esc.
Greece	8 Drs.	Spain	15 Ptas.
India	Rs. 2.25	Sweden	1.50 S.Kr.
Iran	20 Rials	Switzerland	1.00 S.Fr.
Italy	150 Lire	Turkey	4.25 T.L.
Israel	1.57.00	U.S. Military	30 Cts.
Lebanon	75 P.	Yugoslavia	3.00 D.

Allies Act To Protect Pullout

U.S. Planes Hit Laos SAM Base

By Craig R. Whitney

SAIGON, March 26 (NYT).—Several hundred South Vietnamese Marines were sent to patrol small units along the Laotian border today, and some were ordered back into Laos to reoccupy a hilltop position overlooking the Sahh plateau of northwestern South Vietnam.

Their mission, government spokesmen in Saigon and Quang Tri said, is to protect the continuing withdrawal within northern South Vietnam of troops involved in the recently ended offensive against enemy supply lines in Laos.

A fresh regiment of South Vietnamese infantry was also moved today to what had been the forward command post for the Laotian operation at Ham Nghi, two miles west of Khe Sanh.

These actions came at the same time as reports that North Vietnamese forces, after having pursued South Vietnamese troops out of Laos, were infiltrating the northernmost part of South Vietnam and imperiling American forces near Khe Sanh.

The United States command announced that 20 Air Force F-4 fighter-bombers attacked a North Vietnamese missile site in Laos yesterday, one mile west of the North Vietnamese border and one mile northwest of the Demilitarized Zone.

The site was discovered a few days ago and reportedly was attacked before it had fired any missiles at American planes supporting the South Vietnamese operations.

[A New York Times report that American planes had struck again at North Vietnam, since Sunday and Monday, which was published in today's International Herald Tribune, was later said to be in error.]

The hilltop reoccupied in Laos, about two miles from the border and just south of Route 9, was the site of the last fire base held by South Vietnamese troops during the Laotian operation. Its defenders were pulled out Wednesday evening, but several hundred marines remained to cover the retreat and help protect Khe Sanh.

They returned to South Vietnam last night and were replaced yesterday.

Withdrawal Begun

American military sources said they were contemplating a withdrawal within two weeks of the U.S. forces now at Khe Sanh. Elements of the 101st Airborne Division, which provided much of the helicopter support for the South Vietnamese in their Laotian operation, began pulling out yesterday.

In the meantime, a bombing campaign against enemy forces and the supply routes that had been occupied during the last six weeks continued yesterday with sorties in the area by American fighter-bombers and 15 B-52 strikes, according to military spokesmen in Quang Tri.

The Saigon command spokesman said the 20,000 South Vietnamese troops who withdrew from Laos were "relaxing and recuperating and preparing for a new attack." When asked where and when this new attack might come, the spokesman said, "We won't tell you, but it would be south of the DMZ."

The last of the South Vietnamese troops in Laos withdrew

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Associated Press.

ALONG ROUTE 9—An American soldier looks over the wreckage of a self-propelled 175-mm howitzer that was hit by a North Vietnamese rocket-launcher grenade.

Pentagon Issues Warning

U.S. May Strike at Red Guns in DMZ

By William Beecher

WASHINGTON, March 26 (NYT).—The Defense Department issued a veiled warning today that air strikes against North Vietnamese artillery and rockets might have to be ordered if they fired from new positions within the Demilitarized Zone that straddles the border between the two Vietnams.

Jerry W. Friedheim, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Public Affairs, raised this prospect in guardedly discussing the movement of the North Vietnamese weapons into the zone within the last several weeks.

Other sources said that several battalions of long-range artillery and rockets, involving dozens of weapons, have been dug into positions at several points in the northern half of the six-mile-wide DMZ, most of them near the Laos border. From such forward locations, the sources said, the weapons could fire at numerous allied positions in the northwest corner of South Vietnam.

Mr. Friedheim recalled that on several occasions, Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird has declared that it is his "responsibility to recommend whatever protective reaction steps prove most feasible to protect allied and U.S. forces."

The expression "protective reaction" is used by the Pentagon to describe, among other things, bombing of North Vietnamese anti-aircraft guns and missiles that have fired at American reconnaissance planes.

Mr. Friedheim declined to say whether the administration regarded the new development as a violation of the so-called understanding under which heavy, regular American air raids on North Vietnam were halted on Nov. 1, 1968, in return for a pledge that the Demilitarized Zone would not be used by military forces. Hanoi has consistently denied any such understanding.

While there have been previous reports of placement of artillery, rockets, mortars and anti-aircraft guns in the DMZ since the bombing was halted, Pentagon officials said, this is considered by far the largest such deployment.

Mr. Friedheim said the weapons were moved in shortly before the South Vietnamese invasion of Laos on Feb. 8, and raised a number of lines of speculation about the purpose of the move.

North Vietnam, he suggested, might have been planning an offensive in northern South Vietnam in the spring and might have wanted to move artillery forward to support its troops. Other sources said there were reports of a possible offensive, including troop and tank buildups, in the border area.

Or, Mr. Friedheim said, North Vietnam, aware of rumors of an invasion into Laos, might have wanted artillery in position to strike the support elements.

Or, finally, he continued, Hanoi, concerned about rumors of a possible incursion into North Vietnam, might have moved artillery into position to resist it along one possible invasion route.

At the time of the halt in the bombing, Johnson administration officials explained that the raids were being called off on the understanding that Hanoi would negotiate substantively in Paris, would not use the DMZ for military purposes, would not fire rockets at the cities of South Vietnam and would not fire at unarmed American reconnaissance planes.

While North Vietnam has violated all aspects of this so-called understanding, officials say now that Hanoi has shown considerable restraint in most instances, presumably in the belief that the Nixon administration might otherwise resume full-scale bombing of the North.

Yahya Denounces Mujib as Traitor

Sharp Fighting Reported In East Pakistan Revolt

NEW DELHI, March 26 (Reuters).—Thousands of villagers have joined Awami League volunteers fighting West Pakistani troops in the streets of four major cities of East Pakistan, the Press Trust of India reported tonight.

Quoting "highly reliable reports" reaching Indian border areas, the agency said that the East Pakistanis were using all available weapons, including spears and canes, against the troops.

Heavy fighting was going on in Chittagong, Dacca, Camilla and Rangpur, the sources said.

As the army moved to crush the secessionist movement led by Sheikh Mujibur Rahman—denounced as a traitor by President Yahya Khan in a nationwide broadcast earlier today—the agency said that the fighting had assumed the proportions of civil war.

One report said that 1,000 West Pakistani commandos had been flown into East Pakistan by way of China during the last two days.

Heavy Fighting

Fighting was said to be heavy in Rangpur, where West Pakistani troops are reported to have killed at least 20 persons two days ago.

A clandestine radio report monitored in India said that Sheikh Mujib, who tonight declared the independence of East Pakistan as the new Peoples' Republic of Bangla Desh (Bengali nation), had gone underground.

The broadcast, thought to originate from the northern region of East Pakistan, called on the people to fight until all enemy troops were vanquished.

The "Voice of Independent Bangla Desh" said that West Pakistani troops had been surrounded by Bangla Desh forces in Chittagong, Camilla, Sylhet, Jessore, Barisal and Khulna.

The Bangla Desh forces were from the East Pakistani Regiment, East Pakistani Rifles and police, the radio said.

The broadcast proclaimed Sheikh Mujib as the only leader of Bangla Desh and the man "whose commands should be obeyed by the people to save the country from the ruthless dictatorship of West Pakistanis."

Indian news agency reports said that at least 10,000 troops from West Pakistan had now been landed in the East, bringing their strength in the territory to about 70,000 men.

All-India Radio tonight reported heavy fighting in Dacca despite the curfew.

The Press Trust also reported tonight that forces loyal to Sheikh Mujib had captured the Chittagong station of Radio Pakistan.

The news agency, quoting a "highly reliable report" reaching Calcutta, said that Pakistani troops were forced to retreat from the station in the East Pakistan port after fierce fighting.

An official spokesman said that Indian security forces along the 1,340-mile border with East Pakistan had been placed on alert.

The Indian cabinet will meet to discuss the crisis tomorrow.

Censorship in Force

There was no direct word from East Pakistan, where censorship was in force and several towns, including Dacca, the provincial capital, were under curfew.

[The Associated Press reported from Karachi that there have been rumors, originating in Dacca, to the effect that Sheikh Mujib and five close associates were arrested late last night or early this morning. But there has been no official confirmation or denial of the reports.]

The martial-law administrator in East Pakistan, Lt. Gen. Tikka Khan, admitted in a broadcast over Dacca radio that the "law-and-order situation was out of control."

But he gave no details of the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)



Associated Press.

Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, at a March 20 press meeting.

Denies Censorship Is Reason

Solzhenitsyn Upset by Story On Refusal of Nobel Lecture

MOSCOW, March 26 (AP).—Alexander Solzhenitsyn has refused to deliver the traditional Nobel Prize lecture because the Nobel Foundation demanded that it avoid "broad judgments on present social life and its ulcers."

In a telegram dated March 21 to the foundation director, Nils Staable, the Soviet author denied he had refused to deliver the lecture by mail because it would be censored by Soviet authorities.

The winner of the 1970 Nobel Prize for literature, Mr. Solzhenitsyn made public his feelings today after the Nobel Foundation allegedly stated that the writer was unwilling to deliver the lecture because of the censorship problem.

According to friends who made a copy of the telegram available today, Mr. Solzhenitsyn learned of the foundation's statement through a BBC foreign language broadcast last week.

The writer said that the broadcast stated he was not permitted to leave the Soviet Union to go to Stockholm to deliver the lecture and was not willing to send it "clandestinely" through the mail, his friends said.

"I am extremely surprised by your explanation of the motivation for my refusal to deliver a Nobel lecture. I never expressed any such thing to you," he said in his telegram.

"If some explanation is at all necessary," he wrote, "you ought to cite the truth: the genre itself of the lecture on literature is alien to me—to talk of the nature of art, creation, beauty and to avoid broad judgments on present social life and its ulcers.

"Not having the desire, however, to destroy the Nobel tradition, I refused to deliver a lecture... on my right reserved by the Swedish Academy and the Nobel Foundation."

"I sincerely ask you to correct your mistake, and make it public."

The telegram was signed, "With respect, Solzhenitsyn."

Mr. Staable today denied that any Nobel officials have recently made an official statement about Mr. Solzhenitsyn.

He refused to make any comment on Mr. Solzhenitsyn's letter in which he declined to deliver the lecture, but added that the writer did not want to send the letter clandestinely.

He said he did not know of any other reasons for Mr. Solzhenitsyn's refusal to travel to Stockholm, but emphasized that, as a rule, Nobel Prize winners in literature rarely go to the Swedish capital to deliver the lectures.

Therefore, he added, he could not see any reason for the special interest in this case.

Mr Solzhenitsyn's friends said today that the writer's reaction to the BBC report was one of "extreme anger," and that he stopped writing for the entire day to listen to the radio and reflect on the matter.

He is living in a garage apartment belonging to cellist Mstislav Rostropovich on the outskirts of Moscow, where he is finishing a novel about World War I, "August, 1914."



Alexander Solzhenitsyn

In Mood of Guarded Optimism

Big 4 Open 2d Year of Berlin Talks

By Anatole Shub

BERLIN, March 26 (WP).—Ambassadors of the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain and France entered their second year of negotiations on Berlin today with a two-and-a-half-hour conference, the 17th in the series. No details were given, but an atmosphere of guarded optimism continued to prevail about an eventual accord.

U.S. Ambassador Kenneth Rush said that "we continued our serious negotiations and attempts to move forward." The Soviet envoy, Pyotr Abrasimov, described the session as "important and constructive."

The four ambassadors scheduled their next meeting for April 16. Negotiations on the expert level will continue in the meantime.

Mr. Abrasimov, who returned Wednesday from high-level consultations in Moscow, was widely believed to have submitted a series of new formulations in response to the Western draft accord, on the basis of which the Big Four have been negotiating for the last two months. Soviet spokesmen declined to comment on their nature, however.

Communist sources did indicate that the prospects for a Berlin settlement, as well as for a conference on European security, would be "appraised positively" at the 24th Soviet Communist party congress, which opens in Moscow next Tuesday. The Western powers have made a Berlin agreement the precondition for launching diplomatic preparations for a security conference.

East European sources also appeared optimistic about the chances of an agreement to permit West Berliners, for the first time since 1966, to cross the wall and visit East Berlin. West Berlin representative Ulrich Müller and East German Deputy Foreign Minister Günter Kohrt are scheduled to resume discussion of an Easter pass agreement tomorrow afternoon.

Since yesterday morning, East German border guards have put up some 20 new customs sheds along the Communist side of the wall.

A third set of negotiations, between high officials of the West and East German governments, will resume next Wednesday. However, in the three-tiered structure of negotiations on Berlin, a preliminary accord among the Big Four has priority. Diplomatic observers have been speculating that such an accord might be reached this spring.

SALT Parley Is 'Businesslike'

VIENNA, March 26 (UPI).—Soviet and American teams continued the Vienna round of the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks in "businesslike manner" today and set their next session for Thursday at the Soviet Embassy.

The unusual schedule of only one meeting set for next week was apparently made to allow the Soviet chief delegate, Vladimir Semyenov, to attend the Soviet Communist party congress opening in Moscow Tuesday.

Officials said that in today's talks neither side offered any new proposals or ideas. The two teams met for 90 minutes—50 in formal session and 40 in informal conversation—at the U.S. Embassy.

Tito Snubs Kremlin Bid To Congress

BELGRADE, March 26 (UPI).—President Tito has turned down a personal invitation from the Kremlin and instead will send a high-ranking delegation to attend the 24th Soviet Communist party congress beginning next Tuesday in Moscow, Yugoslav party sources said today.

The independent-minded Yugoslav head of state, who is also president of the ruling Communist party, has not attended any Soviet party congress in the postwar period.

President Tito is now on a five-day state visit to Italy.

U.S. Asks Court to Set Aside Contempt Terms of Chicago 7

WASHINGTON, March 26 (WP).—The Justice Department moved yesterday to set aside the lengthy contempt sentences given the Chicago seven defendants by Judge Julius J. Hoffman after their stormy trial.

First Assistant U.S. Attorney James R. Thompson, citing a Jan. 20 Supreme Court decision on contempt and a letter from his Washington superiors, asked the Seventh U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals to call for a new hearing before a different judge.

Mr. Thompson said that under the high court's decision, Judge Hoffman should not have imposed the sentences—from two months to four years—at the trial's end because he had been the target of vilifying attacks by the accused and their lawyers.

The prosecutor quoted from a letter from Assistant Attorney General Robert Mardian, which said the trial judge "lost the power to cite and punish those contempts under which he was the victim of 'personal' attacks, since bias (on the part of the judge) might be presumed from the nature of the attacks."

By concluding that Judge Hoffman, through no fault of his own, was presumed to be biased, the government motion could avoid a decision on the much-debated question of whether the judge should share the blame for the disorder at the long trial.

A spokesman in Washington said the move was designed to speed up the process of obtaining a valid re-sentencing rather than let the defense take its time, in view of the "air-tight" case for reversal.

The government motion did not include defense attorneys William M. Kunstler and Leonard Weinglass or the four-year sentence given the eighth defendant, Bobby Seale, during the trial.

France Foresees No New EEC Veto, Britain Assured

PARIS, March 26 (Reuters).—Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann told British Ambassador Christopher Soames today that France was not trying to block British entry into the Common Market and he called for secret negotiating sessions to solve outstanding problems.

Mr. Schumann's assurance followed by less than 24 hours his statement yesterday that France was not trying to veto British entry by bringing up the question of sterling's future role in the entry talks.

In today's meeting at the Foreign Ministry, Mr. Schumann stressed that the question of sterling had been raised several times by the Common Market community as a whole.

He presented France's bid to discuss the matter as a natural follow-up to this. Mr. Schumann said that the EEC Commission had seven or eight times indicated to Britain the problems raised by sterling balances and the potential existence within the community of an international reserve currency, in view of EEC plans to create a common currency.

Account of Leningrad Trial Of Jews Reaches Washington

By Stephen S. Rosenfeld

WASHINGTON, March 26 (WP).—A detailed and dramatic courtroom account of the secret trial of a group of Soviet Jews in Leningrad last December has reached the West.

The full version, evidently prepared by a courtroom spectator, is received by The Washington Post today.

Going far beyond the garbled fragments which filtered out at the time and since, this Russian-language account makes explicit the fundamental accusation that the nine Jewish and two non-Jewish defendants was not crime, as commonly believed, attempting to leave the Soviet Union without official permission. After abandoning its Sweden 12-seat commercial plane they had to divert from a local flight route, the Jews in the plane expected to proceed to Israel, the country they regarded as their "true fatherland," and for this, they were variously charged with treason and other crimes.

When the sentences—including two condemnations to death—were announced Dec. 24, the courtroom account relates, some of the audience, largely selected by the government, broke into applause while relatives of the defendants shouted. "Fascists! How dare you applaud death sentences!," "Good fellows!," "Hold on!," "We are with you!," "We are waiting for you!," "We shall be in Israel!"

A week later, following a huge world outcry against the severity of the sentences, an appeals court in Moscow commuted the two death sentences to 15-year prison terms, and reduced two other defendants' terms by three years.

The 19-page single-spaced account of the Leningrad trial re-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

While Hailing San Francisco

Paris Prefect Calls N.Y.C. the Depths

PARIS, March 26 (AP).—The prefect of the Paris region, governor of its 8.5 million residents, today rated San Francisco at the top of a list of American cities for livability and urban planning, while placing New York, with its "insufferable" subway, at the bottom.

Maurice Doublet, setting up a ranking of U.S. cities in response to a newsman's question at a luncheon, said:

"If they brought New York's subway to Paris, I assure you there would be a revolution."

Mr. Doublet made the classification on the basis of a recent trip to England and across the United States.

He put San Francisco at the head of the list because: "It reminds one most of Paris. But there's more. There's a very agreeable mixture of new big buildings and the old, like the cable cars."

Mr. Doublet, who is in charge of the day-to-day operation of Paris—the city has no mayor—gave London second place on his list. "They've handled the mass transportation problem very well," he said, "and are not overwhelmed with parking difficulties."



AP.

Maurice Doublet

Chicago, which ranked third, "gave me a very agreeable surprise," he said. "They've respected nature in many areas of the city, and there are good vistas."

Los Angeles Fourth

Los Angeles was fourth. The prefect told of seeing less smog than he thought he would and said he detected a movement toward developing a genuine center for the city "without which it will be a city without a heart."

In general, Mr. Doublet found the United States 20 years ahead of Europe in urban planning and France some ten years behind Britain in renovating its cities.

But he found the United States without a coordinated national plan for the protection of the city and countryside. In this area, although he said Frenchmen were totally without "civic sense," France had taken the lead, he asserted.

Biggest Battle in Six Weeks

Jordanian Troops, Guerrillas Clash in Irbid

AMMAN, March 26 (UPI).—King Hussein's troops clashed with Palestinian guerrillas in Irbid, north of Amman today, in the biggest internal battle in Jordan for six weeks.

A government statement said the guerrillas set fire to a police post in the grounds of a hospital, burned a telephone exchange, attacked all local police stations and laid land mines.

The government statement said three soldiers and one policeman were killed in the attack on the police post at the Princess Basma Hospital, named after King Hussein's younger sister.

In Beirut, a Palestine Liberation Organization spokesman said government forces attacked an Irbid refugee camp and destroyed guerrilla offices.

3 Killed, 15 Injured

By 10 a.m., three persons were killed and 15 others injured, he said.

He said the PLO sent a memorandum to Arab governments appealing for intervention.

The incident was the biggest since the middle of last month, when guerrillas and security forces fought for several days in central Amman during a security drive against arms caches.

The ministry spokesman said security forces surrounded the area at 7 a.m. today after learning that guerrillas had stored weapons in a cemetery close to the town's refugee camp, which houses 13,000 Palestinians.

Military Hardware

A search turned up large quantities of military hardware, including 34 rockets, 12 anti-tank mines, six anti-personnel mines and quantities of hand-grenades.

At 9 a.m., when the weapons had been seized, the guerrillas attacked police stations in Irbid, the spokesman said.

The attack on the police stations involved both guerrillas and their part-time militia, the spokesman said. "It looked as if it was premeditated and the weapons used were similar to those captured by the security forces," he said.

Shooting came from several areas of the city, including those which were supposed to be disarmed under agreements between the government and the guerrillas to store all weapons in agreed caches, the spokesman said.

He said guerrillas fled after several hours of fighting, leaving guns behind.

A delegation representing guerrillas and the army left Amman to look into the situation in Irbid, the spokesman said.

Heikal Sees Russia Issuing Ultimatum to End Deadlock

CAIRO, March 26 (AP).—The usually well-informed editor of the newspaper Al-Ahram hinted today that the Soviet Union may issue an ultimatum to break the deadlock in current Middle East efforts.

Mohammed Hassanein Heikal, who was information minister under Nasser and who maintains close contacts with Egyptian leaders, indicated that the Soviet Union is now considering the most advantageous opportunity for making such a move.

Cairo's current political and military policies, carried out in close consultation with Moscow, are building up to a carefully prepared climax along this line, Mr. Heikal implied in his weekly editorial.

Mr. Heikal's report came as President Anwar Sadat wound up a week of meetings with Egyptian armed forces commanders and governors of the country's provinces, who have just been given the task of assuming military control in wartime.

At the same time, Al-Ahram disclosed a comprehensive overhaul of the air defense system protecting Cairo. The paper said this comprised "modifications" in the capital's defense network but gave no further details.

Mr. Heikal, echoing earlier statements by Egyptian officials, said a new war with Israel to liberate the occupied territories was "inevitable," and would be "long, vicious and complicated."

His editorial dealt at length with the Soviet Union's role in the Middle East conflict, which he said has been criticized by some Arab leaders impatient with Russia's failure to adopt more drastic measures in support of their cause.

Mr. Heikal, who has mentioned the 1956 Soviet ultimatum in his last four editorials, said that a more active Soviet stance is being precipitated by the Egyptians.

In 1956, during the Franco-English-Israeli attack on Egypt, the Soviet Union proposed that the United States join it in taking "decisive measures" to end the conflict. It also threatened to send Soviet "volunteers" to the area.

Mr. Heikal said the policy of the late President Nasser—pursued by his successors—places priority on "setting the stage and preparing suitable circumstances for a decisive Soviet role reminiscent of 1956."

One prerequisite for this, Mr. Heikal said, is providing Moscow with an internationally recognized, legitimate basis for intervention.

He cited the 1956 ultimatum as saying, "the Soviet Union reserves the right of adopting appropriate measures to implement United Nations resolutions" on withdrawing British, French and Israeli forces from Egyptian territory.

Mr. Heikal did not specify what the purpose of a new Soviet ultimatum would be. However, he has recently been insisting on the necessity of "neutralizing" the United States in any future Egyptian-Israeli war.

Dobrynin: Israel Must Start Talks

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin conferred with Secretary of State William P. Rogers today and declared that it was up to Israel to break the Middle East negotiations deadlock.

The ambassador, who called on Mr. Rogers at his own request prior to returning to Moscow for consultations and to attend the Soviet Communist party congress, told newsmen afterward that they had held a broad discussion on the international situation.

Asked how he viewed the situation in the Middle East, Mr. Dobrynin said, "Difficult and dangerous. I hope we will find a peaceful solution."

Bavarian Workers To Fix Own Hours

MUNICH, March 26 (Reuters).—Bavaria's civil servants can now turn up to work and go home when they like.

New rules, published by the Bavarian state authorities, say that, within certain limits, it is left to every employee to stagger his working hours provided he puts in 42 a week.

It is hoped that the system, already in operation in several West German public offices and firms, will make the public service "more attractive and efficient," according to the Finance Ministry.

Account of Leningrad Trial Of Jews Reaches Washington

(Continued from Page 1)

ceived by The Washington Post was—to judge by the emphasis it gives to the defendants' own statement of their case—assembled by friends or relatives who were admitted to the courtroom. Experts on Soviet law report that it is not illegal for a courtroom spectator to take notes.

The defendants' "last words," spoken according to Soviet procedure just before sentencing, were inscribed "from memory," a note says.

Inquiry in Washington disclosed that a number of versions of the Leningrad trial, differing from each other in length but not substance, have found their way out of Russia since December. One version comprises issue No. 17 of the Chronicle of Current Events, the latest in a regular series of civil rights news letters issued by Soviet dissidents in the last two years. Such documents are customarily sent out, if not prepared, through several channels so that at least one will get through.

Witnesses Face Charges

The account says 23 witnesses were called in the trial. Many, if not all, were persons close to the 11 defendants. They, and others were to face related charges themselves. In fact, a trial of a second group of Jews opened in Leningrad Jan. 6 but, in an unusual development, was adjourned within minutes.

A "12th member" of the original group of 11, Lt. Vulf Zalmanson, brother of two members of that group, reportedly was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment by a military court sometime in January.

It is assumed that one purpose of sending the trial accounts out of Russia was to draw world attention to the manner in which Soviet authorities treat Jews who contend that they want only to go to Israel but, when they try to do so by legal emigration, find their way blocked.

A second purpose is assumed to be to make it harder for Soviet authorities to hold further trials.

That this account surfaced just a few days before the Soviet Communist party congress opens in Moscow was said to be a coincidence. At any rate, many Western observers had already assumed that the congress would have to take up the difficult questions of internal and foreign policy raised by the struggle of many Soviet Jews, since the 1967 Arab-Israeli war, to assert their "national" or cultural-religious rights and, in many individual cases, to emigrate to Israel.

Return Almost All Arab Lands, Ben-Gurion Says

NEW YORK, March 26 (UPI).—David Ben-Gurion, 84, Israel's first premier, said in an interview in the magazine Saturday Review that Israel should give back all captured territory except Old Jerusalem and Syria's Golan Heights.

"A bad peace is better than a good war," he said in an interview that will appear in next week's issue.

"Peace, real peace, is now the great necessity for us," Mr. Ben-Gurion said. "It is worth almost any sacrifice. To get it, we must return to the borders before 1967. If I were still prime minister, I would announce that we are prepared to give back all the territory occupied in the six-day war except East Jerusalem and the Golan Heights—Jerusalem for history's sake and the Golan for security."

"Sinai? Sharm el-Sheikh? Gaza? The West Bank? let them go. Peace is more important than real estate," he said.

"As for security, militarily defensible borders, while desirable, cannot by themselves guarantee our future. Real peace with our Arab neighbors — mutual trust and friendship—that is the only true security."

Lanusse Installed In Buenos Aires

BUENOS AIRES, March 26 (Reuters).—Gen. Alejandro Lanusse, the army's commander in chief, was sworn in tonight as the third president Argentina has had in less than one year.

The ceremony took place amid growing indications that military rule in Argentina was heading toward its conclusion.

Following the ceremony, Gen. Lanusse administered the oath of office to newly-appointed Interior Minister Arturo Mororig and Social Welfare Minister Francisco Manrique—both strong supporters of a democratic system of government.



Associated Press.

ADDED SERVICE—To allow bed-ridden patients to make necessary phone calls, portable pay telephones have been installed in a new Copenhagen hospital.

Tito, Italy to Try Diplomacy To End the Mideast Impasse

By Paul Hofmann

ROME, March 26 (NYT).—President Tito of Yugoslavia and Italian leaders agreed today to step up diplomatic action to end the impasse in the search for peace in the Middle East.

The talks here on the Middle East dispute became three-sided today when the Egyptian foreign minister, Mahmoud Riad, arrived for conferences with Italian and Yugoslav government members.

Mr. Riad is scheduled to meet with President Tito at San Rossore, near Pisa, tomorrow evening. The Yugoslav chief of state is scheduled to end a two-day official visit to Rome tomorrow morning and stay on in Italy in a private capacity.

He will be the guest of President Giuseppe Saragat at the San Rossore estate over the weekend and return to Rome Monday morning for an audience with Pope Paul VI, before returning to Belgrade.

Mr. Riad's sojourn here is the first stage of a trip apparently aimed at winning European support for the Cairo government and increasing international pressure on Israel.

The minister is scheduled to proceed to Paris on Sunday to preside at a meeting of Egyptian ambassadors in Europe, and to meet with Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann and other French officials.

Today, Mr. Riad conferred with Angelo Salizzoni, Italian under secretary of foreign affairs, who has just visited Arab capitals. The Egyptian minister is scheduled to meet with Premier Emilio Colombo, Foreign Minister Aldo Moro and Yugoslav Foreign Minister Mirko Tepavac separately tomorrow.

Italian sources said that the Soviet naval presence in the Mediterranean was also discussed in the conversations that President Tito had with President Saragat, Mr. Colombo and Mr. Moro here yesterday and today.

According to the sources, the Yugoslav leader appeared apprehensive that increased tension in the Middle East might lead to growing military involvement of the Soviet Union and the United States in the Mediterranean, thereby narrowing the margin of autonomy for such nonaligned countries as Yugoslavia.

Nuns, Monks Gain Right to Choose Own Confessors

VATICAN CITY, March 26 (UPI).—The Vatican said today that it has relaxed laws governing religious communities so that nuns may make their confessions to any priest they choose.

Even cloistered nuns, who normally do not leave their convents, may leave to visit a church and make their confessions, according to a new decree by the Vatican Congregation for the Religious.

The decree was dated Dec. 8, 1970, but was made public today. The change is part of a general and continuing revision of canon law.

"All women, religious and novices, in order that they may have proper liberty, may make their confession validly and licitly to any priest approved for hearing confessions in the locality. For this, no special jurisdiction or designation is henceforth required," the decree states. It said that special confessors still may be appointed for communities of monks and nuns but that those special confessors need not be used.

Patrols Guard Laos Pullout

(Continued from Page 1)

by Wednesday evening, according to the command spokesman here, but on that day five U.S. helicopters were reported shot down by enemy ground fire inside South Vietnam. Yesterday, nine U.S. soldiers were killed and 11 wounded in two pitched battles in the rear area, six miles north of Khe Sanh and nine miles west of Cam Lo.

The size of the attack force was unknown. There also were ten enemy rocket and mortar attacks on U.S. units and installations in the western part of Quang Tri province yesterday, and the South Vietnamese base at Dong Ha was hit by 40 rounds of 152 mm artillery fire.

Clash in Cambodia

PHNOM PENH, Cambodia, March 26 (AP).—Fierce fighting raged for the second straight day on Cambodia's key Highway 4 supply route close to where the American-built road enters Elephant Mountains.

A Cambodian high command spokesman said troops engaged in road-clearing operations were hit by North Vietnamese and Viet Cong elements in a running battle between about 60 miles southwest of the Cambodian capital.

The clash is in the same area as the battle over a Cambodian ammunition convoy yesterday in which three trucks were burned and at least 30 Cambodians were wounded.

Reds Take 3 Positions

VIENTIANE, March 26 (Reuters).—North Vietnamese forces have captured three outposts guarding the royal capital of Luang Prabang, a Defense Ministry spokesman said today.

This puts them within one and a half miles of the city.

The fall of the outposts followed a counterattack launched against government troops by the North Vietnamese yesterday.

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Nixon Overtures Attacked

U.S. Shift on China Annoys Russia

By Bernard Gwertzman

MOSCOW, March 26 (NYT).—The Soviet Union today expressed its evident concern over President Nixon's latest efforts to improve U.S. relations with Communist China.

An article in Novoye Vremya, a leading foreign affairs weekly, suggested that the United States was conducting a "diplomacy of smiles" toward Peking in the hope that this might further aggravate Soviet-Chinese relations.

Western diplomats here believe that Moscow remains extremely sensitive about American overtures to China, because the Kremlin is thought to envisage over the long run an understanding between Peking and Washington that might run counter to Moscow's interests in the Far East.

With Soviet relations with Japan, the area's other major power, already strained politically, any move toward Sino-American rapprochement would effectively put the Soviet Union at a disadvantage in the Far East, where the Russians have historically sought to extend their influence.

U.S. Efforts Watched

In recent years, Moscow has paid close attention to the various efforts by the United States to begin a meaningful dialogue with China. Even though there was no discernible progress, the Russians in 1969 expressed their concern several times, fearing that as the result of tensions on the Sino-Soviet border, Peking might actually establish relations with Washington and try to play off one super power against the other.

The concern has been expressed again in the midst of the failure of the Soviet-Chinese talks about border problems to make any apparent headway and the strong attack issued by Peking ten days ago against the Soviet leaders.

Western diplomats said that the Russians, who in the past have been known for their ability to play one power off against the other, have consistently tried to avoid having its two most important rivals, the United States and China, lined up against it. At the same time, Moscow has not shied away in the past from allowing Peking to think that there was an American-Soviet alliance against it, or to keep the specter of a renewed Soviet-Chinese pact in the vision of the Americans.

The Novoye Vremya article, written by R. Moskvitin, which is possibly a pseudonym for a ranking Foreign Ministry official, went to some lengths to discuss recent American steps to ease tensions with China. It mentioned the March 15 lifting of travel restrictions to China and the liberalized trade regulations with China.

It said that these were "demonstrative steps" by Washington to show its desire for better relations with China. Special mention was given to the unusual relationship of Edgar Snow, the veteran American journalist, with Chairman Mao Tse-tung and Chou En-lai.

The article said that as long ago as 1933, Mr. Mao had indicated to Mr. Snow his "personal sympathies" toward the United States.

Basing its statements on American press reports, Novoye Vremya said that the United States was reducing its military strength in the Taiwan area and in the future might pull its forces out of Nationalist China in order to reduce possible irritants to Peking. It said that even "ultra-reactionary" groups in Washington that formerly backed Nationalist China were now in favor of establishing ties with Peking.

It noted that, in his recent foreign policy message to Congress, Mr. Nixon used the expression "the Chinese People's Republic," despite "the hysterical protests of the Chiang Kai-sheklists."

In trying to explain why the United States was making overtures to China, the article said that the recent administrations had sought to strengthen China's break with the rest of the Communist camp.

"The beginning of normalization of Chinese-American relations could be welcomed if it were not for the evident fact which alarms progressive world opinion—that Washington always makes a curtsy to China when anti-Soviet hysteria is fanned in China," it said.

The article noted the coincidence in time between the March 15 State Department announcement and the Chinese attack on Moscow on March 18.

Calley Jury, In 10th Day, Sets Map Study

FT. BENNING, Ga., March 26 (UPI).—The jury in the court-martial of Lt. William L. Calley jr. dampened speculation that it was near a verdict when it asked today for material with which to make a detailed study of the village of My Lai.

Moments after the six-officer jury began its tenth day of deliberations a request was sent out for five colored grease pencils for map use.

The jury apparently was ready to make a reconstruction of the infantry sweep through My Lai.

The jury must have a verdict by Monday or the judge will ask the reason why.

"It's a touchy matter," the judge, Col. Reid Kennedy, said yesterday. "I'm not sure just what I'll say to them. There really isn't any precedent for this. I don't know of any military jury that's ever taken so long."

Thieu Indicates He'll Run Again

LONG XUYEN, South Vietnam, March 26 (AP).—President Nguyen Van Thieu made clear today his intention to seek re-election this year by announcing a five-year rural economic development program for South Vietnam.

In a speech marking the first anniversary of his "land to the tiller" reform program, Mr. Thieu declared, "I have determined to bring peace to this country, peace in prosperity and freedom."

Mr. Thieu has not formally announced his candidacy for the Oct. 3 election.

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E. Pakistanis Battle Troops; Yahya Bans Mujib's Party

(Continued from Page 1)

fighting and a few hours later Dacca radio claimed that the province was under the full control of the authorities.

[The United News of India, in a dispatch from Shillong, the capital of Assam, said that about 200 East Pakistanis, including some unarmed members of the East Pakistani Rifles, had been chased across the border by troops, the Associated Press reported from New Dehli.

[Reports say that casualties in fighting in several towns were heavy on both sides. United News of India also reported that, according to sources in the Indian border city of Agartala, a railway bridge had been blown up and a railway station destroyed.

[The agency said that at Rajshahi, 125 miles north of Calcutta, troops shot their way into the local radio station, killing or arresting employees who offered resistance. It added that troops took over a college in the city after a bloody clash with the staff and students.

[At Jhinaidahs in the Jessore district, the agency said, troops opened fire on thousands of persons who had gathered to seize the local airfield. A large number of persons were reported killed in the same city when a crowd attacked the jail in an attempt to free persons arrested by martial-law authorities earlier in the day, the agency added.]

History of Resentment

Resentment in the eastern wing of the country against the more prosperous West which the easterners believe has received favored treatment from the central government, has for long threatened to split the country.

The crisis came to a head after major disorders in East Pakistan early this month and the breakdown of peace talks among President Yahya, Sheikh Mujib and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, the dominant political personality in the West.

The crisis flared into open fighting two days ago when 35 persons were reported to have been killed and more than 100 injured by troops in the Rangpur and Chittagong districts.

And unrest spread simultaneously in the West, where a curfew was clamped on the industrial town of Lyallpur after a day of clashes between leftist demonstrators and police.

In his broadcast tonight, President Yahya, a 54-year-old soldier-ruler who has pledged to restore Pakistan to civilian rule, said that events in the East had taken "a very serious turn."

He denounced Sheikh Mujib as a traitor and said that the Awami League, which won an overwhelming majority of seats in East Pakistan in the December National Assembly elections, would be completely banned.

Elected Government Aim

The president said that it was imperative that the situation should be brought under control as soon as possible. But he insisted that his aim was still to transfer power "to the elected representatives of the people."

"As soon as the situation permits, I will take fresh steps toward this objective," he declared.

But, "in view of the grave situation which exists in the country today, I have decided to ban all political activities throughout the country," the president said.

"As for the Awami League, this is completely banned as a political party. I have also decided to impose complete press censorship."

The president claimed that Sheikh Mujib had attacked the integrity of Pakistan and that "this crime will not go unpunished."

His voice rising with anger, the president said that he could not allow "power-hungry despots to destroy the country and play with the destinies of 120 million people.

The army, he said, had been ordered to "fully restore the authority of the government." But the president did not say what the troops were doing to achieve this objective or what opposition they were encountering. Entry by foreign correspondents into East Pakistan were blocked by censorship and martial-law restrictions.

U.S. Rail Line Asks to Retire The Cannonball

ROANOKE, Va., March 26 (UPI).—Another legend is passing from the American scene. The famed Wabash Cannonball is headed for the end of the line.

A spokesman for the Norfolk Western Railway said that the line will ask the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to drop the train, probably on May 1.

Routine approval is expected because the Cannonball's St. Louis-Detroit trip was not included in the national Railpax system uniting 85 percent of the metropolitan areas of the country. Not much is known about the Cannonball's early days, except that it was immortalized in song and verse since its first run back at the turn of the century.

MP Withdraws Drunk Charge

LONDON, March 26 (UPI).—A Labor member of Parliament today withdrew his allegation that the chief conservative whip, Francis Pym, was "disgracefully drunk" Wednesday night in the House of Commons.

Labor backbencher William Molloy made the move at the request of Selwyn Lloyd, speaker of the House.

"The allegation by Mr. Molloy was that it seemed to him—and I stress the word 'seemed'—that Mr. Pym was in a drunken condition," Mr. Lloyd told the House before today's session began.

He said he had studied both the official transcript of Wednesday's Commons session and the Erskine May Book of Parliamentary Rules, chief guideline for House protocol.

He said he had concluded Mr. Molloy's words "were unparliamentary, and I must ask him to

Meyer Lansky, Alleged Mafia Figure, Indicted

WASHINGTON, March 26 (UPI).—Meyer Lansky, the reputed financial brain behind the Mafia, was indicted yesterday on charges of illegal gambling activities in connection with the Flamingo Hotel in Las Vegas.

Mr. Lansky, 68, who recently moved to Tel Aviv from Miami Beach, four other persons and the Flamingo Co., a Nevada corporation which owned and operated the Flamingo Hotel from 1960 to 1967, were indicted in U.S. District Court in Miami, Attorney General John N. Mitchell announced.

They were charged on one count each of conspiring to engage in illegal gambling activity and to conceal and distribute proceeds from the hotel, both in violation of Nevada law.

Mr. Lansky was indicted by the same grand jury Wednesday on charges of contempt of court for refusing to testify before it on March 10 and 11. Neither offense is covered under the U.S.-Israeli extradition treaty.

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ANKARA	14	57	Cloudy
ATHENS	17	63	Rain
BEIRUT	18	64	Clear
BELGRADE	13	55	Sunny
BERLIN	6	43	Showers
BRUSSELS	4	39	Showers
BUDAPEST	13	54	Very cloudy
CAIRO	21	70	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	18	64	Sunny
COPENHAGEN	6	43	Cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	15	59	Sunny
DUBLIN	3	46	Showers
EDINBURGH	3	46	Rain
FLORENCE	11	52	Rain
FRANKFURT	8	46	Showers
GENEVA	—	—	Unavailable
HELSINKI	4	39	Very cloudy
ISTANBUL	5	41	Overcast
LAS PALMAS	19	66	Cloudy
LISBON	21	70	Sunny
LONDON	9	48	Cloudy
MADRID	15	59	Misty
MILAN	12	54	Cloudy
MONTREAL	0	32	Sunny
MOSCOW	3	37	Very cloudy
MUNICH	3	37	Overcast
NEW YORK	2	36	Cloudy
NICE	17	63	Cloudy
OSLO	1	34	Partly cloudy
PARIS	7	45	Rain
PRAGUE	9	48	Showers
ROME	14	57	Partly cloudy
SOFIA	9	48	Partly cloudy
STOCKHOLM	3	37	Overcast
TEL AVIV	22	72	Very dry
TUNIS	18	64	Cloudy
VENICE	5	41	Rain
VIENNA	6	43	Rain
WARSAW	9	48	Very cloudy
WASHINGTON	0	32	Snow
ZURICH	7	45	Very cloudy

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In Wake of SST Defeat

Jackson Warns Democrats Not to Alienate Workers

WASHINGTON, March 26 (UPI).—Sen. Henry M. Jackson, D., Wash., said today that Democrats must be careful not to alienate American workers, and suggested that the heavy Democratic vote in the Senate against the supersonic transport plane might hurt the party.

Sen. Jackson, a potential presidential candidate, said at the closing meeting of state Democratic chairmen planning strategy for the 1972 elections that many labor supporters of the Democratic party were becoming unhappy.

"The working people of this nation are not at war with ecology, but some people are mistakenly attacking them in the place where they work," Sen. Jackson said.

"In recent years, we've had a tendency to listen to those people with the loudest voices. Yet it has been the quiet worker who has been the backbone of this party."

His remarks were seen partially as a gibe at his potential senatorial rivals for the Democratic nomination who voted Wednesday against further federal funding for the SST.

Some 7,000 workers will be laid off shortly at the Boeing Co. plant in Seattle, where the plane was being built, the company said.

In the 51-46 Senate vote to cut off further funding for the plane, 34 Democrats voted to kill it, and 19 voted to keep it alive.

"We must appeal to a broad spectrum of the voting public in order to mark up a Democratic victory" in 1972, he said. "The party has received more than 50 percent of the votes cast in only one of the last six presidential elections. So this is no time to establish a platform of exclusion within Democratic ranks."

In Seattle, Boeing said yesterday that private citizens were sending checks and pledges of up to $1,000 to try to save the SST, but that the money would be returned.

"There is no way we can finance it this way," a Boeing spokesman said. "It's a lost cause."

Work went ahead on the SST mock-up briefly in Boeing's plant while the official notice of termination from the Department of Transportation was awaited. The notice arrived late yesterday, the spokesman said.

Japan Firm Denies Bid To Buy SST

TOKYO, March 26 (NYT).—[illegible] major Japanese trading firm, [illegible]taka & Co., is "interested" in [illegible]e supersonic transport program [illegible]ted down by the United States [illegible]nate two days ago, but not in [illegible]rms of buying the billion-dollar [illegible]oject, a company official said today.

The official, who asked not to be identified but said he was speaking for the company, said that "after all, we are a trading company, and we are interested in anything that might sound as it could be good business."

He said his company was approached ten days ago by an American—a person not in the airplane field but one with whom the company has had many business dealings and in whose word it had confidence. The American inquired whether, in the event that Congress voted down the SST, Ataka would be interested in recommending some Japanese manufacturers who might participate in a cooperative project to build the SST.

"Not to buy or manufacture the SST here, you understand," the official said, "just to participate in some way in the project—making parts for it, for instance. We were not sure whether any Japanese company had the interest to participate, or whether it had the requisite technology, but we were interested in exploring the idea. That was the reason for our cable to the State Department two days ago."

In the cable, the company told the State Department it was "extremely interested in the SST program" and added: "In the event a trade mission desires access to pertinent information regarding the program, what procedures will be required?"

"We are still waiting for a reply," the official said today.

The Ataka official denied that any sum of money had been mentioned and said that the report that it had offered $100 million to buy the project was groundless.

Ataka, founded in 1918, is one of Japan's larger trading companies. Capitalized at $28 million, it had profits of $5 million before taxes last year on a total turnover of $1,263 billion.

The Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry, which controls aircraft manufacturing in this country, said the ministry had no interest in taking over the SST project. "We are just beginning to develop the YX, a 350-seat passenger plane, and how could we possibly take on such a huge project as the SST?" official asked.

Germans Scoff at Reports

FRANKFURT, March 26 (AP). The three major West German aircraft manufacturers today scoffed at reports of interest in some rights to the Boeing supersonic transport.

"Have you heard of the Loch Ness monster?" a spokesman in Duesseldorf for Vereinigte Flug technische Werke-Fokker asked. "There is about as much chance here is about as much chance of our building the SST as your searching the monster."

The Economics Ministry in Bonn also denied the reports.

Kennedy Asserts U.S. Is Leaving Laos 'on Skids'

WASHINGTON, March 26 (UPI).—Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D., Mass., described the South Vietnamese invasion of Laos yesterday as "a nightmare" that has ended in a "humiliating retreat" with "America coming out of Laos on the skids."

Speaking to a meeting of Democratic state chairmen, Sen. Kennedy bitterly attacked the Nixon administration's conduct of the war.

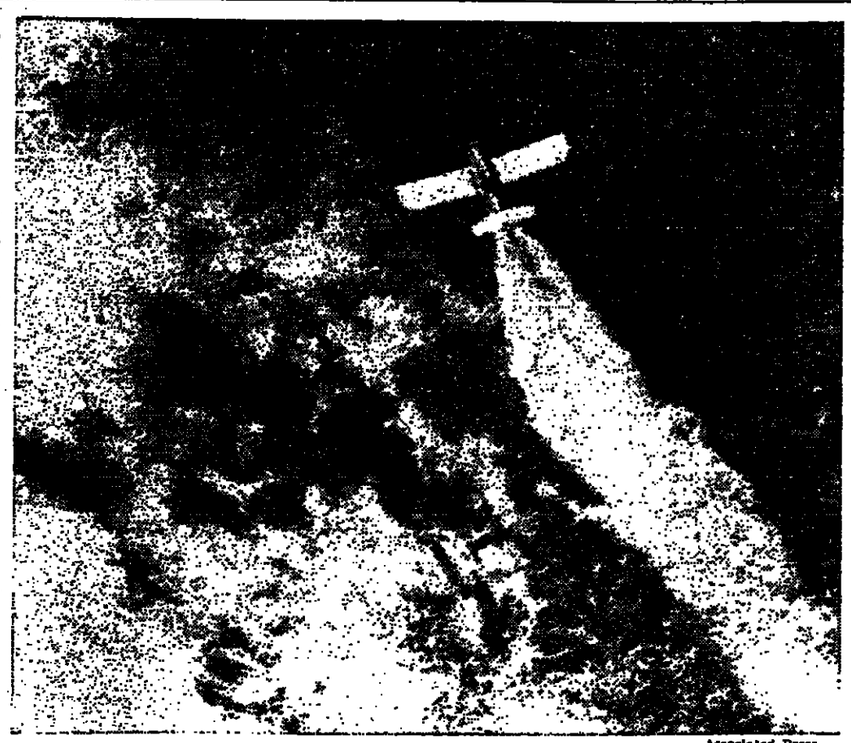
"For millions of American people," he said, the vision of the Laos operation is scores of American helicopters shot down, the highest American casualty rates in many weeks and American troops refusing a command to engage the enemy.

"Above all, the vision is of South Vietnamese soldiers in a deadly flight, desperately clawing for room on the skids of the American helicopters that could carry them to safety, while American airmen just as desperately push them back to the ground to wait for the next untattered and overloaded plane."

Hanoi Group in Peking

TOKYO, March 26 (AP).—A high-ranking North Vietnamese Communist party delegation headed by first secretary Le Duan arrived in Peking yesterday, a Peking broadcast announced.

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Associated Press

FLAME SNUFFER—A plane of the North Carolina Forest Service drops a load of fire fighting chemical on a section of burning timber just north of Stumpy Point, N.C. The huge fire burned more than 20,000 acres of young pines in the area after an Air Force marking device used in practice bombing runs ignited the grass on a nearby gunnery range. The grass fire spread and engulfed the forest.

In Congressional Black Caucus Meeting

Nixon Asked to Fund 1.1 Million Jobs

By Robert C. Maynard

WASHINGTON, March 26 (WP). — President Nixon was urged by the Congressional Black Caucus yesterday to create a federal public works program that would provide 1.1 million new jobs in the first year of its operation.

The job proposal was one of 60 recommendations "for the immediate relief of our communities," that the Caucus presented to Mr. Nixon at a meeting, the first held between the black members of Congress and a President.

"A federal job creation program in the public service fields must be adopted," the Caucus told the President, adding that it should provide 500,000 in its first six months and 600,000 in the second six-month period.

The Caucus said the program should be in addition to other job creation programs.

'Adequate Income System'

A second major recommendation is for a "guaranteed adequate income system" that would be much like the President's Family Assistance Program, but with a guarantee that no family's combination of federal assistance and wage income would be less than $6,500 a year.

[Today, the caucus set May 17 as the deadline for a response from Mr. Nixon on the proposals they handed him, UPI said. That day is the anniversary of the 1954 Supreme Court school desegregation decision.

[Rep. Parren Mitchell, D., Md., said Mr. Nixon told the delegation "two things that struck us profoundly—he said if I were you I would be doing the same thing . . . I would be over here fighting for the rights of black people." He said Mr. Nixon also "made the admission that black Americans have been and are being treated unfairly. We didn't have to tell him that."]

Other recommendations are:

● That the President support legislation to provide the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission with the power to compel employers of more than eight persons to "cease and desist" job discrimination after an administrative finding that such discrimination exists.

● That any revenue-sharing proposal advanced by the President include the assurance that amounts for programs to aid the poor be included; that neighborhood and community units participate in the planning for expenditures; that the funds be spent in a manner that conforms to the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and that it include incentives to localities to adopt progressive forms of taxation.

● That a new independent, quasi-public agency with a budget of $1 billion be created to assist the development of minority business.

● That the Office of Economic Opportunity remain as an "advocate agency" for the poor and that the $116 million proposed reduction in the fiscal 1972 budget be restored.

● That the OEO Legal Services program be protected from veto at the state or local level or—failing that—a new National Legal Services Corporation replace it.

● That the President release $150 million in supplemental funds for public housing available in the fiscal 1971 budget.

● That the President implement the Uniform Relocation Act to "insure an adequate stock of low and moderate income housing for displaced persons."

● That the President declare drug abuse and addiction a major health crisis and use all means at his disposal to halt the flow of hard drugs into the United States.

● That Mr. Nixon appoint blacks as judges and U.S. attorneys. "We note with considerable concern you have appointed only one black judge outside the District of Columbia," the Caucus said.

Order by U.S. Supreme Court Encourages Rights Groups

By John P. MacKenzie

WASHINGTON, March 26 (WP).—An order by the Supreme Court in an Arkansas case has given civil rights groups encouragement over prospects for a favorable ruling in the major school desegregation cases that have been pending since last year.

On Monday, the court ordered school officials in Little Rock to stop construction on improvements to a junior high school in a white neighborhood until the courts rule on a citywide desegregation plan.

The issue in Little Rock — whether Negroes should bear the entire burden for school desegregation by having to take buses into white neighborhoods—is raised also in the pending high court cases.

In six cases from Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina, the Supreme Court is considering what steps school boards may or must take—such as busing, school pairing and redrawing school boundaries—to achieve nonracial systems. Civil rights advocates contend that school busing, long used to keep the races apart, must be used to dismantle formerly segregated systems but that both races must share the burden.

More Negroes

Both the school board and the NAACP Legal Defense Fund agree that Henderson Junior High School would be open to more Negroes than ever before upon completion of $350,000 worth of added classroom construction.

But the school's location in mostly white northwest Little Rock meant that blacks could attend only through extensive busing from their Negro neighborhoods — putting the burden of desegregation exclusively on the black children.

The Negroes' lawyers are asking the court to approve new construction near the border of black and white neighborhoods to provide maximum desegregation with minimum busing.

A federal judge in Little Rock suggested, but refused to order, that the school board delay the project. The Eighth U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals agreed to issue an injunction but, by a 3-to-3 tie vote, it conditioned the injunction on the posting by blacks of a $25,000 bond to reimburse the school board for any costly delays if the school board won.

Bond Becomes Issue

When the Legal Defense Fund took the case to the Supreme Court, the issue had narrowed down to the question of the requirement of bond for those unable to afford it. But in the motion filed by director-counsel Jack Greenberg, the LDF stressed that the injunction matter depended in part on the court's view of the underlying merits.

Such interim court orders are relatively rare and do not give a hint of the Supreme Court's attitude on all the issues. However, the civil rights lawyers were encouraged to hope for at least a partial ultimate victory later this spring.

Lady Luck Traps A Check Thief

BALTIMORE, March 26 (AP).—Robert Hughes, 26, picked the wrong place to cash a stolen check.

He waited two days, then drove across town to cash the $100 retirement-disability check, made out to Ben Smith, in a liquor store. Not only did the owner know Mr. Smith, 56, but the intended recipient happened to be in the store at the time.

Hughes was sentenced to five years in prison Wednesday for the offense.

Agnew More Popular When Out of Sight

NEW YORK, March 26 (AP).—A Harris Poll says that Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew's standing with the voters improved slightly recently "after he became less prominent in the news."

The latest survey gave Mr. Agnew a 42-percent positive job rating, with 47 percent negative and 11 percent unsure, Louis Harris reported yesterday.

Mr. Agnew's rating in a Harris Poll last October was 40-50-10. It hit a low of 39-45-16 last September and a high of 47-42-18 in February 1970.

U.S. Costs Freeze In Building Asked

WASHINGTON, March 26 (AP-DJ).—Some members of a government commission recommended to President Nixon today that he issue an executive order imposing a wage-price "stabilization plan" in the construction industry.

They also asked reinstatement of the Davis-Bacon Act that sets prevailing wages on federally aided construction projects.

Secretary of Labor James D. Hodgson said Mr. Nixon has indicated he will look "with favor" on their recommendation. Union leaders said today they would not disobey any action imposed by executive order.

Mr. Hodgson said the recommendation was made by the public sector members of the Construction Industry Collective Bargaining Commission. He said building trades union leaders had indicated they were "unable to produce an acceptable agreement or plan to reduce inflationary trends in that industry."

FBI Got Copy Of Boy Scout Letter to Reds

Note to Embassy On Russian Camping

By Fred P. Graham

WASHINGTON, March 26 (NYT).—Files stolen from the FBI disclose that copies of letters mailed to the Soviet Embassy here by persons who wish to visit the Soviet Union can find their way into FBI dossiers.

That was what happened to Thomas E. Ingerson, 32 a Boy Scout leader in Moscow, Idaho, who plans to lead his six-boy troop of Explorer Scouts on a camping tour of Russia this summer.

On Nov. 4 he wrote a letter to the Russian Embassy, saying that his troop wished to visit camps of Russian Pioneer and Komsomol youth groups. His letter contained nothing more subversive than the remark that his troop would not "travel like bourgeois tourists."

But documents that were stolen on March 8 from the FBI office in Media, Pa., and that have been widely distributed by the thieves, who call themselves the Citizens Commission to Investigate the FBI, include a copy of Mr. Ingerson's letter.

Travel Service Had It

Asked by telephone how his letter might have found its way into the files of a small FBI office outside Philadelphia, Mr. Ingerson replied that he has no idea. He did say that the Russian Embassy had not answered his letter but had forwarded it to a Philadelphia travel agency, the Astro Travel Service.

Astro replied for the Russians in a letter dated Nov. 30, saying that it handles travel inquiries for the Soviet Embassy, Mr. Ingerson said.

Reached at his Philadelphia office by telephone, the owner of the Astro Travel Service, William Nezowy, said the Soviet Embassy sends his agency "a considerable number," of the travel inquiries that it receives from Americans. He said he handled about 700 of these last year, together with similar letters from U.S. citizens to the embassies of Hungary, Poland and Czechoslovakia.

Mr. Nezowy said he had no idea how a letter referred from the Russian Embassy to his agency might have reached the files of the FBI office in Media. Asked if he or any of his five employees could be feeding copies of letters to the FBI, he said: "God, no!"

Mr. Ingerson, an associate professor of physics at the University of Idaho, said that he had not been reached by the FBI or anyone other than the Astro Travel Service about his letter. When told that a copy of his letter had been pilfered from FBI files, he exclaimed: "My purpose in writing that letter was utterly innocent." He said that he was "an apolitical person."

In Chester, Pa. Muhammad Kenyatta, a black militant leader who was mentioned in some of the stolen documents, said that he received "considerably more information" than had been published so far in a packet sent to him by the self-styled Citizens Commission.

He said that he received copies of all of the documents that were sent to The New York Times, The Washington Post and some members of Congress, plus considerably more.

Mr. Kenyatta said that the distribution appeared to have been substantially wider than this. He said that before the story broke in the daily press, several underground newspapers had published some of the material contained in the packet that he received. He added that he did not know who the Citizen Commission members were.

Spain Sentences 11 Seized as Communists

MADRID, March 26 (AP).—The National Court of Public Order, which handles political cases in Spain, today sentenced 11 men to prison terms ranging from six months to two years and four months after finding them guilty of illegal association. Ten other men were acquitted on the same charges.

They were arrested last year on charges of belonging to the outlawed Communist party in Posadas in Cordoba Province.

40-Year-Old Tradition

Annual Auto-Model Changes On Way Out in U.S. Industry

DETROIT, March 26 (AP).—A growing trend indicates that making annual model changes, a 40-year-old tradition in the U.S. auto industry, is losing its importance and may be headed for the junkyard.

The latest evidence of the trend came yesterday when Ford Motor Co. said it plans to make fewer and less substantial changes in coming years.

"Superior styling will continue to be a major factor in car sales, but our customers are increasingly interested in reliability, safety, utility and economy more than in styling novelty," board chairman Henry Ford 2d and president Lee A. Iacocca said in a letter to stockholders.

"In future years, we plan to change the design of our North American products less frequently and less extensively."

Other auto makers, also pressured by mounting costs, increasingly stringent safety regulations and rising consumer sophistication, have been seeking to deemphasize styling changes.

When General Motors Corp. unveiled its subcompact Vega last year, it advertised that the car would look the same in 1975 as it did in 1970.

"The Model T lasted virtually unchanged for 19 years," said Mr. Ford in introducing the little Pinto. "With that in mind, I felt we should try to accomplish the same objective with the Pinto."

David Healy, an automobile analyst for Argus Research Corp. in New York, said he believes the days of annual model changes are numbered.

Safety Rules a Factor

"It frankly would stretch their resources," Mr. Healy said, for the auto makers to attempt to meet new safety standards as well as continue extensive model changes.

James Roche, General Motors chairman, has estimated the cost of model changes at $100 to $150 a car. Others have placed the cost as high as $700 a car.

"I don't know that we see the end of the annual model change as we've known it in the past," he said recently. "I think, like everything else, there are changes occurring which may switch the emphasis in model changes."

Mr. Healy suggested that while the model change may be around for some time, it may be confined largely to reworking the sheet metal rather than redesigning whole cars.

Chrysler Corp. reportedly has cut back heavily on its tooling orders for 1972 models as part of an announced cutback in capital investment. Its president, John Riccardo, says the firm plans to cut down on the number of different models and options although no plans have been announced to cut back on model changes.

Another factor is foreign competition. Most foreign models are revised infrequently and only when major engineering changes are made. The design of the Volkswagen, for instance, has remained basically unchanged for 35 years.

Progress Is Seen On Cooperation In Anti-Pollution

PARIS, March 26 (UPI).—Officials of the world's leading industrial nations said today that progress is being made on setting up an "early warning system" to coordinate action against pollution of the environment.

Christian Herter jr., the U.S. Department of State's special assistant for environmental affairs, said at a press conference that he hoped the system would go into operation this year among the 22 members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Mr. Herter, chairman of the OECD's environment committee, said the procedure would be voluntary. As an example of the sort of complication it was designed to avoid he cited the U.S. ban on some uses of DDT that had international repercussions or its sudden decision to ban the use of cyclamates in soft drinks.

He also cited Sweden, which banned the import of hormone-fed beef—a decision made without giving other countries "a chance to find out the scientific basis of this decision and act accordingly."

Jaguar Reports 'Clean' Engine

PALM SPRINGS, Calif., March 26 (WP).—In the most optimistic statement on automobile-caused air pollution to date by a vehicle manufacturer, a Jaguar engineer said yesterday "we think we have got the answer" to meeting 1975 and 1976 pollution standards in the United States.

Harry Mundy, executive director and assistant chief engineer of the British Leyland Motor Corp. unit, told newsmen here that a new V-12M engine it is introducing next month "fully meets 1972 standards" and with minor modifications is capable of meeting 1974 requirements.

He said that either a thermal reactor or a chemical catalyst under development at Jaguar research, or perhaps a combination, can do the job.

Bomb Hoax Detours GI Plane to Ireland

SHANNON, Ireland, March 26 (AP).—An airliner with 219 U.S. Army personnel and dependents aboard made an emergency landing at Shannon Airport early today because of a bomb scare.

The plane, a DC-8 of Overseas National Airlines, was over the Atlantic 300 miles west of Ireland when a radio message from U.S. Air Force headquarters in West Germany called it back.

The message said that an anonymous phone call had warned that a bomb was aboard timed to go off at 0200 GMT. But no bomb was found when the plane was searched.

U.S. Expert Sees Seas Imperiled By Technology

LA JOLLA, Calif., March 26 (AP). — The director of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography says that man-made changes of the environment threaten the world's oceans and warns that Egypt's Aswan Dam may turn the Mediterranean into a Dead Sea.

"I am greatly concerned by the possible effect of the Aswan Dam on the Mediterranean Sea as the River Nile no longer will be a major source of nutrient for the sea," Dr. William A. Nierenberg said yesterday.

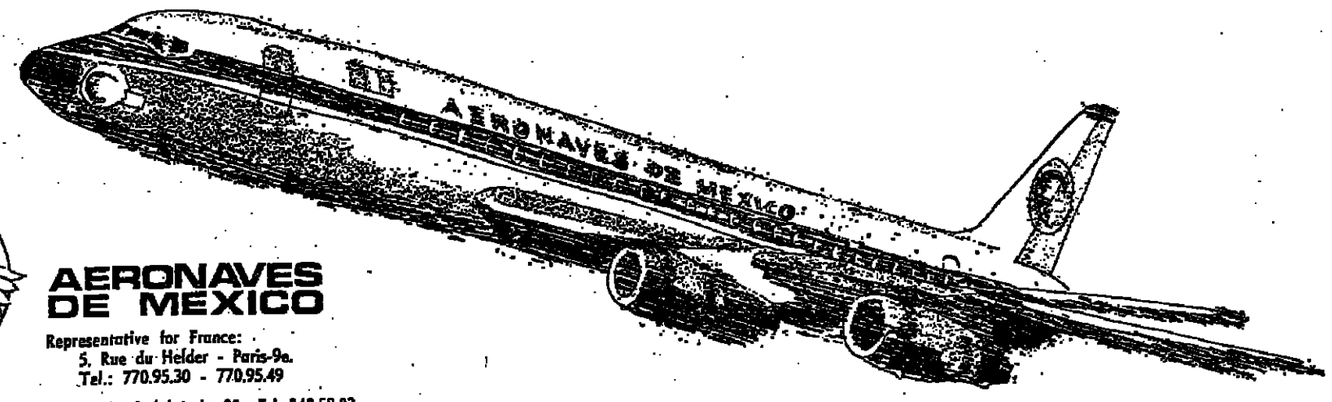
The Mediterranean needs nutrients to keep its marine community alive, he explained, and the dam has reduced them to the point that the fish population may be decimated.

Work to divert the flow of three Siberian rivers for irrigation purposes in the Soviet Union "could permanently alter" the weather in the Arctic regions and elsewhere in the world, he said in an interview.

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PUBLICIDAD ILAVE

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, March 27-28, 1971 * *

Congress and Middle East

The interests of the United States, of Israel and of world peace will be well served if Secretary of State Rogers's extraordinary meeting with the Senate Thursday prompts critics of State Department policy on the Middle East to re-examine their own premises.

Senator Javits, for example, has charged that Secretary of State Rogers is indulging in irrelevant 19th-century diplomacy in thinking that Israel's security could be guaranteed by the great powers rather than by defensible geographical boundaries. It is Mr. Javits, however, who ignores modern realities in suggesting that geography can be equated with security in the nuclear-missile age. Peace—not territory—is the primary requirement, as David Ben-Gurion, Israel's first premier, has observed.

No amount of territorial acquisition could secure Israel's vulnerable cities and industries against the long-range missiles which may sooner or later fly in the Middle East if a lasting settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict is not achieved. Even the limited but substantive territorial changes that Israeli leaders have so far demanded could not become the "secure and recognized" borders that Israel justly seeks.

An Israeli enclave at Sharm-el-Sheikh would never be recognized by Egyptian nationalists for long, even if the present Egyptian government could somehow be compelled to retreat from its demand for the recovery of all lost territories. Such an enclave, far removed from Israel proper, would be highly vulnerable to attack from Sinai or from across the Gulf of Suez, even if the Israelis could retain a substantial corridor on the Gulf of Aden.

A better hope for peace in Sinai and security for shipping in the strait lies, as Secretary Rogers has argued, in the establishment of a United Nations presence at Sharm el-Sheikh—and in Sinai—that could not be removed at whim and that included at least a token big-power presence to discourage any temptation to try to displace it by force.

The best way to reduce Soviet influence and to promote American interests in the area, to safeguard Israel's survival and to avert a big-power confrontation that would be disastrous for everyone is to press for peace in accordance with the Security Council resolution of Nov. 22, 1967, backed by strong international guarantees. This is what Secretary Rogers has been trying to do.

The apparent suspension of Ambassador Jarring's peace efforts at the United Nations and reported military preparations in Egypt add urgency to the secretary of state's plea for congressional support.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Perverting the Geneva Protocol

Sen. Frank Church has chosen the lesser of two evils in proposing that the Senate Foreign Relations Committee send back to the White House for "clarification" the Geneva protocol banning chemical and biological weapons.

To delay further in ratifying the protocol, which the United States sponsored at Geneva in 1925—45 years ago—and which other major powers have ratified, would be to perpetuate a national disgrace.

But it would be even more disgraceful for the Senate to pervert the protocol by ratifying the document as the administration has presented it—with the "understanding" that it does not forbid the use of tear gas and herbicides. This interpretation is completely at odds with the views of the majority of nations as expressed in a resolution adopted by an 80-to-3 vote of the United Nations General Assembly in 1969.

The Federation of American Scientists has succinctly observed that the administration's reservations on the Geneva protocol are "highly questionable legally, absurd politically, repugnant morally, and foolish strategically." In attempting to justify the continuing use of tear gas and herbicides in Vietnam, where these loathsome weapons appear to have had only marginal military utility at best, the White House has invited the censure of the world. It has risked undermining the barrier against more lethal chemicals which American statesmen wisely sought to erect at Geneva after World War I had exposed the full horror of gas warfare.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Furious Farmers

Europe's farmers are mainly elderly, mainly inefficient, and their children are mainly inclined to let the land go and seek other work when their parents die. Natural wastage is probably as good a method of reducing the problem as anything Dr. Mansholt will devise, and it is cheap. It is still true, nevertheless, that the common agricultural policy produces results which are inefficient and objectionable. When the farmers have got their way—as they will—and when the negotiations for enlarging the Community are over the Six or the Ten will have to stop tinkering with a bad policy and start constructing a good one.

—From The Guardian (London).

Death of the SST

The decision of the U.S. Congress has a much deeper meaning than the rejection of a major industrial project. It means that the Americans: (1) Rebel against untrammeled scientific progress and the dangers involved for the world by the destruction of natural balance; (2) Desire to have the order of national priorities modified, even if U.S. prestige is to suffer from this. For President Nixon this is a serious personal defeat. And Concorde? The anti-SST congressmen are very likely to introduce bills banning the Franco-British aircraft from American airports. Concorde is thus likely to be the next victim from the American Congress's revolt against certain technological developments.

—From France-Soir (Paris).

* * *

In abandoning a great project for reasons in which technical arguments are far from being predominant, the United States has not—regardless of what is being said by those who are ready to use any argument—condemned the Concorde. To the contrary, they have given the Franco-British undertaking a new dimension. The Concorde is indispensable.

—From La Nation (Paris).

* * *

A continuation of this project could have involved not just the United States, but the whole world, in an ecological price we are not in a position to pay, either now or in the future. But Planet Earth is not out of the woods yet. According to an American television report, Japan's aviation industry is interested in picking up the SST pieces for 10 cents on the dollar. This would seem to be good business acumen on the part of the Japanese, but it is doubtful that the U.S. taxpayer, having forfeited both his huge cash investment and most probably America's leading place in world aviation, would acquiesce quietly to such a sale.

—From the Bangkok Post.

* * *

Logically, the "death" of the SST should lead to a bright future for the Concorde, which should be assured of a sufficient longevity to be amortized. Yet [French aerospace director] Henri Ziegler on Wednesday welcomed the verdict of the American Senate with regret, and Jean-Jacques Servan-Schreiber declared in clear terms that the Concorde is condemned.

—From Combat (Paris).

The French Elections

The fact that, in a majority of the 193 French cities with a population of over 30,000, the elections boiled down to duels between two parties—the government majority and the leftist opposition—is a proof of the evident progress in the process of polarization of the political forces in France. Now the main problem facing the French opposition will be whether it succeeds in maintaining the present unity and, particularly, whether the present local elections will stimulate talks between the Communists and the Socialists.

The problem is all the more important for the left wing, as Gaullists are also endeavoring to take advantage of the local elections to expand their influence beyond Gaullist strongholds.

—From Slowo Powszechne (Warsaw).

Labor in Britain

How can a country which finds itself in such a precarious situation have production constantly crippled by strikes? There they switch off the power without any consideration, the country is plunged into darkness as though it were in the midst of war. There, for weeks on end, no mail is delivered. On the backs of the economy and the people a test of power is staged which has brought advantage to no one, but no one. The union bosses are the real masters of the country. The unionized country has been long established everywhere. But in England it is being driven to death.

—From the Frankfurter Allgemeine.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

March 27, 1896

PARIS—It is now certain that an afternoon service will be instituted between Paris and London by way of Boulogne early in June. A train will leave Paris and also London at about 3.30 or 4 p.m. daily, arriving at either destination at about 11.30 p.m. It will carry first, second and third-class passengers and also a certain amount of light "quick-traffic" parcels.

Fifty Years Ago

March 27, 1921

DUBLIN—The death toll this week, resulting from organized violence in Ireland, has been the heaviest since the Easter rebellion of 1916. About 80 persons, including servants of the Crown, armed Republicans and innocent persons, have lost their lives within six days. Events of the past week have led up to growing demands for a truce.



'How Could Any Country So Rich Be Having a Recession?'

The Bean and the Pill

By C. L. Sulzberger

BOGOTA, Colombia.—This nation's greatest short-range problem would be solved if every American housewife brewed twice as many cups of coffee and its greatest long-range problem would be solved if every Colombian housewife took the Pill. However, since neither event is likely to occur, a time of trouble looms.

The coffee bean and the birth control pill are at the root of almost each basic issue. Consciously they affect the tiny elite at the apex of the social structure and unconsciously they mold the lives of those either too young or too poor to benefit from formal schooling.

No matter what his political credo, every Colombian agrees that coffee could be the panacea of most national ills if only the United States—and above all the U.S. Congress—would wake up and buy this producing country's crop.

U.S. legislators are held responsible for doling out short-term import commitments and holding down prices. U. S. policy is seen as artificially encouraging African nations to cultivate coffee and ruin what's left of the market. Colombian politicians argue that the only product whose U.S. price falls to rise is coffee. Thank heavens the Russians and Chinese are tea-drinkers!

Mrs. FDR's Role

Former President Alberto Lleras Camargo says that Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt started the trend during World War II by telling American women to brew twice as many cups from each pound: that, during the 1950s, Sen. Gillette forced down the price of Colombian coffee by 50 percent. One is told the wrecking job was completed by the invention of instant solubles which insure against the slightest bit of waste—or taste.

This cafein-stained bias argues that Washington has abandoned former free-trade concepts, to Colombia's detriment. "Washington" here means more the U.S. Congress than the administration. Says Lleras: "Nixon presents policy well but Congress doesn't apply it." Less generous critics insist: "We expected Nixon to stick by his pledges of more trade, less aid. All we get is less trade—and less aid."

Even President Pastrana Borrero insists: "Your public opinion must be made to understand the effects on our economy of even a slight change in coffee prices." But how the American housewife can be induced to change her habits in order to support the booming Colombian birth-rate is not explained.

It is surely hard to persuade U. S. women to double their coffee intake and boost the price when Colombian women remain unpersuaded by the logic of birth control. Pastrana says the annual population growth rate is 3.1 percent. Lleras says it is 3.6 percent. Either is staggeringly high.

Lleras concedes: "It is a frightening problem and religion is a complicating factor. Priests can help out on birth control only unofficially because the church hierarchy opposes them and the government doesn't dare intercede. In ten years' time we will have one million people hitting the labor force annually and these people simply cannot be absorbed."

The relatively small percentage of intelligentsia adduces flip rebuttals: that young priests favor radical reform and are gaining influence; that the church itself is losing power; that both in society's top and bottom levels marriage is gradually losing favor. Nevertheless, a spate of babies continues to be born.

The combination of sagging economic prospects, a population flood that exceeds any visible capacities to meet with minimal social, health and housing measures, plus an inadequate educational system, points only to danger. And this country has gone through frightful bloody periods in the past.

Right now it is governed by a sort of collaboration between the two official parties but their arrangement ends in 1974. Before the truce began in 1957 Colombia had experienced a brief military dictatorship. Before that was a period known as "the violence," during which tens of thousands were slaughtered.

A veneer of tranquillity exists today despite festering hinterland patches where pro-Soviet, pro-Castro and pro-Mao guerrillas claim toeholds. The entire country is under a state of siege, with armed police and troops guarding sensitive points since university student riots at Cali early this month.

Nevertheless, these are but minor symptoms, surface hints of a far deeper crisis yet to come—unless the women of both countries, the U. S. and Colombia, suddenly decide to change their way of life. Improbable, to say the least.

Divided Command in Saigon

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—Nothing is harder to conduct than coalition warfare with divided counsel and command. This cost the Allies hundreds of thousands of lives in the two World Wars, when the separate nations could not agree on who had the decisive voice on the battlefield, and it is clear from the recent operations in Laos that the United States and South Vietnam are now running into that dangerous problem in the final phase of the war.

It is clear from the private testimony of top U.S. military and civilian officials that South Vietnam invaded Laos with about half the troops available to the enemy. Gen. Abrams, the U.S. commander, wanted them to commit a much stronger force, and remain longer in the battle, but President Thieu of South Vietnam chose a different course.

This is probably only a foretaste of unavoidable problems ahead. The more responsibility Saigon takes for the conduct of the war, the more it will want to determine the strategy. As President Nixon has made clear, he will, of course, insist on retaining control over where and when and in what numbers U.S. planes and airmen are used. But by the same token, President Thieu will insist, as he did in Laos, on deciding how many men to use and when to advance or withdraw.

Approach to Candor

For a while, the White House and the U.S. military officials in Saigon were giving the impression that the withdrawal from Laos, a vital month before the coming of the monsoon rains, had all gone "according to plan," but lately the Pentagon has been taking a more candid and believable line, at least in private.

Secretary of Defense Laird, for example, told reporters on Capitol Hill that the invasion of Laos was cut short because of "the tremendously vicious and violent reaction on the part of the North Vietnamese, and also the fact that the South Vietnamese feel that they have carried out a primary objective of the operation—that is, to disrupt the logistics supply routes."

This is a much more reasonable explanation of the adventure than the optimistic official reports out of Washington and Saigon just a week or so ago, but it doesn't tell as much as officials here are now saying in private conversation.

First, it is conceded here now that somebody—whether the American or South Vietnamese command is not clear—underestimated the strength of the enemy forces in the area. Nixon said on television early in the invasion that the North Vietnamese would have to stand and fight or face the prospect of having their supply routes cut.

Even before Hanoi demonstrated that it was willing to accept the battle, despite the overwhelming air power of the United States, Gen. Abrams urged President Thieu to be sure he was going in with enough men to drive across Laos to the westernmost trails.

When the North Vietnamese did put up stiffer resistence than expected and also demonstrated that the U.S. helicopter fleet was vulnerable to mass gunfire from the ground, Abrams tried again to get the Saigon leaders to rush in many more troops than Thieu thought advisable. So the battle was broken off, not without achieving some of its objectives, but clearly without realizing the Pentagon's hopes.

Each Blames Other

For one thing, given another month and deeper penetration into Laos, it had been planned to seed most of the trails with all kinds of concealed explosives that would have hampered the continued use of these supply routes even after the end of the monsoon rains. Some of this, of course, was done, but not nearly to the extent Gen. Abrams wanted.

The result is that while both Washington and Saigon are claiming, no doubt with some justification, that they have interrupted the enemy supplies, killed over 13,000 of the foe, and gained time for the continued withdrawal of American forces, both allied camps are more disappointed than they let on in public, and each is now tending to blame the other for not doing more.

Thus, reports out of Saigon have South Vietnamese officers complaining that the U.S. could have committed more air power—though at one time more than 1,000 U.S. aircraft of various kinds were engaged in a single day. And officers here are complaining that with more men and determination the South Vietnamese could have done more with what is probably the best chance they are likely to have to cripple the enemy with massive air support.

Nevertheless, this is what usually happens when there is no unified command and when the sacrifices of one ally are much greater than the casualties of the other. The U.S. official casualty list is a little over 50 Americans killed in the invasion; the official South Vietnamese count is 1,146 South Vietnamese killed and 345 missing.

Even within the ranks of the American expeditionary force, there are complaints of unequal sacrifices, for the burden is now falling on the U.S. Air Force, while the Army is holding the line and otherwise engaged in less risky assignments.

Nor is there much likelihood that the future will correct the problem of divided commands. For while Washington and Saigon may for the moment have a common objective, the more Nixon pulls out of South Vietnam, the less he will have to say about what goes on there. As he approaches the U.S. presidential election of 1972, the more eager he is likely to be to reduce his forces; but as President Thieu approaches the South Vietnamese presidential election of September 1971, the less he is likely to want to risk a military disaster. In fact officials here have reasons for believing that this was very much in President Thieu's mind when, faced with stiff resistance from the enemy and advice from Gen. Abrams to commit more troops to the battle, he chose to minimize his risks and withdraw.

New Harvard President

Derek Bok's Education

By Anthony Lewis

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Some undergraduates invited Harvard's president-elect to tea the other day, and he went. That may not sound like news. At this university, after 30 years of presidential remoteness from students, it is.

Derek Bok, preparing to take over from Nathan Pusey in July, has quietly begun to make a new presence felt at Harvard. He decided not to move into the president's official residence, in the college yard, because he and his wife thought it an inappropriate place to bring up their children. Instead they will live a short distance away in a neighborhood on the other side of Harvard Square.

In a hideaway at the Law School, of which he was dean, Bok is trying to think about the problems of the great private university before they overwhelm him. And he is accepting student invitations: tea with eight or ten in a Harvard house, dinner at Radcliffe, just talk.

"They've heard I'm accessible," he says, "and they're testing me out."

Concern Remains

What he is learning in those conversations may give an insight into student attitudes of interest to others than college presidents. For while the excesses of emotion and irrationality have dropped off here, as elsewhere at American universities, the concern remains—concern about education and about this country.

The war, for example.

"I don't know about other places," Bok says, "but Vietnam is still the dominant public issue here. I do not think the concern has gone away to any extent. There is just bewilderment about what to do, and frustration.

"The students feel no response from the government in terms of human life. They hear about military considerations and withdrawal rates, not about the number of people being killed in Indochina. They get back from Washington an insensitivity to the human cost of what we are doing."

One question students bring up is to what extent a university president can and should take positions on public matters. Bok says "they want to be part of an institution whose officers speak out on grave moral issues."

That is not exactly a self-executing formula, and some people in Cambridge suspect it will be the hardest test for Derek Bok. He is inevitably, doubtless unfairly, compared with his friend Kingman Brewster of Yale, who has spoken out so strongly on Vietnam and other issues. The indications are that Bok is by nature a much less committed person.

But the students talk more with him about educational policy than politics. One thing of which Bok is already convinced is that Harvard will more and more have to carry the burden of justifying teaching methods and content to students: "It won't work anymore, teaching students in ways whose significance they cannot see."

Assumptions are going to have to be examined. One of them, Bok thinks, is the whole pattern of American education in terms of time—12 years of school, then four of college and more of graduate school.

Questions

Bok sees all kinds of questions in that area: should young people take time off to work before or during college, to reduce the risk of boredom from continuous schooling and give them a clearer notion of why they are at college? Should you shorten the period of education at one stage in people's lives and then bring them back later, when their minds would welcome refreshment? Should undergraduate and graduate years be somewhat compressed together?

He is convinced from experience that law students, at least, tend to be bored and unsatisfied as they near the end of their 19 years of education. But Bok thinks the problem is hard to answer within the universities because part of it lies outside.

"One reason they remain students," he says, "is that they don't see what there is of real value to do afterward. They hold out against a life of routine work or meaningless money-making.

"The law student, for instance, does not want to be just a gun for hire. Half the law students, if you asked them what they want to do, say they want to practice poverty law or consumer law or something like that, but there simply are not that many opportunities. It is up to society to provide a way for students to go on expressing their idealism in life."

Letters

Our Modest Reviewers

In one of your recent editions (March 6) your art reviewer for Rome, Mrs. Edith Schloss, reported with great modesty that an exhibition of her work, oil paintings, watercolors and drawings, would take place in the Gallery of the American Academy in Rome. Her position, she wrote, could not permit her to act "as critic" on her own behalf. I believe that the Roman art community owes Mrs. Schloss a public recognition of her achievements as an artist, which are not less creative than her literary expressions. There is a joyous mood of spring and airiness in her work, which moves it from the intellectual involvements of many contemporary works into the sphere of the poetic and often idyllic, reminiscent of Dufy. It is a pleasure to report that the show has been a distinct success.

H. S. GUNDERSHEIMER,
Director of the Tyler School of Art in Rome of Temple University.
Rome.

Medicaid Abroad

Medicare claims billed abroad are not honored at all. This is wrong. We must pay income tax to the U.S. wherever we live on our taxable interests, dividends and pensions from private sources after the usual exemptions and deductions. Then we are double-taxed for the privilege of being a resident, but in case of sickness our contributions to Medicare do not help in providing some relief for the cost. If one stops the voluntary premiums on the Part-2 program to Medicare insurance, then any re-enrollment is possible within three years only. Assuming one keeps up the Medicare insurance and returns for treatment to the U.S.A., the Medicare protection is granted from the first day on arrival, but only then if one establishes a new residence. This is O.K. for those visitors returning to their still existing home, but how does the oft retired pensioner fulfil those terms? An adjustment should be made by those responsible for the Medicare program for us citizens abroad.

HENRY LEHMANN
Lugano, Switzerland.

Memory Lane

Remember when U.S. Presidents had but one image to give to their country—their own?

HELENE PELL LOOMIS.
San Feliu de Guixols, Spain.

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الكفاح الاصيل

EEC Leader Rebuts U.S. on Farm Prices

Says It Can Be Glad Raises Weren't Higher

By Richard Norton-Taylor

BRUSSELS, March 26 (WP).—Sicco Mansholt, the top Common Market executive commissioner responsible for agriculture, today hit out at American criticism of the market's protective farm policy.

He was speaking at a press conference following yesterday's decision to grant price increases, together with farm modernization incentives, to farmers throughout the six-nation organization.

The United States, worried about its own farm exports, is viewing the price increases with some concern. Under Common Market rules, domestic prices are directly reflected in import levies.

Social Problems

Asked how he thought third countries, especially the United States, would react to these latest price hikes—ranging from 1 to 6 percent—Mr. Mansholt insisted that they should take into account the social problems of Europe's farming community.

"These countries can be happy that they were not much greater," he said of the price increases.

Mr. Mansholt pointed out that it was the European Commission which had proposed multinational discussions on farm price policies during the Kennedy Round of trade negotiations. "We cannot accept these attacks," he said. If the United States wanted to have a free hand in price policy, the Common Market also was free, he said.

The United States has consistently criticized the market's high-priced, protectionist farm policy and recently complained to the EEC executive commission about the new proposals for price increases.

Freeze Likely

However, Mr. Mansholt said that if current negotiations succeeded and the Common Market was enlarged in 1973 to include Britain, Ireland and Denmark—all relatively efficient farm producers—a freeze on agricultural prices was very likely.

Most farm prices in these three countries are much lower than those in the Common Market Six.

Mr. Mansholt stressed that in the future, special income subsidies should be introduced to help the smaller farmers in the poorer regions of the Common Market. Up to now, under the market's common farm policy, price levels alone have determined the income of the agricultural population.



Associated Press.

NO DAMAGE—Smoke roaring into the air Tuesday as the 5,550-foot volcano Mount Bagana erupted on Bougainville, one of the Solomon Islands. There are no villages in the area and no danger reported.

500 Soviet Jews Said to Go To Israel, Half of 1970 Total

MOSCOW, March 26 (AP).—More than 500 Soviet Jews emigrated to Israel in the first 22 days of March, diplomatic sources reported today.

This indicated that altogether about 700 Jews have left the Soviet Union this year, only 300 less than the total of such emigrants in 1970.

Fifty Jews departed in January, diplomatic sources reported earlier this month, and about 170 left in February.

Meanwhile, other sources reported that more than 100 Latvian and Lithuanian Jews who conducted a sit-in and hunger strike in a Moscow government building on March 10 had been told that they would be permitted to leave for Israel "soon."

Jewish sources reported today that 140 Jews sent a petition yesterday to Soviet Procurator General Roman Rudenko, protesting the secrecy surrounding the imprisonment of 20 Jews from Leningrad, Riga and Kishinev. Their arrests were allegedly connected to the Leningrad hijack trial.

Not only were the accused innocent, the petitioners wrote, but the Soviet authorities had taken measures to hide "the facts of the arrests, the gist of the accusation and the starting date of the trials."

The latest figures seemed to confirm observers' beliefs that the recent Jewish demonstrations in Moscow have forced the government to open a safety valve and permit the more militant Jews to leave.

However, the sudden increase in Jewish emigration is believed to be only a temporary measure that will stop soon after the Soviet Communist party's 24th congress is completed next month. It opens Tuesday.

Western diplomats believe the Kremlin is primarily concerned with preventing a recurrence of Jewish sit-in demonstrations in Moscow government buildings during the highly sensitive congress period.

The Jews who held the sit-in *March 10* were informed by a government spokesman this week that "high emigration officials" would be sent from Moscow to the Lithuanian and Latvian offices of the Soviet Emigration and Passport Administration to review their applications to leave for Israel.

The spokesman declared that all but two or three of the 136 protesters would receive their exit visas in the near future, the sources said.

It was not known why the government refused permission to the two or three Jews, but presumably they were either of military age or once held security jobs here.

The Kremlin has frequently indicated that potential Israeli "cannon fodder" or those who held important jobs in the Soviet Union would not receive permission to leave for Israel.

The March 10 demonstration —which was broken up by a large militia force after more than eight hours—was the biggest and most militant protest conducted by the Jewish community since its emigration movement adopted the *sit-in* tactic in late February.

Angered by Display of Nudes, Man Kidnaps Memphis Boy

MEMPHIS, March 26 (AP).—The 13-year-old son of an art academy director was kidnapped and threatened last night by a person who demanded that pictures of nude women be removed from an academy show.

The youth was later released after his father appeared on a local television news program to say that he had complied with the kidnapper's demands.

Police identified the youth as Richard Edward Batey, son of Richard Batey, an official of the Memphis Academy of the Arts.

Mr. Batey appeared on a 10 p.m. news program to say that all conditions set forth by a man who visited his home earlier in the evening had been met.

The conditions were believed to be removal of four pictures of nude women, which had caused a controversy since last week when a local resident objected to them. The controversy had led Mayor Henry Loeb to name a four-member commission to investigate the show. The commission recommended that the pictures be allowed to remain. Later, the city council declined to take action on the matter.

No arrest has been made, police said.

This display was provided by the Arkansas Fine Arts Commission which said that the photographs, taken by a Buffalo, N.Y., photographer, had been on display in Little Rock for a month without causing controversy.

The kidnapper entered the Batey home and took the youth at gunpoint about 8:30 p.m. yesterday, police said.

They said that the man pointed a pistol at the family and told Mr Batey to lie on the floor along with the boy's two sisters, Cathy and Yvonne. He then had the boy tape his father's and sisters' hands. He told Mr. Batey that if he promised not to display any more pictures of nudes at the academy the boy would be released. The man cut the telephone wires and drove off with the boy in Mr. Batey's car, police said.

Police Inspector G. H. Parker said that the youth was released from the man's car in the midtown area of Memphis and later flagged down a police car.

When Mr. Batey appeared on the television show, he did not use the word kidnap. He merely addressed himself "to the man who came to my house today," and went on to say that his conditions had been met.

Victim Gulls Kidnappers

MACON, Ga., March 26 (AP).—An 11-year-old boy, held in handcuffs for 20 hours by kidnappers while his parents borrowed $5,000 for ransom, was released unharmed yesterday and promptly led police to the hideout, authorities said.

Detective Chief W. H. Bargeron said that the youth, Michael J. Register, managed to "appropriate" an identification card—complete with name and photograph—from one of his abductors before he was released. And he led police to the vacant house where he had been held.

Chief Bargeron said that the police arrested a man who lived next door to the house where Michael was held. The man, John Thomas Plummer, 30, was charged with kidnapping. Other arrests were expected.

German Politician J.-H. Dufhus Dies

BOCHUM, March 26 (UPI).—Josef-Herman *Dufhus*, 83, a former deputy chairman of West Germany's Christian Democratic Union, died here today.

As chairman of the Christian Democratic party's youth auxiliary, Mr. Dufhus was often considered a potential candidate for chancellor. But he withdrew from active politics several years ago because of ill health.

British Physician Asks Baby Ban for Genetic Cripples

LONDON, March 26 (AP).—A prominent physician said today that genetic cripples should be banned from having babies so they cannot spread their abnormalities.

Dr. George Discombe, a former pathologist at a leading London teaching hospital and now director of medical laboratories in Tehran, wrote in the authoritative British Medical Journal:

"We have always been prepared to provide care for cripples, but I do not think we should encourage, or enable, genetic cripples to multiply their kind and spread their genetic abnormality through the population."

He said that the money spent on treating such sufferers would steadily reduce the proportion of national income available for the care of other forms of illness.

Ex-General Gets 3 Years In Czech Court

Prchlik Found Guilty Of Assailing Red Pact

PRAGUE, March 26 (Reuters).—Former Gen. Vaclav Prchlik, political commissar for the armed forces during the period of liberalism under Alexander Dubcek, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment today for criticizing the Warsaw Pact nearly three years ago.

The Ceteka news agency reported that Mr. Prchlik, who has since been reduced to the rank of private in the reserves, was convicted by the higher military court in Pribram, near Prague, of "frustrating and jeopardizing the activity of state agencies."

Mr. Prchlik was the first leading figure of the reform era to stand trial here for the events of 1968. The charges against him stated that at a press conference on July 15, 1968, he criticized the Warsaw Pact's Soviet-dominated command structure, even though he knew that this criticism would complicate an already-tense situation.

Top party and state officials have insisted that the government would not resort to trials of political opponents, but have said that the nation's laws will be enforced.

They have used this argument to justify the trial of a leading television commentator, who was convicted last month of slander, and the trial of 17 young radicals, who were convicted a week ago of subversion.

Mr. Prchlik has been working as a floor-layer in Prague since his demotion.



AP.

British Ambassador Geoffrey Jackson in a photo released by his Tupumaro guerrilla captors in Montevideo.

Kidnapped Envoy Writes His Wife That He Is Well

MONTEVIDEO, March 26 (UPI).—"My morale is very high, I eat well and drink a lot of tea," kidnapped British Ambassador Geoffrey Jackson said last night in a letter released for his wife by leftist Tupamaros terrorists.

The brief letter was written in Spanish and asked that his wife and family "have faith and confidence" in his eventual safety. Mr. Jackson, 56, was kidnapped by the Tupamaros Jan. 8. Since then, his wife has returned to England.

Turkey's Premier-Designate Names 'Brain Trust' Cabinet

ANKARA, March 26 (AP).—Premier-designate Nihat Erim formed a "brain trust" cabinet today to draw up and apply a series of basic social and economic reforms demanded by Turkey's armed forces.

The 25-man cabinet is unusually young and top-heavy with professional experts. But it includes ten members of parliament to mollify the political parties, which have been pushed into the background since military intervention two weeks ago.

On March 12, the military commanders forced out Premier Suleyman Demirel and his conservative Justice party government and threatened an army takeover if a strong and respected new government were not formed, "above party politics," to bring an end to disorders and make reforms.

Mr. Erim, 59, a former law professor and a politician from the conservative wing of the moderate-left Republican Peoples' party, was chosen to lead a new government by President Cevdet Sunay.

Sadi Kocas, 52, was named state minister and deputy premier for political affairs. Mr. Kocas was involved in the 1969 military coup, which was followed by junta rule in Turkey for 17 months.

Osman Olcay, 47, now first deputy general secretary of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, was named foreign minister.

The first woman minister in Turkish history, Dr. Turkan Akyol, 43, a chest specialist, was appointed health minister.

Far-reaching economic changes were indicated by the appointment of Harvard-trained Attila Karaosmanoglu, 38, as state minister in charge of planning and coordination. He is also a deputy premier.

Mr. Karaosmanoglu served in the state planning office from 1960 to 1962, resigning with a group of other young economic planners when conservative politicians vetoed their programs. He has been at the World Bank, in Washington since.

The Interior Ministry was given to Hamdi Omeroglu, 57, a former provincial governor and now a judge in Turkey's high court.

He will be given the task of fulfilling Mr. Erim's promise of stopping the extremist violence which has unsettled Turkey's large cities and paralyzed higher education.

University Closed

ISTANBUL, March 26 (Reuters).—Authorities have closed Istanbul University until further notice following an armed clash between students and police yesterday in which a bystander was killed.

Pan Am Route To Warsaw Starts April 29

WARSAW, March 26 (NYT).—A five-year effort by Pan American World Airways to open service to Poland has ended successfully with agreement on a New York-Warsaw route.

The U.S. carrier will fly once a week between New York and the Polish capital beginning April 29 and twice weekly after May 23. The flights will stop in Glasgow and Hamburg. The route is actually an extension of its service that now ends in Hamburg.

LOT, the Polish state airline, will not be flying the route until it receives delivery of long-range equipment, probably the Ilyushin-62, which Aeroflot uses on the Moscow-New York run that it shares with Pan American. The first Polish Ilyushin-62 is expected to be put into service toward the end of this year and to be used initially for charter flights.

Pan American officials were reported to have told their counterparts at LOT that LOT would benefit from the increased number of Americans who could be expected to visit Poland in the next few years.

Gunmen Get $1.1 Million In London

Armored Car Stopped for Toilet

LONDON, March 26 (AP).—Masked raiders with shotguns relieved an armored money truck of $1.1 million in cash today while a security man was apparently using a public toilet.

It was the biggest cash haul in British crime since the commando-style Great Train Robbery of 1963 when thieves grabbed the equivalent of $7 million in used notes.

The raiders pounced in the south London suburb of Croydon while a yellow eight-ton truck of Security Express was parked at the roadside.

$100,000 Left Behind

In their haste to get away, the five or six gunmen abandoned $100,000 in unwieldy coins.

But they had their speedy red Jaguar limousine stuffed with 28 sacks of banknotes of all denominations worth £458,240.

"It certainly looks like a case of a man spending a penny and losing a fortune," said a detective. Penny-spending is a British euphemism for using a public toilet.

The security truck, loaded with money collected from banks in Brighton on England's south coast, was on its way to the Barclays Bank bullion center in London when the gang struck, soon after midday.

The armored truck halted in a parking space. One of its four crew members got out, apparently to use a nearby toilet.

A maroon-colored truck swept up and the gangsters leaped out, shotguns at the ready.

Witnesses said they were dressed like "city gents."

They brandished their shotguns at the outside guard and ordered him to open up the money truck. Then the raiders bundled the green sacks of notes into their getaway car and roared off, leaving the crew locked inside their vehicle.

Suicide at Eiffel Tower

PARIS, March 26 (AP).—A 29-year-old Frenchman climbed over the ten-foot wire barricade around the third-floor landing of the Eiffel Tower today and plunged to his death. Since the tower was finished in 1889, 353 persons have leaped to their death from it. But this was the first since June, 1968, when the protective grille was installed.

New Ulster Prime Minister Wins Initial Party Approval

BELFAST, March 26 (Reuters).—Northern Ireland's new prime minister, Brian Faulkner, today won his first critical test—leadership of the province's ruling Unionist party.

Delegates to the party's executive committee voted 192 to 70 to give Mr. Faulkner, 50, the post held by Maj. James Chichester-Clark, who resigned as prime minister last Saturday.

But despite today's easy victory, Mr. Faulkner is far from out of the woods with the Unionist party.

On Monday, the full 900-member Unionist Council will meet to vote on a resolution calling for stiffer measures to be taken by the government against Irish Republican Army gunmen.

Further Vote Seen

The council, many of whose members are on the right wing of the party, is also expected to be asked to give a vote of confidence to Mr. Faulkner's government.

Observers here said that they are not certain of the outcome of Monday's meeting but saw today's vote as bolstering Mr. Faulkner.

They said that they doubted whether Maj. Chichester-Clark would have come out as well as Mr. Faulkner, an agile politician who was the youngest man ever to be elected to the Northern Ireland Parliament.

But Mr. Faulkner is committed to the same policies as Maj. Chichester-Clark, who quit after Protestant protests increased.

In today's vote, Mr. Faulkner was not opposed for the leadership. His arch-rival in the party, William Craig, a hardline former home affairs minister, said that he thought the party was as divided as ever.

But Harry West, a rightist appointed last night by Mr. Faulkner as minister of agriculture, said that while he had been concerned about the last government's policy, he felt things would be implemented now in a different way.

At a press conference today, Mr. Faulkner defended Mr. West's appointment and also that of a moderate non-Unionist Protestant as his minister of community relations, probably one of the toughest jobs in this troubled British province.

Mr. Faulkner denied that his interests were sectarian and challenged one questioner to produce a single example.

Then he added, "What I am concerne l about is that everybody in Northern Ireland gets a fair crack of the whip."

Mr. Faulkner's most pressing problem—security—was highlighted only minutes after he announced his new cabinet last night. Two bombs exploded in the headquarters of the Unionist party in central Belfast. The blast was heard all over the city.

Mr. Faulkner has made it his aim to improve security in Northern Ireland. But few observers think he will go as far in his measures as the right wing of his party demands.

Observers say that such stern measures would be opposed by the British government and further alienate the province's Roman Catholic minority.

Metalworkers End Walkout in Finland

HELSINKI, March 26 (UPI).—Metalworkers ended a seven-week strike today after Finland's gross national product had suffered an estimated $240-million loss.

Seventy thousand metalworkers struck on Feb. 8 when employers rejected their wage demands. Subsequent negotiations ended Wednesday when the workers voted to accept a mediation board's proposal guaranteeing a 14-cent hourly increase by Sept. 1.

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LONDON THEATER

Jean-Louis Barrault's 'Rabelais' Loses, Gains in Translation

By John Walker

LONDON, March 26.—Jean-Louis Barrault's "Rabelais" has lost a little of its elegance in his English-language production that is now playing at the Roundhouse. Coarser it may be, but it is still full of the joys of living, a riotous, romping celebration that blasts all nay-saying prudes and prigs.

Barrault has set out to recreate his original version, first seen in Paris three years ago, which had a brief season at the Old Vic in 1969. Michael Polnareff's gay music is the same and so are Matias's effective costumes and the shape of the stage—ramps in the form of a cross, dividing the auditorium and meeting in a small square stage in the center. Barrault has made a virtue of the necessity forced upon him when he first presented "Rabelais" in the wrestling ring of the Elysée-Montmartre.

The difference is that here he directs British actors in a translation by Robert Baldick. Mr. Baldick's version is somewhat dry, only occasionally reveling, as Rabelais did, in fantastical wordplay. The actors tend to move stiffly, with inhibition. It is, I suppose, a national characteristic. Certainly some of the setpieces, notably a storm at sea, lack fluidity and grace. The mime seems secondhand, a corrupted version of the original. Barrault himself is much missed —Gerald Harper is but a pale reflection in the role of the orator.

Gains

What "Rabelais" has gained is the sort of spontaneous and rumbustious gusto, near to the English music-hall tradition, that marked Joan Littlewood's productions. Indeed, the cast contains several familiar actors from her Theatre Workshop, including Bill Wallis as a splendidly chubby baby Gargantua, delighting in an anal-fixation. There are several good comic performances in this broad manner: Bernard Bresslaw excels as Friar John, roaring, stomping, and raving down the narrow arms of the stage. Panurge is played with great panache, as a Jewish confidence trickster, by Joe Melia. Ian Trigger is hilarious as the conquering King Picrochole, who is Hitler reduced to a tiny, strutting absurdity.

Barrault succeeds admirably in a difficult task. He uses modern theatrical methods—strobe lighting, rock music, galvanic dancing—and yet manages to convey not only Rabelais's timeless qualities but also a feeling for the 16th century. The structure is strong enough to contain parodies of Robert Newton's Long John Silver, James Cagney, and Groucho Marx, as well as ad-libs by the cast. Bill Wallis even managed to include, without damaging the play, the current protest slogan "kill the bill" (aimed at the government's current legislation to curb the trade unions).

The play combines with great cleverness a commentary on Rabelais's own adventures and battles together with those of his great creations, Gargantua and Pantagruel. The two themes comes together most movingly at the end when Panurge—having received the oracle's message to drink deeply of life—is transformed into the dying Rabelais.

Someone sitting next to me complained that the play lacked intellectual content. Barrault describes it as "a dramatic game" and he says more than enough by the use of dance and gesture and by his sense of festival. Some lines from a poem by E. E. Cummings, which begins "Since feeling is first," kept running through my mind:

"Wholly to be a fool
While spring is in the world,
My blood approves."

It is fitting that Barrault should return to London to let us share in his exuberant creation, for he finished writing "Rabelais" here in April, 1968. What is ironic is that he should once again have become a target of the revolutionary young. At the first night, three members of the London Living Theatre stripped in protest.

Since then, they have petitioned the audience, claiming that "Rabelais" is the latest example of "the theater of the bourgeoisie," and declaring "legitimate all acts of cultural and pacifist guerrilla against the Roundhouse."

Their reason is that the Roundhouse was originally the home of Arnold Wesker's now-abandoned Centre 42, a theater for the people. The London Living Theatre also "challenges journalists to tell the truth." The truth is that they, so far, have been a totally self-regarding group and, under Centre 42, the Roundhouse was nearly always in darkness. From its beginning, in 1961, until 1968 there were two entertainments there, a Pete Seeger concert and an Allen Ginsberg poetry reading. At least now, the theater is full each evening of people participating in enjoyment and, during the day, eating and drinking in the snack bar. That may not be perfection, but it is progress.

Other new plays in London: "Move Over Mrs. Markham," by Ray Cooney and John Chapman, at the Vaudeville. A farce, fast and furious even when not funny. A plot of dazzling complexity, brilliantly constructed, that has a succession of husbands, wives, and lovers leaping in and out of bed. Unfortunately, the characters are cut from inferior cardboard.

"Child's Play," by Robert Marasco, at the Queen's Theatre. This Broadway success, a melodrama about evil corrupting a Catholic boy's school, seems to have lost its chilling qualities in the transatlantic transfer. Laurence Harvey stars as a misunderstood pedant.



Jean-Louis Barrault, who is directing English actors in English version of his "Rabelais."

Icons Sold

NEW YORK, March 26 (Reuters).—A group of 51 icons offered for sale by the Soviet government fetched a total of $12,210 at an auction at Parke-Bernet Galleries here.

22 Words by JFK—$11,000

NEW YORK, March 26 (NYT).—A 22-word extract from John F. Kennedy's inaugural address, hand-written on White House stationery and signed by the President, was sold for $11,000 at an auction of Americana last night.

One expert said this was the highest price paid for a letter written by any President since Abraham Lincoln.

The extract, described by auctioneer Charles Hamilton as the best-remembered excerpt from any public address in living memory, stated:

"And so, my fellow Americans, ask not what your country can do for you—ask what you can do for your country."

It was written in longhand and signed by President Kennedy at the request of a personal friend. It is not known whether there are any other copies of this excerpt in existence. It was purchased by Maury Bromsen, a rare book and manuscript dealer from Boston.

The previous high price for a Kennedy letter was reached in 1965 when a boyhood note to a Choate schoolmate signed "Smittily yours, JFK," sold for $2,700.

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الحكامة الاصل



"Deux Personnages et un Oiseau," 1926 Max Ernst painting sold for 205,000 francs.

The Art Market

By Souren Melikian

The Success Of Surrealism

PARIS, March 26.—The first large auction of surrealistic painting, undoubtedly a salesroom landmark, was held last week by Maurice Rheims at Galliera.

The sale was made up of two groups. The first, as the catalogue informed the would-be buyer, was owned by Sophie Babet, an actress who, with the art critic and poet, Charles Estienne, ran an art gallery called L'Etoile Scellée in the mid-'50s. The second was a clever mixture described as "collection of Mr. S. . . and various properties with a small number belonging to Mr. S." The phrase "various properties" usually refers to pieces owned by dealers who do not want it known that they are sending items to the salesroom.

Miss Babet was close to André Breton and through him came to know the first painter she exhibited, Simon Hantai, then an obcure Hungarian who was literally down and out in Paris.

Hantai set the pattern for Miss Babet. Her range of interests, in alphabetical order, included Hans Bellmer, Oscar Domingues, Aline Gagnaire, Hantai, Felix Labisse, Wilfredo Lam, René Magritte, Toyen (a pseudonym used by the painter Marie Germinova). Lesser known artists included Rachel Baes and Degotex, an artist who goes without a first name.

Selling surrealists in Paris must have been either a financial headache or a bore because shortly after 1960 Miss Babet closed her gallery and left for South America where she continued to promote surrealists. In short, it was the collection of a dealer, daring and unconventional, which made up the first part of the sale.

Mr. S et al.

In the second part, I counted 31 lots which belonged to Mr. S and 49 which were "various properties."

Mr. S (Emile Synek), a Czech by birth, seems to have had an even more unusual career than Sophie Babet. He was first a journalist, then a playwright, film script writer and essayist. He became a major figure in the Czech government-in-exile in London during World War II. After the war, he came to Paris and, with modest means, started collecting paintings. He favored Arp and Serge Charchoune and Ismael de la Serna. In his choice of surrealist—or simply modern—artists he seems to have been guided by a taste for hair-raising expressionism.

The Galliera sale included 157 lots, few of which were of the kind that make best sellers in art galleries. At Galliera they were. Maurice Rheims said that only 12 percent of the items—in figures 19 lots—failed to meet reserve prices, a remarkably low proportion. The highest price was 397,000 francs for "Deux Personnages et un Oiseau" by Max Ernst, dated 1926. It was a record price in France for an Ernst. A more recent Ernst, dated 1957 and called "Blanche d'Espagne," which looked more like a cartoon than anything else, made 136,360 francs, an enormous figure for an Ernst of that late period. A Jean Fautrier, dated 1947, at 74,760 francs, was expensive too.

The sale was an unmitigated success. There were many buyers from abroad and the atmosphere in the salesroom was excellent, from the auctioneer's point of view, with many young Paris buyers of means. Thus the Fautrier was acquired by one of the Trigano (tourism and camping equipment) clan.

However, the more expensive Max Ernst left for Switzerland and the Magritte went home to Belgium, confirming the chauvinistic tendencies of Belgian buyers.

Up and Downs

The significance of this sale lay in the fact that the market is not strong at the moment. Paris galleries aren't selling that many pictures or at those prices made at the auction. In fact, modern art is in a difficult position and salesrooms are facing wild ups and downs in several fields.

In explaining the success of this particular sale, with all due respect to Maurice Rheims's talent as an auctioneer, I think the reason is to be found in the criterion now being followed by buyers at auction. Anything that has a striking and generally recognized identity sells well. Surrealism and expressionism are doing well because their image immediately rings a bell.

A sale of modern pictures held by the Ader-Picard team at Galliera on March 17 bears out this explanation. The pictures that fetched big money at that sale were readily recognizable and identifiable as symbols.

A pastel by Mary Cassatt (1844-1926), a symbol of American art, made 270,000 francs, a thumping price for a third-rate portrait. A watercolor, heightened with gouache, by Gustave Moreau (1826-1896), a forerunner of surrealism, brought 204,560, a world record. An Alberto Giacometti, with its strongly individualized style, reached 199,600 francs. However, a superb picture by Bazille went for a comparatively low price, 263,956 francs. The landscape was painted around 1865, a crucial period for Impressionism, by a painter whose stature has yet to be fully recognized. The price, moderate for a major work of art, is understandable if you consider that Badille's name is less known than those of Monet or Renoir and that the landscape was subtle in color and feeling, a style which does not lend itself to instant recognition by most people.

In my view, the two sales of modern pictures confirm on the highest financial level the tendency I outlined last week on a different category of art belonging to a lower price range.

In other words, though the short-term trends are irregular, I think that a vastly changed market is likely to emerge when the present crisis is over.

At the Paris Galleries

Henri Michaux Exhibition—Will and the Death of Art

By Michael Gibson

PARIS, March 26.—Is Henri Michaux a great painter? In the presence of his work the question appears irrelevant—what is important is that he exists and that his painting reveals the wholly human miracle of art in a manner that is essentially his own.

Much of our art tries to charm or persuade. It has prettiness, or force, or rhetorical craft and seeks to pry some form of assent from the viewer. Michaux has another way. His works are simply there, like a face with open eyes, wordlessly communicating something that is between them and us. "You know and I know," their eyes tell us, and leave us free to acknowledge it or to turn away.

Michaux has said that will is the death of art, by which I take it that he means the will, the decision to express this or that—the will that builds water-locks between the visceral and the intellectual, the eye and the hand, the self and the world, the act of decision (I will do this to achieve that)—sets the artist where he may not belong and where whatever he says runs the risk of being a reconstruction, a hypothetical fiction.

Certainly Michaux's paintings are not the result of any such decision. The tidal currents of existence seem to flow in and out of him, bearing with them the meaningful and the absurd blended almost one into the other, and he sums up these encounters with all the breadth of what he knows and feels in the essential, unselective act of painting.

Silent Places

In doing so he reminds us that the point of encounter between art and life is in the silent places of the soul, that any true art involves the artist totally, not because it is self-exhibition, but because it springs from a vital necessity.

The will does of course intervene in art—and fortunately so—but indirectly. It is turned toward life, determining the artist's ethical position which is the ground from which his work may grow. And this growth, in a truly creative artist, is a matter of inner necessity so that the intervention of will at this stage may only serve to disguise the true nature of his decisions—or indeed his indecision—in regard to life.

Michaux consequently expresses no doctrine but an existence—his own, ours, the circumstances of life and what they mean to him and to us. His view is turned very much to an inner world that is familiar to all of us—the proof of it is that these indefinite forms, these flights and falls, pilgrimages, migrations and dissolutions are immediately intelligible without commentary — beyond commentary.



Etienne Hubert

India ink and acrylic painting by Henri Michaux at Le Point Cardinal.

What is vulnerable, fearful, quelled and denied, those aspects of humanity that have no more defense than the mute awareness of their open eyes—not supplicant but objective—all this stands revealed in Michaux's art, without rhetoric or emphasis—quite to the contrary—but, simply as a statement of what is. And if it cannot be understood in its pure dignity, then it must consent to disappear.

That is Michaux's importance today and for the future.

(Le Point Cardinal, 3 Rue Jacob, Paris, to April 30).

* * *

Other exhibitions at Paris galleries include:

Pinchon, Galerie Hervé, 18 Avenue Matignon, to April 30.

Robert Pinchon (1886-1943) is a good example of the sort of artist whose work has quality but who nonetheless falls out of sight because he is not in the front rank. This interesting exhibition of 46 works by the Rouen artist shows the progression of his style from Impressionism to fauvism, his imaginative use of color that is sometimes evocative and sometimes as provocatively off-key as that of Kirchner.

* * *

Alechinsky, Galerie de France, 3 Faubourg Saint-Honoré, to May 22.

Pierre Alechinsky's art has a theatrical quality about it — a free-handed treatment of line and color gives birth to grinning heads with three or more eyes or a volcano spewing red snakes, and the large paintings stand portentously before us, sometimes surrounded by explanatory comic strip sequences that explain nothing at all. Impertinent and flamboyant, they catch the eye because of their enormous energy, their colors and muscular line. Alechinsky teases our fears and our need for explanation in these pantomimes of bogus bogeys and bogus cosmogonies. There is an adolescent provocativeness in all this and we can go along with it because, of course, he has the same fears and needs.

* * *

Dieuzaide, La Demeure, 6 Place Saint-Sulpice, to April 18.

Jean Dieuzaide is a photographer of extraordinary retinian sensuality. Precious in a sense, but beyond preciosity, seeking in all aspects of the visible world (from the aerial photo to the macrophoto) strange and striking metaphores of the organic.

Magnelli, Galerie du XXe Siècle, 14 Rue des Canettes, to April 30.

Magnelli's typical style of geometric combinations is illustrated here with two sequences of recent lithographs and a series of paintings done in 1914. The lithographs have some interesting technical features, including sandy and corrugated surfaces. The mathematical preoccupations that inspire them seem to be founded on a belief in some aesthetic canon of perfection and this belief has led Magnelli, very early in his career, to a form of artistic abnegation and self-denial which finally produces a form of art that is surgically sterile and "pure."

* * *

Colette Brunschwig, Galerie La Roue, 16 Rue Grégoire-de-Tours, to April 3.

Colette Brunschwig's washes use the subtleties of black and white to express a vision of abstract sensitivity. There is a feminine delicacy in her work that is without preciosity or mannerism, a wispy imaginative life. Some oil paintings are also on view that give another facet of her style.

Art in Spain

Zobel, Galeria Juana Mordo, 7 Villanueva, Madrid, to April 7.

Zobel's paintings suggest the elements—swift movement, a flash of light. Color is kept to a severe minimum: browns, grays, pale green and apricot, with a glimpse of red. His delicacy of treatment in no way reduces the feeling of tremendous strength.

* * *

Arcadio Blasco, Galeria Iolas-Velasco, 88 Zurbano, Madrid, through March.

Arcadio Blasco's yellow, brown or black ceramic cannons, cells, sentry boxes open to reveal sea-over-sand patterns on the natural clay surface inside. The rhythm of the designs accentuates the possible horror of the object—you can walk into the cell. The most exciting use of clay I have ever seen.

* * *

Adolfo Estrada, Galeria Vandrés, 26 Don Ramon de la Cruz, Madrid, to April 3.

This Argentinian painter uses color—pink, yellow, citron and apricot—in perfect harmony. He plays with geometric forms so that they no longer look geometric, in acrylics on wood and canvas and in a series of silk-screen prints.

* * *

Vivancos, Galeria Ramon Duran, 36 Serrano, Madrid, through March.

Vivancos's naive paintings of buildings, like children's building blocks or flowers in a vase on a table, have a spontaneous charm and gaiety.

* * *

Celis Delgado, Museo de Arte Contemporaneo, 20 Calvo Sotelo, Madrid, through March.

Celis's clear, bright, almost graphic canvases deal with man and fear and shadows. The shadow multiplies in the center of the canvas, around it, quiet, peaceful areas of light. Excellent use of color and space.

Delgado has two shows going at once—one at the Museum of Contemporary Art, the other at Galeria Kreisler (19 Serrano)—both through March. The smaller, and to my mind, more successful is at Kreisler. Delgado paints with verve, portraits (which border on caricature), landscapes, and surprisingly, fowl. Paint is thickly applied, plenty of color and movement. His goats' heads have an unnerving humanity.

—SHEILA ANNE DE BARRY.

Around the Galleries in Rome

...an-Pierre Velly, Don Chisciotte, ...21 Via A. Brunetti, Rome, to April 5.

The eye travels along a line, a ...ntour, about to complete the ...pected image, a body, or a ...ndscape. But something unfore...en occurs. The nude turns into ...husk, a crustacean, floating, ...owing, exploding into a myriad ...ier things. The landscape dis...lves into hills overrun by ...sses of swarming human ...dies fleeing like ants from ...hat—final catastrophe? "Suzan...a in Her Bath" is watched by ...illions of "riders" (television ...lewers?); grass and nettles push ...rough mountains of junk, na...re bravely trying to get back ...t strangling debris. Velly ex...loits the noble art of engraving ...nd etching, and the inheritance ...f Dürer, Bosch, Signorelli and ...thers to their fullest. Though ...is means are conventional, his ...pocalyptic vision, his "mind split...ing" double-takes, his logic and ...espair are of today. There is no ...nd of discovery in these agitated, ...t cool, beautifully delineated nightmarish fantasies, which can be read over and over again.

* * *

The Calligraphic Language, Caesar Augustus, 200 Corso Francia, Rome, through March.

A set of Turcato aquatints done in 1965, when this modern master was still exacting and more self-critical, are splendid in color and calligraphy. Chiba makes clear and calm signs on canvas; Benetti's etchings are both balanced and mysterious. Nardo's energetic flourishes are still too dependent on Matthieu. Some small pastels by Irina Hale, quick and pleasing, are also on view.

* * *

Alberto Ziveri, Work from 1965-1970, Fante Di Spade, 254 Via Ripetta, March through April.

At last a figurative academic painter par excellence has weathered the storm of all forms of avant-garde and that which he has always done fits in neatly with the newest unofficial trends in America. At first one mistakes Ziveri for a young man who has kept his ear to the ground, has caught glimpses of Georges, Resika or Porter. But Ziveri is in his 60s, and made his debut in 1933. The wheel has swung full circle. Ziveri is an able and experienced painter who is clearly following the great of art history and obviously never had any use for fashion. His work is not fanciful and sometimes it is plodding, but its uncompromising straightforwardness is refreshing after all the rhetoric and "idea art" in the past decades. His linden and pear trees against clear skies are ordinary, serene statements. Featherless chickens and other animals already meat in the kitchen and the portraits of their cooks seem the most banal but in the end turn out the most profound. In a self-portrait with a parakeet in dour greens, the stroke is thick and broad and the insight is that of Velasquez. The surfaces always are what they are, not often clever and sometimes harsh. A plump model in many poses, her pink flesh contrasting with her black underwear, also harks back to Spain, but reminds one of the American '30s, of Hopper, Kuhn, Kuniyoshi. An ambitious "End of the Line," with workaday Romans spilling out of a bus, is too self-consciously posed as a studio group and some of the characterizations are awkward. But otherwise Ziveri is admirable. Now that the figurative is again respectable, younger painters may profit from this exhibition and add poetry and charm to Ziveri's staunch new-old attitude.

* * *

Sironi, Retrospective, Nuovo Carpine, 30 Via delle Mantellate, Rome, until April 15.

Sironi (1885-1961) is a curious and controversial figure, a big name in Italy but little known elsewhere. After an early metaphysical phase he discovered the sober beauty of the everyday outskirts of cities and painted them simply and in granite grays. Eventually he was taken up by the Fascists and received commissions for government murals. Political pressure and uncertain conviction made for an unresolved, restive style; first in industrial semi-abstractions (Stuart Davis handled this kind of thing more neatly and cheerfully in America) then in what became his most typical work, heroic compositions fragmented into compartments inhabited by symbolic, chunky figures and bits of historic ruins. These oils were tortured but not without a certain brooding looseness. Toward the end of his life, freed of political commitment at last, Sironi found his earlier, less complicated and moody romantic manner again.

* * *

Sergio Dangelo, Il Segno, 4 Capo Le Case, Rome, through March.

About a hundred tiny collages on the same riff (Dangelo is prone to jazz titles), sun or moon over a horizon, look amusing and tasteful at first sight, but are slightly precious at second.

EDITH SCHLOSS.

'Parsifal'

A new production of Wagner's "Parsifal" staged by Hans-Peter Lehmann, conducted by Ferdinand Leitner and designed by Jörg Zimmermann, will have its first performance at the Zurich Opera April 3. Sven Olof Eliasson sings the title part, with Janis Martin and Grace Hoffman sharing the role of Kundry and Roland Hermann as Amfortas. Later performances will be April 7, 10 and 12.

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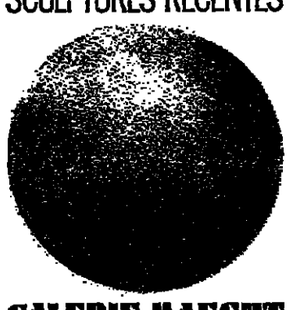
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GALERIA HIPOLA
SPANISH PAINTINGS
XIXth & XXth CENTURIES
Serrano 28. T. 226.52.23, Madrid.

GALERIA EDURNE
March:
OTERO BESTEIRO
Sculptures
Monte Esquinza, 11, Madrid 4.

Galeria Juana Mordo, S.A.
Spanish Modern Art
FERNANDO ZOBEL
Villanueva 7, T.: 225-11-72, MADRID

ROME
MARLBOROUGH, 5 Via Gregoriana
Recent Works by ACHILLE PERILLI
OBELISCO, 148 Via Sistina.
BALLA
Futurist sculptures
SCHNEIDER, Rampa Mignanelli, 16
Paintings by MAGDA HATAMI

ARTS & AUCTIONS
appear every Saturday

New York Stock Exchange Trading

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
18¼	14¼	AbacusF .50g	73	17⅝	18	17½	17½	— ⅛
85⅞	69⅝	AbbtLb 1.10	565	70½	72⅞	70½	72¾	+2
53⅛	45¼	ACF Ind 2.40	23	50½	50½	50¼	50¼	
17½	13½	AcmeClev .80	15	15	15⅛	14⅞	15	+ ⅛
52¼	42½	Acme Mkt 2b	22	51½	52	51½	51⅞	+ ⅞
14¾	13⅜	AdmsEx .66g	31	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	13⅜	Ad Millis .20	134	18	18	17¼	17⅝	— ⅛
35⅜	23⅞	Address .30g	325	33⅝	34⅛	32⅞	33⅝	
13¾	8	Admiral	37	11⅝	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜
58¼	45⅝	AetnaLfe 1.60	184	57⅝	59	57⅞	58	+ ⅜
12¼	9½	Aguirre Co	22	9¾	9½	9⅛	9⅝	— ⅛
52⅝	40	Aileen Inc	14	48⅝	48⅝	48	48⅛	— ½
55⅛	44⅞	Air Prod .20b	32	54	54⅛	54	54⅛	+ ⅛
146½	123	AirPrd pf4.75	1	143½	143½	143½	143½	—1
25	20⅝	Air Red .20g	95	21¾	22⅝	21¾	22⅛	+ ⅜
5⅝	3⅞	AJ Industries	56	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	4⅝	
43	34¼	Akzona 1a	7	40⅝	40⅞	40⅝	40⅞	+ ¼
17⅞	16	Ala Gas 1.10	5	17	17	17	17	
29⅛	20½	Alaska Infers	105	22¼	22⅝	21¾	21⅞	— ⅜
45	39⅝	AlberioC .32	113	41	41¾	41	41⅝	+ ⅝
15¼	12¼	Albertsns .36	29	13⅝	13⅝	13⅜	13⅞	+ ⅛
24¾	21¾	Alcan Alum 1	52	23⅝	23½	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛
23⅞	17½	AlcoStand .30	18	21⅝	21⅞	21⅜	21¾	+ ⅜
28½	22⅝	Alexndrs .30r	73	26½	27⅝	26½	27¼	+ ½
15⅛	12½	AllAmLf .24g	6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
14⅞	11¼	Alleg Cp .20e	31	13⅜	13⅞	13⅜	13¾	
32½	26⅞	AllegLud 1.40	40	28⅛	28¾	28½	28⅞	
45⅜	37½	AleigLud pf 3	8	42½	42½	42	42½	— ½
25⅛	22¼	AllegPw 1.36	113	23½	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	— ¼
29	23⅝	Allied Ch 1.20	157	27	27⅛	26⅞	27	
35	26¼	Alld Main .40	53	32½	33⅛	32½	33⅛	+ ⅝
27¾	23	AlldMill .75b	7	27¼	27½	27¼	27½	+ ½
21	16	Allied Pd .68	24	18¾	19	18½	19	+ ⅛
35¼	26⅝	AlliedStr 1.40	50	34¼	34½	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
10	6½	Allied Super	74	8⅛	8¼	8	8¼	— ⅛
19¾	15½	Allis Ch .10g	x321	17	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	+ ⅛
25¼	20½	gallrigtAut .60	x33	24¼	24⅝	23⅞	24¼	+ ⅛
66¼	56¼	Alcoa 1.80	153	64⅝	64⅞	64¼	64⅞	— ⅛
30¾	25⅝	AmalSug 1.60	2	28¾	28⅞	28¾	28⅞	+ ⅞
14¾	11½	AMBAC .50	24	13⅛	13¾	13¼	13⅛	— ¼
25⅛	22⅝	Amer Es 1.20	2	24¼	24¼	24¼	24⅛	— ⅛
44¾	39⅛	Am Es pf2.60	1	43½	43½	43½	43½	+ ⅛
56⅞	43⅝	AmHess .07g	122	54⅝	55⅛	54½	55⅛	+ ⅛
123¾	95¼	AmeH pf3.50	38	120	121	120	121	+1
66½	53¼	AAirFilfr .80	79	59	61	59	61	+2¼
29⅞	21⅞	Am Airlin .80	206	27	28	27	27⅞	+ ⅜
23⅛	16	ABaker .10g	97	23	23¼	22¾	22¾	— ½
49¾	43½	A Brnds 2.20	481	47⅛	47⅛	46⅞	47⅜	+ ⅜
37¼	25	AmBdcst 1.20	193	37⅛	38⅜	37⅛	38⅜	+1⅞
45⅛	39⅛	Am Can 2.20	131	45¼	45¼	44⅞	45	
29⅛	25⅛	A Can pf1.75	27	27¼	27⅛	27⅛	27½	— ⅜
10⅜	7½	Am Cement	24	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	
29⅛	25¼	A Chain 1.60	12	29½	29½	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
26½	22	ACrySug 1.40	18	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ¼
37⅞	33⅛	ACyanid 1.25	384	35⅛	36	34	34½	—1½
44⅛	28⅝	ADistTel .10g	30	42½	42¾	42⅛	42⅛	— ¼
9¾	7⅝	Am DualVest	34	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅞	13	ADuVt pf.84a	1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
32¾	28	AmElPw 1.70	414	30¼	30⅛	30	30⅛	
14⅛	10½	Am Exp Ind	231	11	11	10¾	10⅞	
62	42	Am Exp pf	z550	42¼	42⅞	42½	42½	— ½
28	25⅛	AGnBFd .44g	22	26	26¼	25⅞	26	+ ¼
34⅛	27⅞	A Gnin pf1.80	72	32	32¼	32	32¼	— ¼
14	8⅞	Am Hoist .40	51	13½	13⅝	13¼	13¼	— ¼
77¾	70	A Home 1.70	210	75⅞	75⅞	75¼	75⅞	
114⅛	104¾	A Home pf 2	1	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¼
38	31⅛	Am Hosp .26	169	35½	35⅞	35⅜	35½	+ ½
15	13	Am Invst .50	46	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	
38	23⅞	A Medical .12	43	36⅞	36⅞	36	36	— ½
37⅛	32	A MilCix 1.40	125	32¼	32⅝	32¼	32⅝	+ ⅜
9	5⅝	Am Motors	300	6⅞	7	6¾	7	+ ¼
43⅛	37½	ANatGas 2.20	149	38½	38⅞	38⅜	38½	+ ½
14	10⅞	Am Photo .16	111	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ¼
60½	41½	A ResDv .04g	201	52¼	54	52¼	54	+2
19⅜	16⅜	Am Seat .72	5	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	
35	25⅜	Am Ship .60b	30	33½	33⅜	32½	32½	— ⅜
28¾	25	A Smelt 1.90	331	26¾	26⅞	26⅜	26⅜	
52½	41¼	AmSoAfr .70	42	50¼	50⅜	49¾	50¼	+ ⅛
		AmSAfr fn.70	1	45	45	45	45	
32½	23⅛	Am Std 1	298	24¼	24⅞	24⅛	24⅞	+ ⅞
91	78¾	A Std pf4.75	33	81	82	81	81¼	+1¼
27¾	23⅛	Am Steril .48	11	24¾	24⅞	24½	24½	
12¼	10	AT&T wt	588	11	11¼	10⅞	11	+ ⅛
53⅞	47⅜	Am T&T 2.60	1137	49	49¼	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅛
14⅞	13	AWatWk .60	14	14⅝	14½	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
c17⅞	16	AW pref 1.25	z90	17½	17½	17½	17½	
24¼	20¾	AW 4.1pf 1.43	z60	23½	23½	23	23	— ½
10⅝	c7	Am Zinc	38	8⅝	8⅞	8¼	8¼	
23	18	Ameron .60	319	19½	19⅝	18⅞	19⅜	— ⅛
18⅝	14⅞	Ametek .60a	41	18⅛	18½	18	18⅜	+ ⅛
35⅞	27⅞	AMF Inc .90	555	34⅝	35⅝	34⅝	35½	+ ⅝
50⅛	38⅝	Amfac .80	16	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48¼	— ⅜
66⅞	54	AMP Inc .64	68	63½	64	63½	63¾	— ⅜
10⅜	8¼	AmpPgh .18g	21	9⅞	10	9¾	10	+ ⅛
23⅝	16½	Ampex Corp	728	22	23¼	22	23⅛	+1⅜
42⅛	34⅛	Amstar 1.70	59	40⅝	42	40⅝	41⅞	+1
58⅛	47½	Amstr pf2.65	1	58	58	58	58	+1⅛
10	9⅛	Amstar pf.68	6	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	29½	Amsted 1.60	125	33⅞	33⅞	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
9⅝	7	Amtel .32	81	8⅝	8¾	8½	8⅝	— ¼
23⅝	18⅞	Anaconda 1	172	21¼	21⅝	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
38⅜	33	Anch Hock 1	44	39	39⅛	38½	38½	— ⅛
23	19¼	Ancorp Svc 1	17	20⅝	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	+ ⅜
45⅞	36½	And Clay 1.20	7	43¼	43½	43¼	43¼	+ ⅛
18½	13½	ApacheCp .25	23	16⅛	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅜
36⅝	30⅞	ApcoO 1.29f	20	32⅛	32½	31⅝	31⅝	— ¾
24⅝	20	APL Corp	33	23⅝	23⅞	22⅞	23	
18½	15¾	APL pf B.50	1	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ¼
136¼	117	ARA Svc 1.06	57	131	132	130¾	131½	+ ½
22⅝	8	Arcata .03g	3	20½	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	
38½	34	ArcataN pf 2	2	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
46⅞	33	Arch Dan 1	92	42¾	43⅛	42¾	43½	+1
25	20⅛	Ariz PSv 1.08	236	22¾	23⅛	22½	22⅞	
13	8¾	Arlans D Str	131	11¾	12⅛	11⅝	12	+ ⅜
18⅝	12	Arlen RltyDv	438	16½	16½	15⅞	16	— ⅜
23⅛	9	Armco Stl	219	19⅝	20½	19⅝	20¼	+ ½
29⅞	27½	Armc pf 2.10	29	29	29⅛	28¾	28⅞	+ ⅛
65	54	Armr pf4.75	z100	62½	62½	62½	62½	
37⅞	31½	Armst Ck .80	115	35½	35¾	35⅜	35⅝	+ ⅜
61⅞	55	ArmCk pf3.75	z160	62	62	62	62	+ ½
40	34	Arm Ru 1.60	2	39½	39½	39½	39¼	
24¼	17⅛	Aro Corp .90	4	21¾	21⅞	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅜
35⅝	25	Arvin Ind 1	27	33½	34⅝	33½	34⅝	+1⅛
30½	24	Ashld Oil 1.20	142	26	26	25¼	25¼	— ¾
10⅛	6⅞	Assd Brew	13	9½	9½	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
50¼	40	Assd DG 1.20	8	48⅞	49⅛	48⅞	49	+ ¼
34¼	30⅞	Assd Sp 1.20b	6	33¼	34	33¼	34	+1
12⅝	9½	Assd Transp	15	11	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	
20⅝	13⅝	Athlone Ind	162	20½	20⅞	20½	20¾	+ ⅜
25½	23⅝	AtlCyEl 1.36	32	24⅛	24⅛	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
72⅝	61¼	Atl Richfld 2	186	67¾	67¾	66⅞	67⅛	— ⅜
61	54¾	AtlRch pf3.75	z100	57½	57½	57	57	— ½
122	105¼	Atl Rich pf 3	8	113½	114	113	113¼	+ ⅛
58⅞	49⅝	AtlRch pf2.80	28	53⅞	54⅝	53⅝	53⅞	+ ⅜
26⅞	22⅛	Atlas Chem 1	138	24	24⅛	23¾	23⅞	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅝	Atlas Corp	94	3	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
14½	8⅞	ATO Inc .08a	154	12⅞	13	12⅝	13	+ ½
9⅞	8	Aurora Prod	52	8⅝	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
57	43⅝	Autom Data	47	54⅞	56	54⅝	56	+1⅞
9	4⅞	Automin Ind	331	9	9⅛	8⅞	9	+ ¼
18	2⅞	Avco Corp	72	15¾	15⅞	15⅜	15¾	+ ¼
5	3⅛	Avco Cp wt	63	4⅝	4⅞	4¼	4¼	
45	37¾	Avco pf3.20	12	40¼	41⅛	40¾	40¾	
35⅞	30¾	Avery Pd .20	691	31½	32¼	30½	31⅞	+ ⅜
14⅝	8¼	Avnet Inc	157	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
30	19½	Avnet pf 1	4	28½	28½	28½	28½	—1½
98¾	82⅞	Avon Pd 1.10	143	95⅝	96⅛	95¼	96	+ ¾
18½	14¼	Aztec Oil .73t	153	18½	18¼	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛

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1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
34⅝	22	BabckW .50	128	30¾	31¼	30⅝	31	
35⅝	25⅝	BakrOilT .65	55	34½	34⅝	34¼	34⅜	— ⅛
34⅝	31⅝	Balt GE 1.82	80	32⅝	33⅛	32⅛	33	+ ⅜
64½	56¼	Balt G pf C4	z20	60½	60½	60½	60½	— ½
12⅝	7½	Bangor Punt	18	11	11	10¾	10⅞	— ⅛
18⅝	14⅜	Beng pf1.25	1	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ½
33	25⅞	Bk ofCal 1.34	92	32⅛	32⅝	31⅞	32⅝	+1¼
49	43⅝	Bank of NY 2	52	48⅛	47½	48¼	48⅝	+ ¾
67	60	Bank Tr 2.84	234	66	66	65¼	66	+ ¼
49⅝	42¾	BarbO 2.31t	21	44½	45	44	45	+ ½
54½	44	Bard CR .25a	15	53½	53½	52½	52½	— ¾
14⅝	11⅜	Basic Inc .80	2	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
19⅞	12⅝	Bates Mfg	45	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ¼
24½	16⅞	Bates Mf pf 1	34	22½	22½	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
29⅝	22⅝	Bathind .20	18	27⅜	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	
71½	55	Bathin pf2.50	5	67½	67½	67	67	
81	46⅞	BauschLb .80	843	80¼	85¾	79½	85	+4½
32	25½	Baxt Lab .11	182	30¾	31½	30⅝	31½	+ ¾
40¼	34⅝	BeatFds 1.16	284	37⅞	38⅝	37⅝	38¾	+1¼
107	92	Beat Fds pf 4	1	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	— ¼
41	26⅛	Beckman .50	30	40	40⅞	40	40⅛	+ ½
44½	35¼	Bect Dick .30	45	41¾	41⅝	41	41	— ⅜
17⅞	12	Beech Air .75	38	15⅞	16¼	15⅝	15⅞	+ ½
24⅝	17	BelcoPet .50b	63	22	22¾	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
28½	23½	Beldn 1.60	2	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+ ½
26¼	16¼	BeldngH .60b	6	24¼	24½	24¼	24⅝	+ ⅛
46½	32⅛	Bell How .60	64	44⅝	44⅞	44⅝	44¾	+ ⅜
13⅝	9⅛	Bell Intrcon	37	12⅞	13	12¾	12¾	
20½	16	Bemis Co .40	3	19	19	18¾	18¾	— ¼
37½	25½	Bendix 1.60	85	33½	34⅛	33½	34	+ ½
58⅝	48¼	Bendix pf 3	15	56⅜	57½	56⅜	57½	+ ⅜
60	51¼	BenefiCp 1.60	103	56⅜	57⅞	56⅜	57⅞	+1⅝
90	80½	Benefi pf4.30	7	86⅛	86⅛	86	86⅛	+ ⅛
9½	6⅛	Benguet	211	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8¾	+ ⅛
		Benguet fn	41	7½	7⅞	7½	7½	
13¼	7⅝	Berkey Pho	131	12⅝	12⅞	12¼	12¼	— ⅜
24½	21⅛	Beth Stl 1.20	357	22	22⅛	21½	22⅛	+ ⅛
50	43½	Big Three .60	229	48	48⅛	48	48⅛	— ⅛
75	56	Black Dk .88	89	68	69	66½	66½	—1½
22⅝	16	BlairJohn .48	195	18⅝	20¼	18¾	20	+1
28⅛	20	Bliss Laug 1	29	25½	25½	25⅛	25½	
75	61¼	BlockHR .36	108	70⅝	71⅝	70¼	71½	+1½
75	53¾	Blue Bell 1.20	72	71	71	67¼	67¼	—3½
21⅛	15⅛	Bobbie Brks	123	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16⅝	
24⅞	14⅛	Boeing Co .40	510	20⅝	21	20½	20⅝	— ½
49⅝	40	BoisCas .25b	204	42⅝	42⅞	42¼	42¼	
16½	8	Bond Ind	42	12¾	12⅞	11¾	11¾	— ⅜
26¼	19⅛	BokMth 1.28	5	24⅝	24½	24⅝	24½	+ ½
28	24⅝	Borden 1.20	158	26½	26¾	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
32	26⅛	BorgWar 1.25	85	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
13⅛	10⅝	Borman .10p	62	11¾	11⅞	11⅝	11¾	+ ¼
40⅞	36½	BosEdis 2.36	10	40⅝	40½	40¼	40½	+ ⅜
115¼	105	Bos Ed pf8.88	z320	112½	112½	112½	112½	
16½	9⅞	Bourns Inc	24	15⅜	15⅞	15⅜	15¾	+ ¼
11½	8⅛	Branif Airw	81	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
64½	55	BriggSt 2.40a	19	61⅛	61¼	60⅝	60⅝	— ½
69	61⅝	Brist My 1.20	168	65	65⅝	64⅝	65	+ ¼
50	42½	BristMy pf 2	19	48½	48⅝	48¼	48⅝	+1
12	10⅛	BritPet .30g	255	10½	11⅛	10½	10⅞	+ ⅜
		BrPet fn.30g	2	10½	10½	10½	10½	
42¼	34⅛	Bdwy Hale 1	68	42¾	44⅛	42¾	43½	+ ¾
52½	43½	BdwyHal pf 2	64	50⅝	52½	50⅛	51½	+1¼
39⅛	31⅛	BrkwyGls .70	51	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38¼	+ ¼
27⅛	24⅞	BklynUG 1.72	15	26¾	27	26¾	27	
11⅝	4⅞	Brown Co	7	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
13⅞	10⅛	BwnShrp .20	2	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
40½	33⅝	BwnShoe 1.50	53	40¾	42	40¾	42	+1¾
30	18⅝	Brunswk .12	423	28	28⅝	27¾	28⅝	+ ¾
28⅝	24⅝	Bucy Er 1.20	71	27½	27¼	26⅞	26⅞	
15	11¼	Budd Co	37	12¾	13	12¾	13	+ ⅜
7⅞	6⅝	BudsF pf .60	2	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
10½	7⅛	Budget Ind	18	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	+ ⅛
42	34½	BuffForg 1.10	121	37½	37½	36½	36½	—1
27	21	BulovaW .60	44	25½	26¼	25¼	26¼	+ ⅜
15⅛	9⅝	Bunkr Ramo	276	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
46½	32¼	BunkR pf1.50	8	41½	41½	41	41	
49¾	43	Burl Ind 1.40	172	44	45¼	44	45	+1⅛
46¼	33½	BurlNor .75g	37	43	43⅝	43	43¼	+ ¼
8¼	6⅝	BurlNor pf.55	26	7½	7⅝	7	7⅝	+ ⅛
24⅞	18¼	Burndy .70	32	21½	21½	20¾	20¾	— ⅞
127¾	104½	Burrghs .60	149	120⅝	121⅞	120¼	121½	+1½
15¼	10⅝	Bush Univ	12	12	12¼	12	12	+ ⅛

C

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
50¼	40¾	Cabot Cp .70	6	47⅞	48⅛	47⅞	48⅛	+ ¼
12¾	8	Cadence Ind	104	12⅝	13¾	12⅞	13⅝	+ ⅜
9⅞	8	Cal Finanl	69	9	9⅜	9	9	
16½	10	Gallahn Mng	63	13¾	14	13½	13½	
33⅞	26¾	CampRLk .45	19	32½	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
34⅝	30	Camp Sp 1.10	116	30⅞	31	30¾	30⅞	
9	7¼	Cdn Brew .40	13	7⅜	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
71	64½	Cdn Pac 3.30	13	64	64½	63½	64	— ½
19½	14⅜	CanalR 1.10	31	17½	18	17½	17½	— ½
43½	29	Cap CBdctg	16	42¼	42¼	42	42	+ ¼
63½	48¼	Carbrun 1.50	117	57¾	58	57¾	58	+ ⅜
19⅝	16	Carlisle .60	31	18⅞	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
72	60½	CaroC&Oh 5	2240	69	71	69	71	+3
29⅞	25½	Caro PLt 1.46	102	28⅞	29⅛	28½	28⅞	+ ½
24⅞	20	Carp Tecl.60	255	22⅝	22⅝	21¾	21⅞	— ½
40⅞	33	CarrierCp .60	235	36⅝	37½	36¼	36⅝	
19¼	15⅜	CartWal .40a	93	18⅛	18¼	17¾	17⅞	
27	20⅝	CastleCk .60b	65	24¼	24⅛	24¼	24¼	+ ½
47	42⅛	CaterTr 1.20	787	47	47¾	47	47¾	+ ¾
6⅛	4⅛	CCI Corp	26	5⅝	5½	5¼	5¼	
20½	16⅝	CCICp pf1.25	7	18½	18½	18⅝	18½	+ ¼
25½	18	Ceco Corp .90	8	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
70⅝	62⅛	CelaneseCp 2	96	69¾	70	69⅝	69⅞	— ⅛
65¾	57½	Celan ptA4.50	4	61	61¼	61	61	— ¼
48¾	36½	Cenco Ins .30	53	45¾	46¼	45½	45⅞	+ ⅜
18⅛	9½	Cent Fdy	29	18	18⅝	18	18⅛	— ⅜
27	23⅞	Cen Hud 1.48	9	24¾	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	
28	25⅞	CenIIILt 1.56	22	26⅜	26⅜	26	26	— ⅛
69	61	CnIIILt pf4.50	z20	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ½
22⅝	19¾	CenIIPS 1.20	88	20⅝	20¾	20½	20½	— ⅛
26⅞	22¼	CentLaEl 1	111	23¼	23⅞	23¼	23¾	+ ⅛
21⅛	19	CenMPw 1.20	18	20⅝	20¾	20½	20½	— ⅛
51⅞	46⅛	CentSWst 2	169	48⅝	48½	48	48	— ⅛
27¼	22½	Cent Soyal	35	26	26	25½	25¾	
22⅞	19⅛	CenTelU .90b	216	21	21⅞	21	21¼	+ ⅜
19⅞	16½	Cerro Cp .80	81	16⅝	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	+ ⅛
31⅝	23½	Cert-teed .80	84	30⅝	31¼	30⅝	31⅝	+1
31	23½	Cert-ted pf.90	3	31	31½	31	31½	+1
22½	17½	CessnaAir .60	60	22¼	22⅝	22⅛	22½	+ ¼
9	7⅜	Chadbrn Inc	97	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
35½	29½	ChampS 1.20	228	32⅞	32⅞	32	32	— ½
42½	36⅝	Charter NY 2	50	41½	41⅞	41½	41⅞	+ ⅜
59	48¾	ChaseManh 2	165	57⅝	57¾	57⅛	57⅝	— ⅛
47⅝	32⅛	ChsMT 1.03g	106	47¼	47⅝	47⅛	47⅝	+ ⅞
15¼	13⅞	Chelsea .24	37	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	
30⅞	25½	Chemetron 1	13	27⅝	27½	27¼	27¼	— ¼
67¾	60¼	ChemNY 2.88	98	65½	66⅞	65⅛	66⅞	+1½
10⅞	8⅛	Chemway	48	10⅜	10⅞	10⅜	10¾	+ ⅛
38	29½	ChesVa 1.60	6	38	38½	38	38½	+ ⅛
59⅝	53	Ches Ohio 4	21	58⅝	58⅝	58⅞	58⅞	— ⅛
49¼	44½	Chesbgh 1.04	143	48¼	48½	46⅝	46⅝	—1⅞
12	7⅞	Chi East Ill	31	11¼	11⅞	11	11¼	+ ¼
18⅝	10¼	ChiMil SPP	44	15⅝	15⅞	15⅜	15⅝	— ⅛
25⅝	12½	Chi Mil SP pf	4	19¾	20¼	19¾	20¼	+ ⅞
41½	36	ChiPneuT 2	31	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	+ ⅝
21¾	15¾	ChRIP ct UP	6	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20¾	+ ¼
21¾	15¼	Ch RI ct NW	6	20½	20½	20¼	20¼	
12⅛	8	ChocFull .25r	48	11⅝	12	11⅝	11⅞	
9⅞	7⅞	Chris Craft	101	8¼	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
20½	16	ChrisCft cvpf	1	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
12	8¼	ChrisCft prpf	5	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
24¾	18	Chromall .50	49	22	22⅝	21¾	21⅞	
102	79½	Chroml pf 5	4	94	95¼	94	95¼	+1¾
29⅝	24½	Chrysir .60	497	26⅞	27¼	26¾	26⅞	
22⅞	21⅜	Cl Mtg .53g	170	21⅞	22⅛	21¾	22	+ ¼
50⅞	44⅛	Cinn Ball 2.40	18	46	46	45⅛	45⅞	— ⅞
24	23¼	Cinn Bell wi	8	23⅝	23⅝	23	23	— ¼
29½	3⅝	Cinn GE 1.56	158	26¾	26¾	26½	26½	— ⅛
46½	39⅛	CinMilac 1.40	5	43½	44	43½	44	
45⅞	42¼	CITFin 1.80	575	44⅝	45⅝	44¼	45¼	+1
114	107½	CIT pf5.50B	1	112	112	112	112	+2
113	107	CIT pf5.50C	4	112	112	112	112	+2
49⅝	44⅞	CitiesSvc 2.20	126	45⅞	46⅛	45⅞	46⅛	+ ¼
24⅛	17⅞	City Inv .50	902	22¾	23	22¼	22⅝	+ ¼
42	31	CityInv pf B2	78	40½	41	39½	39½	— ¾
11	7	City Strs	14	10¼	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜	+ ¼
42½	36	Clark Eq 1.40	45	41½	41⅝	41⅛	41½	+ ¼
24⅝	18	Clark Oil .40	218	21¾	22⅛	21¼	22¼	+ ⅞
68¾	57	Clev Clif 1.80	1	67	67	67	67	
42¾	37½	ClevElIll 2.24	53	39	39⅜	38½	38¾	— ½
18	14½	Clev Pitts	240	17	17	17	17	
41⅝	33¾	Clorox .25g	87	40	40¼	39½	39¾	— ⅛
27⅛	20	CluettPea .90	269	21⅛	22	21⅛	21½	+ ⅜
20¼	16⅝	CluettP pf 1	43	18½	18½	18⅛	18⅝	— ⅛
21¾	17½	CNA Finl .50	123	20	20¼	19¾	20	+ ¼
28½	24	CNA pf A1.10	23	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26¾	+ ¼
56¾	45⅛	Coast St Gas	4888	52⅝	52¼	50⅛	51¾	— ¾
61¼	52	CstSGs pf1.19	1	61½	61½	61½	61½	+ ⅞
94⅝	81¾	CocaCol 1.58	184	92½	93⅝	92¼	93⅛	+ ⅜
32⅞	25¼	Coca Btlg .66	163	32¾	33⅝	32¾	33⅛	+1⅛
50⅞	44½	Colg Pal 1.40	66	49¼	49½	48⅞	49¼	+ ¼
60½	51	Colg P pf3.50	z60	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	+ ¼
47	37½	Collins Alk 1	24	44⅛	44½	44⅛	44⅛	
20¼	14	Collins Rad	534	19⅝	20½	19⅝	19¾	+1⅛
38⅝	30¼	ColoIntst 1.60	50	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
22¾	16⅝	Colt Ind 1	184	20⅝	20¼	19⅝	20	
55⅞	45¼	Colt In pf4.25	11	52	52¼	52	52¼	+1
24½	19⅝	Colt In pf1.60	9	22¾	22¾	22¼	22¾	
41⅝	30⅛	CBS 1.40b	158	38⅝	39⅛	38⅝	38⅞	+ ¼
28⅝	20½	gcos pf 1	9	26⅝	26½	26¼	26½	
40¾	34	Colu Gas 1.76	173	39⅝	39¾	39⅛	39⅛	— ⅜
17⅜	11⅜	ColuPict .45r	152	15⅛	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅜
32½	28⅞	ColSoOh 1.80	24	30	30	29⅞	30	
60⅞	49	Cmb En 1.20	137	59⅝	60⅛	59⅝	60	+ ⅜
56	45⅜	CmbE pf1.70	2	54	54	54	54	+ ½
21⅞	15	ComlSolv .40	84	20	20½	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
17½	15½	ComlSol pf.90	2	16	16	16	16	+ ½
43⅞	33⅞	ComwE 2.20b	106	39¾	40¼	39½	39¾	— ⅛
122⅝	115	ComE pf9.44	10	118¾	118¾	118¼	118⅝	
27½	24½	ComE pf1.42	23	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	+ ⅛
19½	15¾	Comw Oil .60	217	16¼	16½	16¼	16¼	
33½	28⅛	ComO pf1.72	15	29⅛	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅜
13½	9	Comput Sci	195	12¼	12½	12	12	+ ⅛
74⅝	49¼	Comsat .50	151	71¾	72⅞	71¼	71¾	+ ⅞
26¾	20¾	Cone Mills 1	13	25	25	24¼	24½	— ½
29	23	ConnMtg .78g	55	28⅝	29⅝	28⅝	29¼	+ ½
25⅝	15⅛	Conrac .60	10	22⅞	22⅞	22½	22⅞	
29	25¼	Con Edis 1.80	285	26⅜	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝	
91½	83	Con Edis pf 6	3	89¼	90	89¼	90	+1
72½	64⅞	Con Edis pf 5	5	71	71⅜	71	71	
68	58	ConE pfC4.65	z420	63½	63½	63	63	
46½	39⅝	Con Fds 1.20	430	44⅝	45½	44⅞	45⅜	+ ½
113⅝	100	Con Fd pf4.50	8	110½	111	110½	111	—1
36	30⅛	Con Freght 1	571	33½	34¼	33½	34	+ ¾
8⅝	6½	Con Leasing	71	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
31⅞	28¾	ConNatG 1.88	56	30½	30½	30¼	30¼	+ ⅛
37⅝	32¼	Cons Power 2	63	34⅝	34¼	34¼	34⅜	+ ⅛
73	63¼	ConPw pf4.50	z110	66	66	66	66	— ½
63	59	ConPw pf4.16	z30	61	61	61	61	
17¼	13⅛	Cont Air Lin	136	14⅝	15⅛	14½	15⅛	+ ⅝
45¼	36¼	Cont Can 1.60	78	43	43½	42¾	43¼	+ ¼
11¼	7⅝	ContCop .07g	18	9½	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
44⅝	36¼	Contl Corp 2	101	43¼	44⅜	43¼	44⅜	+ ¾
49	41½	Ct Cp pfA2.50	8	49	49	48⅜	48⅜	+ ⅛
23¾	16⅝	Con Mtg .58g	163	23¼	23⅝	23	23⅛	+ ¼
35⅛	28⅝	Cont-Oil 1.50	191	34⅝	34⅞	34½	34⅝	+ ¼
49½	41¼	Cont Oil pf 2	3	48½	48⅞	48⅝	48⅞	+ ⅞
25¼	18¼	Cont SH .80	2	22½	22½	22½	22½	
27⅞	24¼	Cont Tel .80	332	25⅝	25⅝	25	25	— ⅝
66⅞	47	Control Data	293	62⅝	63¼	62⅛	62⅝	+ ⅜
39½	34⅝	Conwood 1.90	6	35⅝	35⅞	35⅝	35⅞	+ ⅝
35¼	29¼	Cook Unit .50	17	33¼	33¼	32½	32½	—1¼
36¾	29½	Cooperin 1.40	101	32⅛	33½	32⅛	32⅜	+ ¼
18⅝	12⅝	Cooper TR	38	16⅝	16⅞	16¼	16⅝	— ⅛
21¾	16¾	CoopT pf1.25	4	19⅝	19¾	19⅝	19¾	+ ¼
69	53	Copeland 1.20	39	67	67	66¼	66¼	— ¼
39⅛	27⅜	CoppRge .50b	52	37	37⅞	36⅝	37⅞	+1⅛
16½	12⅛	Copwld Stl 1	20	15⅞	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
35½	27½	CorinthB .07g	83	33	33¼	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅝
244	174½	CorGlW 2.50a	36	237	240¼	239	240	+1
12½	8	Cowles Com	96	10⅝	11	10⅝	10½	— ⅜
29½	17⅝	Cox Bdcst .30	20	28	28½	28	28⅞	+ ⅛
39⅛	33⅛	CPC Intl 1.70	197	36⅛	36⅝	35⅝	36	+ ⅜
20⅞	18	CredFin .72	15	19	19	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
39⅝	34⅞	CrockNtl 1.60	51	39⅛	39⅝	39¼	39⅜	+ ⅛
20	15	CrompK .80	9	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	
27⅛	21¾	CrouseHind 1	22	25⅛	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+ ⅛
16⅝	12	CrowColl .65f	122	14⅞	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
23⅝	17⅜	Crown Cork	327	21⅜	21⅝	20⅝	20¾	— ⅜
36½	30⅛	CrwnZell 1.20	56	33⅝	33⅞	33⅜	33¾	+ ⅞
24⅛	18⅛	CTS Corp .40	135	24½	26	24½	26	+2
24⅞	17⅛	Cudahy .90f	95	21⅝	21¼	21⅛	21⅜	+ ⅛
27	20½	Cudhy pf1.25	10	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+ ⅜
19½	14¼	Culligan .28	80	19	19	18¾	18¾	
43⅝	35½	CummEn .88	14	43	43⅝	42⅞	43⅝	+ ¾
12⅞	9	Cumn Drug	35	11¼	12	11¼	12	+ ⅝
15⅞	10¾	CurtissWrt	268	12¾	13⅝	12¾	13⅝	+ ⅞
29⅞	21	CurtissWr A	9	22	22⅝	21¾	22⅜	+ ⅝
36⅝	28	CutlerH 1.20	12	34¼	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝	+ ¼
27⅛	22¼	Cyclops 1	17	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
34⅞	31⅜	Cyprus Mine	60	32⅛	32⅞	32	32	— ⅛

D

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
13½	9	Dan River	47	10½	10⅞	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
33⅜	26⅝	Dana Cp 1.25	10	29	29	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
40¼	35⅛	Dart Ind .30b	280	37	37⅛	36⅝	37	+ ⅛
c47¼	41	Dart Ind pf 2	17	41⅛	42½	41¼	42½	+1
18	11⅛	Data Process	225	16⅞	17⅛	16⅝	16⅝	— ½
21¾	18	DaycoCp 1.14	66	18⅝	19⅞	18⅝	19⅞	+1⅛
79	70	Dayco pf4.25	z50	74	74	74	74	
37½	26¼	DaytnHud .50	2	34½	34½	34½	34½	
27⅞	24½	DaytnPL 1.60	30	25½	25½	25	25¼	+ ⅛
47¾	39⅝	Deere Co 2	166	42⅛	42⅞	42⅛	42½	— ½
22½	18⅝	DelmarP 1.12	320	18¾	18⅞	18⅝	18¾	— ⅛
		DelmarvP rt	1708	3-32	3-32	5-64	5-64	
29⅞	25¼	Del Mnte 1.10	82	27	27¼	26½	27¼	+ ⅜
39¾	33¼	Delta Air .50	208	35¾	36⅝	35½	36	— ⅛
7⅞	4⅞	Deltec Int	27	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
28½	22	Denn Mfg .60	184	28⅝	29½	28⅝	29	+ ⅝
25½	19½	DennMfg pf 1	2	25	25	25	25	+ ¼
12½	8⅝	DennyRst .04	314	12	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	
32½	24½	Dentsplylnt 1	24	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27¼	
60	45½	gdereco pf B	1	58½	58½	58½	58½	— ½
30¼	24	DeSotoInc .40	527	27¾	29⅝	27¾	29	+1¼
23⅞	21⅜	DetEdis 1.40	129	21⅞	21⅞	21⅝	21¾	+ ⅛
120	112	Det Ed pf9.32	z2770	117	117½	116	116	—1
90	80	Det Ed pf5.50	1	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	— ¼
22	18½	Dexter .24	9	19⅝	19¾	19¼	19¼	— ½
17⅝	13	DialFinan .40	13	16¾	16¾	16¼	16½	— ⅜
47	38½	DiamIntl 1.80	42	46	46	45½	45½	— ¼
25¼	20½	Diam Sham 1	199	21¾	21⅞	21½	21½	— ⅛
36½	30	Dia Sh pfC 2	18	32⅞	33	32½	32⅞	+ ⅛
19¾	16½	DiaS pf D1.20	39	18	18¼	18	18¼	— ⅛
12¼	9⅛	Dictaphone	116	10⅞	11⅛	10⅞	11	
77⅝	65¼	Diebold .48b	65	75	75½	74½	74½	
17⅝	12¾	DiGiorg .60	80	15	15½	14½	14½	— ¾
73¼	52½	Digital Equip	88	63½	63½	62	62⅝	+ ⅞
17½	11¾	Dillinghm .40	68	17	17¼	16¾	17¼	
36	29	Dilling pf B 2	1	36	36	36	36	
24½	19¾	Dillon Co .64	11	22½	22¾	22½	22½	— ⅛
109¾	77	Disney .20	303	102¼	103⅝	102	103¼	+2½
56¾	49	DistSeag 1.20	2	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞	+ ⅞
14½	8⅝	Diversind .36	105	13	13⅝	13	13⅝	+ ⅞
28⅞	22⅛	DivMge 1.03g	80	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅜
29⅛	22⅛	DrPepper .36	26	28½	29	28½	29	+ ⅜
69⅞	56½	DomeMns .80	6	68½	68⅝	68⅛	68⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	9⅛	DomFnd .35g	28	9¼	9½	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
26½	18⅝	Donnelley .44	33	25⅞	25⅞	25⅛	25½	— ⅜
27⅝	23⅝	Dorlc Cp .32	19	27⅝	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝	+ ⅜
12⅞	8¼	Dorr Oliver	15	11⅛	11¾	11⅛	11¾	+ ½
46¼	39¼	Dover Cp .75	7	43	43	43	43	
89⅛	72¼	DowChm 2.60	282	86½	87⅛	86⅝	87¼	+ ⅜
48	35	DravoCp 1.40	6	38¼	38½	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	31⅝	Dressind 1.40	98	35¼	35⅞	35¼	35⅜	+ ⅝
41⅝	35⅝	Dress pf 2.20	34	38½	39⅜	38½	39½	+ ⅞
37⅛	33½	Dressr pfB 2	1	37	37	37	37	
31½	25⅝	Dryefus Cp 1	35	30½	31	30½	31	+ ¼
27⅞	23⅝	Duke Pw 1.40	221	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅛
115¾	107¼	Duke pf8.70	z510	111	111	110¼	110¼	—1¾
104½	97¼	Duke pf6.75	5	101	101	101	101	+ ½
64¼	52½	DunBrd 1.20a	27	57⅜	58⅜	57⅜	58⅜	+1⅛
44⅛	26	Duplan .60t	75	41⅝	42¼	41½	41¾	+ ¼
148	129½	duPont 1.25g	143	139⅝	141	138⅝	140¼	+2
77¾	69	duPont pf4.50	10	75⅝	77¼	75⅝	76¾	+1
60½	53	duPont pf3.50	3	58⅝	58⅝	58⅜	58⅝	+ ¼
26¾	24½	Duq Lt 1.66	134	24⅝	24⅞	24½	24⅝	+ ¼
31½	28	DuqLt 4pf 2	z150	29¼	29¼	29	29	+ ¾
28⅞	25½	Dq 3.75pf1.87	z290	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	+1¼
15⅞	9⅝	Dymo Ind	12	13¾	14	13⅝	13¾	
8¼	5⅞	Dynam Am	67	7⅞	8	7¾	7¾	

E

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29⅝	24	EaglePic .90	21	27¼	27½	27⅛	27⅜	— ⅛
24	18⅝	Easco Cp .90	11	22⅝	23	22⅝	23	+ ⅜
23⅞	14⅝	East Air Lin	778	21¼	21⅞	21¼	21⅜	+ ⅛
43¾	34	EastGs .34t	150	43⅝	45	43¼	44⅝	+1⅜
22⅝	19⅝	East Util 1.40	9	20⅝	20⅝	20½	20½	— ⅛
80	72	EasKodak 1a	378	78	78⅛	77⅝	77⅝	— ½
39⅝	34	EatonYa 1.40	104	38½	38½	37¾	38	— ⅜
39¼	34⅝	Eaton pf1.19	1	38	38	38	38	+ ⅝
40	30¼	Echlin Mf .60	2	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	
48½	33¾	EckerdJ .28	73	42¾	43¾	42⅝	43½	+1
37	28⅝	EdisonBros 1	6	33	33½	33	33½	+ ½
19⅝	14¼	EG&G .10	75	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	19	+ ½
8½	4⅝	Elect Assoc	23	7⅞	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
85¼	73⅝	Electn Data	73	85½	85⅝	84	84	— ¾
13½	8	El Mem Mag	778	13¼	13⅝	12⅞	13⅛	+ ¼
13⅝	10½	ElMMag pf 1	18	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	Elgin Nat	41	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	
19¼	17½	ElPasoNG 1	841	19⅛	20	19⅛	19⅞	+ ⅜
29⅝	26¼	EltraCp 1.20	36	27½	27½	27⅜	27½	+ ¼
5⅞	4	EMI Ltd .09g	308	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	
72¼	65¾	EmerEl 1.16	123	69⅞	70⅞	69⅞	70¾	+ ⅝
50	46⅛	EmEl pf B.90	8	49	49	48⅝	48⅝	+ ¼
69¾	56½	EmeryAirF 1	23	66½	67	66½	67	+ ¼
40⅝	32¾	Embart 1.20	6	38¼	38⅝	38	38¼	+ ¼
32⅝	25⅝	EmpDist 1.76	8	30	30	30	30	
23⅞	17⅞	Empire Gas	71	20½	21⅝	20½	21⅛	+ ⅞
31⅝	26¼	EngthMin .40	199	31⅛	31⅝	31	31¼	
13½	10⅝	EnnisBF .60b	62	10½	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	
36⅝	34	Equit Gs 2.20	5	34⅝	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜	— ⅛
33	28¾	EquitLfe .40g	35	32⅝	33⅛	32⅝	33⅛	+ ¼
42¾	23⅞	EqutyFd .10g	321	42½	43⅝	42⅝	43	+ ⅝
27⅞	21⅛	ESB Inc 1.20	23	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	
17⅞	13⅛	Esquire .30	12	15⅛	15⅛	15¼	15¼	
44½	33⅛	Essexint 1.20	94	43½	43½	43	43¼	+ ⅜
16⅞	10	Esterlin .07g	77	14⅝	14¾	14	14	— ⅜
28½	23	Ethyl Cp .84	76	26⅜	27⅛	26⅞	27	— ⅛
43	35	Ethyl pf2.40	53	39½	40	39½	40	+1
20⅝	18⅝	Eurofnd .95g	20	20⅝	20⅝	20½	20½	— ¼
47⅝	40⅝	EvansPrd .60	18	42½	43⅞	42⅝	42⅞	+ ⅜
24½	19⅛	ExCellO 1.25	53	21⅝	20⅝	19⅞	20⅛	— ⅛

F

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
20⅞	12⅞	Faberge .40	325	20½	20⅝	19⅞	20½	— ⅝
44⅛	38⅝	FactorA .60b	31	42	42	41½	41½	— ½
40⅝	21½	Nairch Cam	253	39	40	39	39⅞	+1½
13⅝	8⅝	Fair Hill .30a	89	11¼	11¼	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅝
20½	16½	Fairmont 1	36	17⅞	18	17½	17½	— ¼
8⅞	5¾	Falstaff	68	7⅞	8	7⅝	7⅞	— ⅛
17¼	14	Family Fl .60	37	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ½
16⅛	12½	Fansteel Inc	138	13	13	12½	12½	— ⅛
16¼	13⅛	Far West Fin	26	14½	15	14½	15	+ ⅜
45	24⅝	FarahMfg .44	31	42¾	43¼	42⅝	42⅞	+ ⅛
8⅝	5⅝	FAS Intl	88	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
47½	38	Fedders .40	77	45⅞	46	45¼	45¼	— ¼
32⅛	23½	Federal 1.20	25	31	31	30½	30¾	+ ⅛
30¼	26⅜	FedMog 1.80	47	29¼	29⅝	29⅜	29½	+ ¼
69½	55½	FedNMtg .96	1117	66⅞	67½	66⅝	66⅞	— ⅛
17⅞	14	FedPacEl	9	16⅝	16½	16⅝	16⅝	
23½	18⅜	FedPapBd 1	1	23	23	23	23	+ ¼
24	16	FedSignS .60	43	19⅝	21½	19⅝	21½	+2
11⅝	6⅞	Federals Inc	47	10½	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	
46	38⅛	Fed DeptStr 1	145	44⅝	44⅞	44⅝	44½	+ ¼
10¼	7¼	Federal Dev	6	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
35	26⅛	Fibrebrd .70	26	31	31⅝	31	31⅞	+ ¼
39¼	34⅝	FieldcIM .40	47	36½	37	36½	36⅝	
28⅞	22½	Filtrol 1.40	8	25	25	24⅞	24⅞	
19⅛	15⅛	Fin Federatn	117	17¼	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
51	47⅛	Firestne 1.60	75	49½	49⅞	49⅛	49⅝	+ ⅜
51	41¼	Fst Chrt 1.84t	27	48⅝	49	48⅝	48⅞	+ ⅛
31¼	23⅞	FstMtg .55g	94	30¾	31⅞	30¾	31⅝	+ ¾
76⅛	65¾	FstNatBos 3	4	74⅝	74⅝	74½	74½	— ⅛
73⅞	66½	FstNCity 2.64	179	73½	74½	73⅝	74½	+1⅛
49½	40	FstNStr .50g	7	46½	46⅞	46½	46⅞	+ ⅜
38	32⅝	Fischbch .80	7	38	38⅝	38	38⅝	+ ⅜
18	12⅝	FishrFd .05g	89	16½	17⅛	16½	17⅛	+ ⅛
18	10⅝	Fisher Sci .16	89	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16¼	+ ⅜
39⅛	29½	FleetEnt .16	72	34¾	35	34⅝	34½	
13½	10¾	Fleming .50	58	13⅛	13½	13⅛	13¼	
29⅞	26¼	Flintkote 1	24	28⅝	28⅝	28½	28½	— ⅛
41¼	36½	Flint pfB 2.25	1	39	39	39	39	+1
37	26½	FlaE Coast	9	34⅛	34½	34¼	34¼	
29⅛	23⅛	Fla Gas .60	222	28¾	28½	28	28⅛	— ⅜
57⅛	50½	Fla Pow 1.68	24	51⅝	51⅝	51	51	— ½
76¼	68⅛	FlaPwLt 2.12	72	72	72	71½	71¾	— ½
22½	18½	Fla Steel 1	8	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
29¼	24⅛	FluorCp 1.23f	49	25⅝	26	25½	26	+ ¼
30	23⅝	FMC Cp .85	205	29⅝	29½	29⅝	29½	+ ⅛
45	38	FMC pf2.25	3	41¼	42	41¼	42	+ ½
19¾	18	Food Fair .90	22	19	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
9⅞	7⅝	Foote CB .60	31	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
15⅛	12	Foote Min	116	13⅝	15⅛	13⅝	15⅛	+1⅝
29½	26⅝	Foote pf 2.20	12	28⅝	29¼	28⅝	29¼	+ ⅞
62	54	FordM 2.40	539	60⅝	60⅞	60⅝	60½	+ ⅛
24⅞	21⅛	ForMcKs .80	43	21⅞	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ½
41¼	35½	FMcK pf1.80	15	36¾	37⅛	36½	36⅞	+ ⅛
25	18½	Fost Whl .80	22	23¾	24½	23¾	24⅝	+ ⅜
19¼	15¼	Fost Whl pf 1	8	19	19½	19	19½	+ ½
40½	24⅝	Foxboro	16	38⅝	38⅝	38	38½	+ ⅛
22	17	Frank Str .40	7	20	20¼	19¾	20¼	+ ⅜
22⅛	16⅝	FreeptSul .30	222	21⅞	21⅞	21¼	21½	
35⅛	30¾	Fruehf 1.70	53	33½	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	
24½	13½	Fuqua In .45t	122	22⅝	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛	+ ½

G

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
27⅞	19¼	GAC Cp .80	182	25¼	26⅛	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅝
15⅞	12⅝	GAF Corp .40	141	13⅛	13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	+ ⅛
23⅝	20	GAF pf 1.20	23	20⅝	21	20½	21	+ ½
48¼	34⅝	gsam Sko 1.30	73	47⅝	47⅝	46¾	46¾	— ⅜
49½	38⅝	GamS pf 1.75	14	48½	48½	47¼	47¼	— ⅝
48	34½	GamS pf 1.60	9	46⅝	47	46⅝	46⅞	+ ¼
43⅛	32⅝	Gannett .48	17	42½	42¾	42½	42¾	+ ⅜
48⅞	35⅝	GardDen 1.30	44	47¼	48⅛	47	48	+ ⅞
21⅝	17¼	Garlock .80	5	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
8¼	5½	Gateway Ind	9	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
16¾	10¼	GCA Corp	44	16½	16¾	16¼	16¾	+ ⅞
18½	13⅝	Gemini Cap	29	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	17	
13	11¼	Geminin .56a	2	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	
24¼	20⅜	GenAInv .91g	11	23½	24⅜	23⅝	23⅝	— ¼
45	37⅝	GAmOil .60b	32	42½	43½	42½	42¾	— ⅛
49¾	42	GATran 1.60	86	47⅝	48⅛	47⅝	47⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	12⅛	Gen Banc .56	11	13¾	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
26¼	19¾	GnCable .80	175	24½	24¾	24	24¼	+ ¼
40⅞	31⅞	Gen Cig 1.20	3	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35¼	+ ⅜
30½	24¾	GnDevel .32t	7	28⅝	28¾	28⅝	28¾	+ ¼
29¼	18½	Gen Dynam	104	25⅝	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
112½	93	Gen Elec 2.60	379	111¾	112½	111⅝	111⅞	+ ⅛
12⅝	9⅞	GenFire .14g	19	11	11¼	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
88⅝	80⅝	GenFds 2.80	159	84¼	85	84¼	84⅞	+ ½
43⅝	40⅜	GenFds wi	8	42¼	42⅝	42⅛	42⅝	+ ¼
23	9½	Gen Host	312	23	23¼	21¾	21¾	—1⅛
25⅝	16½	Gen Inst .30t	95	23⅝	24⅝	23⅝	24⅜	+ ⅝
42	36½	Geninstr pf 3	1	40	40	40	40	+ ½
36½	31	GenMills .96	101	34⅞	35½	34⅞	35¼	+ ⅜
85	76⅞	Gen Mot 2.85g	227	83⅝	84	83⅜	83⅞	— ⅛
84	76	GenMot Spf 5	16	81⅞	82½	81¾	82½	
30⅞	27	GenPCem .80	112	29¼	30	29¼	29¾	+ ⅜
25⅛	21¾	G PubUt 1.60	209	24	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
14⅛	9¼	Gen Refract	24	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12⅝	
61⅞	55	GenSignl 1.20	26	59	59⅝	59	59⅝	
106	98¾	GenSignl pf 4	2	102	102	102	102	
14⅞	12⅝	Gen Stl Ind	639	14	16¼	14	15⅝	+1⅝
35⅛	30	GnTelEl 1.52	465	33⅞	34⅝	33⅝	34⅝	+ ⅝
46⅝	39	GTelEl pf2.50	5	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	
25½	21⅛	Gen Tire 1b	98	24⅝	25	24¼	24⅝	—2
39¾	27½	Genesco 1.70	34	38½	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
12¾	10	Genster .40e	8	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
42½	35⅛	GenuinPt .87	23	40⅜	41⅞	40⅜	41⅜	+1⅛
60⅛	54	GaPacif .80b	168	56⅝	56⅛	55½	55⅝	— ⅜
85	76¾	GaPcf pf 1.64	3	79	79	79	79	+ ½
47	39⅛	Gerber Pd 1.20	172	47⅛	47⅝	47⅛	47⅝	+ ⅜
86⅝	68⅛	GettyO 1.13g	43	83⅝	84⅛	83⅝	84	— ⅛
21	17¾	GettyO pf1.20	3	19⅛	19⅛	19	19	
15	12⅞	GlanPC .40b	111	15	15½	15	15½	+ ½
27½	21½	Gibralt Fin	8	24	24½	24	24	+ ⅝
5	4	Gidd Lewis	29	14	14	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
50⅞	42¼	Gillette 1.40	186	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
45½	36	Gimbel Br 1	32	41⅝	41	40½	40¾	—1⅛
23½	16⅞	Ginos Inc	72	21	21	20	20	— ⅝
10⅝	7⅛	Glen Alden	113	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
74	50½	Glen Ald pf 3	1	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	13⅛	Global Marin	102	20½	20⅝	20	20	— ½
27⅛	14¼	Globe gun .40	365	27⅛	27⅞	27	27	— ⅝
30⅞	25⅝	Goodrich 1	99	28⅞	29⅝	28⅞	29	+ ⅛
33	29¼	Goodyr .85	549	30⅝	31	30⅝	30⅝	— ¼
21⅛	13¾	GorJwlyA.24	25	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ¼
38⅛	30⅝	Gouldinc 1.40	6	34	34	34	34⅝	+ ⅛
35⅛	27⅞	Grace 1.50	102	33¾	34	33½	33½	+ ⅛
27	20½	Granby 1.60	20	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	
33	25	GrandUn .80	43	31	31¼	30¾	30¾	
14⅞	11⅝	GraniCity 1l	99	14½	14⅞	14⅝	14½	
34⅞	22½	Granitvlle 1	81	27⅛	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	+ ½
63½	46	Grant W 1.50	244	60¼	61¼	60¼	61	+ ¾
35	23⅝	GrayDrg 1.20	17	32½	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝	+ ⅜
33½	27¼	Grt A&P 1.30	53	30⅝	30⅝	30	30¼	+ ⅛
40½	33¼	GtLkDr 1.20a	1	37½	37½	37½	37½	
12	10	GtNorIron 1e	9	11	11	11	11	
50⅛	43½	GtNoNek 1.60	13	48	48	47¾	47¾	+ ⅛
28⅛	21¾	GNN pfB 1.60	2	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	
14⅛	12¼	GtNN pfA.40	4	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
28	22½	Gt West Finl	171	27	27	26⅝	26¾	+ ⅛
34	25⅛	GtWnUnit .90	32	32	32	31¼	31⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	19⅝	GWUn pf 1.88	10	22⅝	22½	22½	22½	+
10⅛	6¾	GtWashin .50	2	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
28¼	24⅛	Grn Giant .96	11	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
39	30⅝	Grn Shoe 1.20	94	40	40⅞	39⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
21⅝	15⅛	Greyhound 1	322	21	21⅝	20⅞	21⅜	+ ⅜
26	19¾	GrummnCp 1	71	24¾	24⅞	24½	24⅝	+ ½
44½	31¾	GlfLfHld .25g	59	41¾	42¼	41½	42	+ ¼
89½	66¾	GlfMOh 2.80a	8	83¾	84⅛	83½	83½	
87	81¼	GulfMOh pf 5	2	87	87	86⅛	86⅛	+ ½
32⅝	28¼	Gulf Oil 1.50	886	29¾	29⅝	29⅛	29½	— ⅛
13⅝	8⅞	Gulf Resrce	39	11⅞	12	11¾	11¾	
17⅛	12⅝	GulfRes pf.20	1	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
22½	7⅜	GlfRes pf.30	7	21	21½	20⅞	20⅞	+ ¼
26¾	21¾	GlfStUtl 1.04	148	23⅜	23½	23¼	23¼	— ⅛
28⅛	19	Gulf Wn .50	753	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅝	+ ¾
97	62½	GulfW pf1.75	5	95	97	94½	97	+4
116¼	80	GulfW pf 3.50	5	117¼	120	117¼	118½	+2½
58	47¼	GulfW pf 3.87	14	57¼	58½	57⅝	58½	+1½
12⅝	8¼	Gulton Ind	38	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11¼	— ⅛

H

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
41	35	HackWat 2.20	7	38	38	37¾	38	— ½
38⅛	32¼	Hall Pr 1.60a	1	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	
58	46¼	Halliburt 1.05	58	55¼	56	55¼	55⅞	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	Hamil Wat	356	6	7	6	6⅝	+ ¾
26⅞	22⅛	Hamm Pap 1	14	26	26⅛	26	26	— ¼
13⅞	9½	Hammnd .40	58	12½	12¾	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
42⅞	35⅝	Handimn .68	21	40¾	40⅞	40½	40¾	+ ¼
23⅞	18⅝	Hand Har .72	10	21⅝	21⅝	21¼	21⅜	+ ⅛
23⅛	16¼	Hanas Cp .50	61	20⅛	20⅝	20	20	
56	49½	Hanna M 1.30	13	56	56⅝	56	56¼	+ ½
48	35⅛	Harcourt 1	55	44⅝	44⅞	44⅛	44⅞	+ ¼
67¼	56⅝	Harris Int 1	33	66⅝	66⅝	66½	66⅝	— ⅛
23¼	17⅛	Harsco Cp 1	35	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	+ ⅛
29	25⅞	HartSMrx .80	15	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
26	19	HarvAl 1.20	9	23½	23½	23½	23⅝	
33⅝	29	Hawll El 1.44	41	29⅝	29⅝	29¼	29¼	
19½	14¼	Hayes Aln 1	14	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17½	— ⅛
11½	8	Hazeltine	47	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
6¾	4	HCA Ind	6	5½	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
25⅞	21⅞	HeclaMn .17r	64	24⅞	25	24¾	24⅞	+ ⅛
43	33⅝	Heinz HJ 1	60	42¼	42¼	42⅛	42½	
11⅛	8⅝	Helene Curt	28	10	10⅛	10	10	+
28⅞	24	Heller Inf .60	401	26⅝	27⅞	26⅛	27⅝	+1⅛
123	104½	Heller pf4.07	6	119	119	119	119	+3½
17⅝	15	HelmPd .40	43	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16	+ ¼
25½	21⅝	HelmrhP .20	66	23⅝	23⅝	23	23¼	
4¾	3⅛	Hemisph Cap	8	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4¼	
31	26¼	HershF 1.10	6	29⅝	29⅞	29⅛	29⅞	+ ½
50⅛	43	Heulein .85	80	44⅝	44⅝	44⅛	44⅝	+ ⅜
44⅝	29½	Hew Pack .20	x85	40½	40⅝	40½	40½	— ⅜
15⅝	8⅝	Hlh Volte	54	14⅝	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
51⅛	39½	Hilton Hotl 1	69	49½	49⅞	49½	49⅝	+ ⅜
48⅛	40½	Hoart 1.20	17	47½	47⅞	47¼	47⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	23⅛	HoernWal .90	240	29⅝	30	29⅛	29⅞	+ ¼
17	6⅞	Hoff Electrn	160	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅛
44⅞	34⅝	Hollyinn .25	108	43	43⅝	42¾	43¼	+ ⅜
66⅝	52⅛	HolldyA .85f	5	64½	64½	64½	64½	— ½
20⅝	14	HollySug .30e	22	15⅝	15¼	15	15	— ⅜
29¾	22⅛	Homestke .40	77	28⅝	28⅝	28⅛	28¾	— ⅛
116½	92⅞	Honywll 1.30	1297	102⅝	103½	102	102⅝	+ ⅜
32¾	27¼	HoovrBl 1.20	8	31	31	30½	31	
41	22½	HospltCp Am	736	39¼	39½	38¼	38⅛	
37½	28⅝	Host Intl .36	738	36⅞	37½	36⅞	37½	+1
14⅞	11¾	Houdaille .60	50	13⅝	13⅞	13½	13½	+ ⅛
32	27½	Houdl pf 2.25	1	31¼	31⅛	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
18½	15	Houg Mfr .40	60	16½	16¼	15⅞	16	— ⅛
50	41⅝	HousehF 1.20	61	49½	49½	48⅝	48⅞	— ⅜
58¼	48⅝	HousF pf2.50	28	54	54⅝	54	54⅝	+1¼
74⅝	65⅝	HousF pf2.37	5	73	73	73	73	+ ½
49¾	45	HousLP 1.20	323	47¼	47⅝	47¼	47⅞	+ ⅞
49⅞	43	HoustNGs .80	77	47¼	48⅛	47¼	48	
53⅞	49½	HouG pf2.50	5	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅛
29¾	20⅝	How John .24	236	27	27¼	26⅞	27¼	+ ¼
22⅝	17⅝	Howmet .70	191	20¼	21⅛	20¼	20⅞	+ ⅜
25½	22¼	Huerd .72g	80	24⅛	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
24	19⅝	Hud Bay 1.20	2	23½	23½	23¼	23¼	
14	11	Hugh Hat .40	16	12	12⅝	12	12⅛	+ ⅜
21¾	16	Hunt Chm .12	6	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛

I

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
38	32	IdahoPw 1.60	51	33¼	34¼	33¼	34¼	+ ⅝
17¼	13⅜	Ideal Bas .60	26	16¼	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	
35¼	29	Ill Cent 1.14	20	34⅝	35	34⅝	35	+ ⅛
60½	50	Ill Cen pf3.50	6	58⅝	58⅝	57⅞	57⅞	—1
46¾	39	Ill Powr 2.20	27	43¾	43⅝	43⅛	43½	+ ⅛
16⅝	13⅛	Imprl Cp Am	342	15⅛	16	15½	15½	
43⅝	34⅞	INA Co 1.40	73	41½	41½	41⅛	41⅛	
12⅝	9⅝	Income Capit	9	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	
10⅞	9¾	Inc CCu .36a	2	10½	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
30¾	25⅞	Indian Hd .80	12	29½	29½	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
30⅝	28⅛	IndnaGs 1.72	1	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
30	25⅝	IndpIsPL 1.50	54	25⅞	26	25⅞	25⅞	
20½	16¼	Indstl Nat .90	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
51	45	Inger Rand 2	60	50¾	50¾	50½	50½	— ¼
42	37⅝	InRd pf2.35	7	41⅞	41⅞	41⅝	41⅝	
12⅝	10⅛	Inmont Corp	129	11⅝	11½	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
20¾	15⅝	Insilco .70	17	18¾	19⅛	18¾	19⅛	+ ⅜
24	19⅝	Insilc pfA1.25	2	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
51	40⅝	InspirCop 2	48	44⅝	45¼	44¾	45¼	+ ½
47	40¼	Interco 1.20	13	44½	44¾	44½	44½	+ ¼
27¾	24¼	Intrikinc 1.80	12	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	+ ¼
365¾	310	IBM 5.20	185	358½	359	356¼	356	+2
57	2¼	Int Chm Nclr	134	54	54¾	54	54½	+ ¾
73	63	IntFlaFr .60	26	72¾	73⅝	72¾	73⅝	+ ⅞
33⅞	27½	Int Harv 1.80	784	30½	30½	28¼	28½	—2½
15⅝	13¾	IntHold .23g	7	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	8¼	Int Indust	85	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
14¼	11⅛	Int Mng	25	12¼	12⅞	12½	12¾	+ ¼
46¾	42⅝	In Nick 1.60a	314	44½	44⅝	43½	43¾	— ⅝
38¾	33⅝	Int Pap 1.50	186	37⅛	37⅜	36½	37	— ⅜
66½	60½	Int Pap pf 4	z10	64	64	64	64	
9⅝	6⅝	Int Rectifier	162	8⅝	9⅝	8⅝	9⅛	+ ⅜
61⅞	49	Int T&T 1.15	292	59½	59½	59	59¼	— ¼
206½	165½	IntT&T pfC 4	z120	198½	198½	198½	198½	—1½
175	146⅛	IntT&T pfF 4	1	169½	169½	169½	169½	—2½
109	93¾	IT&T pH 4.50	2	109	109	109	109	+1
102¼	87	IntT&T pfK4	19	100	102½	100	102½	+2½
79	71⅝	IntTT pfL 5.5	z20	76	76	76	76	—1
77½	62	IT&TpfN 2.25	198	74	74	73½	73⅝	+ ⅜
46⅝	35½	Int Util 1.40	253	43⅝	44⅝	43½	43⅞	+ ⅜
50½	39⅝	Int Util A	23	48⅝	49⅝	48⅝	49	+ ⅝
35	27¼	Interpace 1	19	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	33⅛	— ¼
100	80¼	Interpace pf 5	4	99	100	99	100	+1
21⅝	16⅝	IntsBrand .90	32	20⅝	21½	20⅝	21½	+ ⅞
20⅝	18	IntersPw 1.28	23	19⅝	19½	19¼	19½	+ ⅜
19	13½	Interst Strs	35	17⅝	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝	
35	27⅛	Iowa Beef	86	28⅝	28⅝	27⅝	28⅝	
22	19⅝	Iowa El 1.30	53	20¼	20⅝	20	20⅛	
24	20⅜	IolallGs 1.38	40	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
26⅞	24⅝	IowaPow 1.60	16	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞	+ ⅛
24⅝	21	IowaPSv 1.36	9	23⅝	24⅛	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
24⅝	20	Ipco-Hosp .34	x11	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
31⅛	26⅛	ITE Imp .60	56	28¼	28¼	27⅞	28	— ⅛
43⅝	29½	Itek Corp	414	43¼	44⅝	42⅝	43¾	+1⅛

J-K

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15½	8⅝	JacksnAll .24	67	14⅝	15¼	14⅝	15	+ ⅜
10	6⅝	JacksAt pf.40	17	9½	9½	9½	9½	+ ⅛
244	14⅝	Jantzen .60	7	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛
11⅝	8⅝	JapnFd 1.61g	79	10¼	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝	+
		JapF fn1.61g	11	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	
36	27	JeffnPilot .80	39	35½	35⅝	35	35	— ⅛
115½	110	JerCP pf9.36	z60	114⅝	114⅝	114½	114½	
65½	51½	Jewel Co 1.50	79	65⅝	65⅝	64⅝	65	
40¼	34⅝	Jim Walt .50	93	38½	39⅝	38¼	38⅞	+ ⅜
45⅝	38	JimW pf 1.60	159	42½	43⅝	42⅝	43½	+1⅛
46⅛	39⅝	JohnMan 1.20	209	40½	41⅝	40½	41⅝	+1⅛
80½	56⅝	JohnJoh .40a	87	74¼	76⅝	74¼	75¼	+1⅞
36¾	27¾	Johns Svc .80	40	33¾	33¾	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
59¾	48	JonLogn .80	39	58	58⅝	57¾	58⅝	+ ⅜
13⅞	9¼	Jones Lau	9	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12¼	+ ⅜
59½	44½	JoneLau pf 5	z60	50	50½	50	50½	+ ½
23	21⅞	Jorgense 1.30	3	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	+ ⅛
34¼	26⅝	Jostens .70	10	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ⅛
54⅝	47⅝	Joy Mfg 1.40	41	53½	53½	53¼	53¼	+ ⅛
38¼	33⅝	Kaisr Alum 1	307	35⅝	36¼	35⅝	36	
79	78	Kais 66pf 4.75	2	73½	74½	73½	74½	— ⅜
24	20	KaisrCem .30	6	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	20¾	KaiCm pf1.37	5	21⅝	21⅝	21¼	21⅝	
24⅝	17⅝	KaneMlr .02g	62	22¼	22½	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
37⅛	34⅝	KCtyPLt 2.08	16	36½	36⅝	36½	36½	+ ⅛
58	56	KC PL pf 4	240	57¼	57¼	57	57	
39½	34½	KC Sou Ind 2	1	37½	37½	37½	37½	+ ¼
26	24⅝	Kan GE 1.44	20	26	26⅝	25⅞	26	
c27⅝	25¼	KanPLt 1.28	2	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
16⅝	9⅛	Katy Ind	140	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
41⅞	32⅝	Katy In pf wi	38	41¼	41⅝	40¾	41⅝	+ ⅛
59¾	43	Kauf Brd .20	140	56⅝	58⅝	56⅝	58⅝	+1⅛
17½	13	KawecB .20b	16	16⅝	16⅝	16	16⅛	— ⅛
28½	21⅝	KayserRo .60	32	26⅛	26⅝	26	26	— ⅛
69⅞	54⅝	Keebler 1.40	7	68	68⅝	68	68⅝	+1
32	28⅝	Keller Ind .60	13	29⅝	30⅝	29⅝	30⅝	+ ⅜
26⅝	22⅝	Kellogg 1	30	24⅝	25⅛	24½	24⅝	2
35⅝	26¼	KelseyH 1.30	13	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	
42¼	28⅝	Kendall .60	25	37⅝	38	37	37	— ⅝
28⅝	25⅛	Kennmtl .80b	8	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	
42¼	34	Kennecott 2	251	37	37⅝	36⅞	37	— ⅛
22	17¼	KyFrChk .10	368	20	20⅛	19⅝	20	+ ½
32⅝	28	Ky Util 1.48	18	31	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
129	104⅝	KerMcG 1.50	46	123⅝	123⅝	122	122⅛	—1⅝
99	89	KerMc pf4.50	1	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	— ⅛
20⅞	17½	Keystone 1.20	14	19	19¼	18⅞	19¼	+ ¼
32	24½	Kidde Co .60t	205	30	31½	29½	31	+1⅛
58	47¼	Kidd pfB 4	9	56½	57½	56½	57½	+1
68	54½	Kidd pf A2.20	4	65	67	65	67	+2
34⅝	30⅝	KimbClk 1.20	67	34	34	33¼	33¾	
18¼	17⅝	KingsDStr n	75	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17⅜	— ⅛
35½	28¼	Kinney Sv .25	727	35⅛	36¼	35⅛	35⅞	+ ⅛
c70½	56	Kinney pf1.25	32	70¾	72½	70¾	72	+2
68¾	56⅝	Kinney pf.80	8	71	71	71	71	+2¼
54⅞	45	Koch Co 1	22	51¼	51½	51¼	51½	+ ¾
58⅝	48¼	KLM 2.22e	31	55⅝	56½	55⅝	56¼	+1⅝
56⅝	43⅝	KnghtN .25g	x13	55⅝	55⅝	55⅛	55⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	18	Koehring	34	19⅝	19⅝	19	19⅛	
39⅝	36⅝	Koeh pf 2.75	1	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ⅛
37	31⅝	Koppers 1.60	10	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	36	+ ⅜
62½	54½	Koppr pf 4	3	60	60	60	60	—1
19½	9½	Korvacorp Ind	30	17⅝	17⅝	17	17	
45⅝	40⅝	Kraftco 1.70	18	44	44⅝	43⅝	44⅝	
76½	56⅝	Kresge SS .44	241	71⅝	72½	71⅝	72½	+1
29⅝	23¼	Kroehler	4	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28½	
42½	36⅝	Kroger 1.30	176	42⅛	42⅝	42⅛	42¼	+ ⅛

L

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
24⅝	23½	Laci Gas 1.45	8	23⅞	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
21¼	18⅛	Lamsn Sess 1	6	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	+ ⅛
29⅝	21⅝	LaneBryn .65	37	28½	29¾	28½	29¾	+1⅛
45¾	37⅝	Lanv Ritz .68	13	39⅝	40⅛	39⅝	40¼	+ ⅝
12	8	Latrobe Stl	4	10¼	10¼	10	10¼	
16⅝	12⅛	LearSieg .50	323	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	14	+ ⅜
43½	35¼	LearSg pf2.25	43	39⅝	40½	39⅝	40½	+1⅛
22¼	15¼	Leasco Corp	151	19⅝	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
37	27½	Leasco pf2.20	22	33⅝	33⅝	33¼	33⅛	— ⅛
30¼	25⅛	Leaseway .50	62	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
31⅝	25½	LeedsN .50	x26	30⅝	31	30⅝	30⅝	
20⅝	14	Leesona .40	8	18⅝	18	18	18	
15⅞	13	LehPCem .40	18	14	14⅝	14	14⅛	— ⅛
6⅞	3⅞	LehVal Ind	192	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5½	— ⅛
18⅝	16⅝	Lehmn 1.17g	42	18½	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
29⅝	22½	Lenox Inc .50	40	29⅝	29½	29⅛	29⅝	+ ¼
13⅝	11⅛	LeverFd Cap	25	12⅝	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅛
13¾	11⅝	Lev Finc .75a	13	12¾	13	12¾	13	+ ⅛
11⅝	7⅝	LFE Cp	41	10½	10⅞	10½	10⅞	+ ⅛
9	6¾	LFE Cp pf.50	3	8¾	8⅝	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
50¼	40¾	LibOFd .50g	55	49⅝	49½	47¾	48⅛	— ⅜
85½	74	Lib OF pf4.75	3	85	85	85	85	
8⅛	6⅛	LibbMcN L	39	7¼	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ⅛
23½	17½	LibrtyCp .20a	106	21⅝	21⅞	21	21⅝	+ ⅝
22¾	17⅞	Liberty Ln 1	14	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞	20⅞	
21½	16⅛	LibyLn pf1.25	5	20⅝	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
60	47	Liggt My 2.50	56	56⅝	56⅝	56	56⅝	+ ⅛
105	98¾	Ligg M pf 7	z150	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	
120¾	98½	Lilly Ell 1.40	28	118	118⅝	117⅝	118	+ ⅛
82½	67¼	Lincoln Nat 2	42	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	+ ⅛
85½	71	LincNl pf 3	35	82½	83	82½	83	+1
15½	9⅝	Ling Tem Vt	85	13½	13⅝	13⅛	13½	+ ⅛
16⅝	9⅛	LingTV AA	2	13½	14	13½	14	+ ⅛
35	16⅝	LingTV pf 5	2	27½	27½	27½	27½	
7⅛	4½	Lionel Corp	29	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
31¾	19¼	Littonind .50t	332	30¼	30⅝	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
36	22½	Litton plc pf	24	35	35	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅝
72	52½	Litton cv pf 3	2	66½	66½	66	66	
31¾	25⅞	Litton pf B 2	37	27¾	27⅝	26⅝	26⅝	—1
14⅞	9¼	Lockheed Air	433	11¼	11⅝	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
48⅝	34	Loews Corp 1	117	45⅝	46	45⅝	45⅝	+ ⅛
17⅝	12	Londonlwn	7	16¼	16⅝	16	16	
30⅝	26	Lone SCem 1	343	28	28⅞	27⅝	28½	+ ⅝
26⅛	23⅝	LoneSGa 1.24	112	24⅝	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
27¾	23⅛	LongisLt 1.34	53	25⅛	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞	+ ⅛
108	103	LIL pf J 8.12	z140	104¼	104¼	104	104	— ⅛
7⅝	3⅝	Loral Corp	64	7⅜	7⅞	7⅜	7⅝	— ⅛
85⅝	64	La Land 1.95	133	82½	84	82½	84	+1⅝
40⅞	36¼	LouvlGE 1.48	22	38¼	38½	38	38	— ⅛
100½	80¼	LouisNash 4a	5	98⅝	98⅝	98¼	98¼	+ ⅝
38	30⅞	Lowensin .90	8	34½	35	34½	34⅝	+ ⅛
87½	72½	Lubrizol .70	31	87	88½	87	88½	+1⅝
45¼	33¾	Lucky St .90b	101	41⅝	42	41⅝	42	+ ⅛
23⅞	19	Ludlow 1.88	43	23½	23½	23	23	— ⅛
23¾	19⅝	LukensStl .86	12	21¼	21¼	21	21	+ ⅛
7⅛	5¼	Lums Inc	62	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
7½	5⅝	LVO Corp	41	6½	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
10	6¼	Lykes Yngst	65	9¼	9⅝	9⅛	9¼	— ⅛
21⅞	16¼	Lykes Yng pf	30	21	21	20½	20⅝	— ⅛

M

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
32½	22⅝	MacAnF .30b	39	30¼	30¼	29⅝	30	
7½	5	MacDonald	56	6	6	5⅝	5⅝	
14⅝	10½	Macke Co .30	23	12¼	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
42½	33½	Macy RH 1	30	41⅝	42	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅛
23⅝	17	Mad Fd .75g	42	17¼	17½	17¼	17½	+ ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	Mad Sq Gar	4384	5⅝	5⅝	5	5⅝	+ ⅜
30¾	24	Magic Ch .60	29	27¼	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛	+ ⅜
46⅞	37⅝	Magnavox 1.20	94	44⅝	44⅝	44¼	44⅛	+ ⅜
50	37½	Mallory 1.80	8	49⅝	49⅝	49½	49⅝	+ ⅛
39	33½	Manpowr .72	31	38⅝	39⅝	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
77	67¾	Man Han 3.12	x66	75⅝	76	75⅝	76	+ ⅛
30¾	24⅝	MAPCO .90	46	27	27⅝	27	27⅝	+ ⅜
40	32¼	Mapc pf 1.12	9	35	36	35	36	+ ⅛
38½	31	Marath 1.60	374	35⅝	36⅝	35⅝	35⅞	+ ⅛
37⅞	28½	Marcor .80	227	33¾	34⅝	33⅝	34	+ ⅛
74	56⅝	Marcor pf A2	55	67	67⅝	66⅝	67½	+1
15⅝	10¼	Maremont	28	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
38⅝	35⅝	Mar Mid 1.70	53	38	38	37½	37⅞	
49	41⅞	MarionLb .32	22	44⅝	44⅞	44⅛	44½	+ ⅛
62⅞	51	Marlen .55g	52	61½	61⅝	61½	61½	+ ⅛
13	10⅝	Marquitt Cem	28	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
40	28⅛	Marriott .05f	198	40	40⅛	39½	40⅛	+ ⅛
36⅛	27½	MarshFd 1.10	83	33⅛	33½	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
23	17⅝	MartinM 1.10	171	21⅝	21⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
43	37⅝	MrylCp .50	61	42⅝	43⅝	42⅛	43½	+ ⅛
58	44⅝	Masco Cp .28	16	56¼	57⅛	56¼	56⅝	
58⅝	51⅝	Masonite .72	228	53½	53⅝	53⅛	53⅛	— ⅜
13½	10	Massey Fer	61	11½	11⅞	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
28⅝	22⅝	MasMut .50g	68	28	28	28	28⅛	+ ⅛
52¼	35¼	Mattel .10	439	43¾	43⅞	42⅛	43	—1⅛
39⅝	31⅝	MayDStr 1.60	157	39	39⅝	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
32⅞	25⅝	MayerOsc .56	12	29⅝	29⅝	29⅛	29¼	— ⅛
36⅝	32⅝	Maytag 1.10a	124	34⅝	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
29½	21⅝	MCA Inc .60	65	28⅝	28⅝	28¼	29	+ ⅛
31	26⅛	McCord 1.20b	13	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅞	+ ⅛
29⅞	18	McCrory 1.20	55	26⅝	27	26⅝	27	
59½	48	Mc Cr pf 4.50	z30	56	56½	56	56½	+ ½
37⅝	31⅛	McDermt 1b	72	34⅝	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
65⅞	44¼	McDonald Cp	79	65	66	64⅝	66	+1⅛
38⅞	21	McDonD .40b	150	36⅝	37	36	36⅝	— ⅛
39	34⅝	McG Ed .40	36	37⅝	37⅝	37	37⅛	— ⅛
23¼	18	McGrwH .60	187	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
37	30	Mc GH pf1.20	8	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
10⅞	5	McGreg Don	47	9	9⅝	9	9⅝	+ ⅛
145	132	McIntyr 1.60	z20	146½	148	146½	148	+3
23¾	18⅝	McKee .80	7	21½	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝	— ⅛
56¾	48	McLean .80a	2	52⅝	52⅝	52¾	52¾	
28¼	18⅝	McLouth Stl	31	19⅝	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅜
19¼	15	McNeil .70	43	16⅝	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅛
21½	15⅝	Mead Corp 1	264	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝	+ ⅛
48	38	Mead pfA2.80	11	47½	47½	46	46	—1

(Continued on page 10)

SUPERB PERFORMANCE

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Foreign Stock Indexes

	Today	Prev.	1971 High	1971 Low
Amsterdam..	124.1	123.9	124.4	112.5
Brussels	98.69	98.83	100.64	92.14
Frankfurt ..	145.25	144.63	145.77	119.43
London 30..	330.0	326.8	346.9	305.3
London 500	140.57	140.17	143.03	132.46
Milan	57.64	57.29	60.09	54.34
Paris	100.7	100.7	104.7	99.8
Sydney	504.92	509.21	516.51	477.18
Tokyo (n)..	174.89	173.71	174.89	146.05
Tokyo (o)..	2390.02	2372.24	2390.02	1981.74
Zurich	340.1	339.4	346.7	307.3

(n) new (o) old

FIRST WORLD CORP.

(O-T-C, U.S.A.)

Friday, March 26, 1971.

Bid: 7 1/4 Asked: 7 3/4

FIRST WORLD CORP.

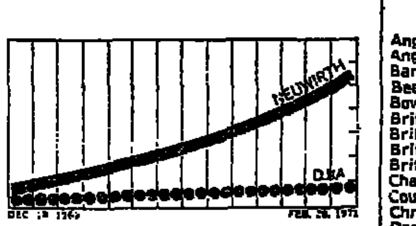
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DEC. 31, 1969	4.68+ 2.6% in 1969
DEC. 31, 1970	5.69+21.6% in 1970
FEB. 26, 1971	7.69+35.1% in 1971



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NAME

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CITY COUNTRY

European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZO........	86.70
Algemenbank..	272.50
Amrobank...	53.70
A'damRubb..	40
Fokker.......	50.40
Heineken.....	244.90
H.V.A........	62.10
Holland-Am..	95.50
Hoogovens....	76
I.O.S. Ltd....	50.67
I.P.I........	54
K.L.M........	178
Philips new..	46.30
Robeco.......	241.30
Rolinco......	185.80
RoyalDutch..	144.90
Unilever.....	94.80
Ver.Machine.	73

London (continued from Amsterdam column)

ImpChem.....	2.43
IOS Mgt new.	53¼
Mar&Spen....	3.19
MetalBox....	2.77
Nichols......	0.32
RandMines..	7.50
Bank-Org....	7.73
RoyalDutch..	19.75
R.T.Z........	2.47
Shell........	3.42
Tube Invest.	3.20
Union Corp..	2.00
Vickers......	0.57
WarL3½......	39.93¾
West Deep...	4.82
West Driet..	9.55
West Hold....	9.18
West Min....	2.30
Wool	0.81½
ZCI.........	0.39

Brussels

Arbed........	4,905
Ast.d.Mines..	1,300
Cock-Ougree.	1,645
Electrobel....	5,330
Lambert......	1,735
Pétrofina.....	3,710
Ph.Gevaert...	1,600
Soc.Générale.	14,025
Solvay........	2,903
Un.Minière....	1,870

Milan

Fiat..........	2,510
Finsider.....	495
Generali.....	—
Italsider....	670
LaRinas......	290
Montedis.....	817
Olivetti......	2,499
Pirelli........	2,547
SniaVisco....	2,600
Terni........	160

Düsseldorf

AEG..........	173.90
Aug.Thyssen.	88
BASF........	158
Bayer........	145
Commerzbk..	264
Cont.Gummi.	130.50
Daimler-Benz	367
Demag.......	185
DeutBank....	357
DresdeBank.	270.50
Gels Bergw..	98.50
Hoechster....	187.20
Hoesch......	803.0
Karstadt.....	376.50
Kaufhof......	264
KHD.........	162
Lufthansa....	90.50
Mannesmann	159.30
Metallgesell.	430
RheinStahl...	94.30
RWE new....	193
Siemens.....	219.50
Volkswagen..	210
Veba........	175.50

Paris

AirLiquide...	396
Béghin.......	158
BNCI........	—
Can Pacific..	371.20
C.G.E........	419
C.S.F........	120
Citroën......	95.20
CieBancaire.	662
Créd.Comm..	170
Créd.Lyonn..	—
DeBeers 100.	32.10
EssoStand...	116.50
Fin.Par.BP..	249
Fr.Pétroles..	159.90
IBM.........	2,051
ImpOil.......	121
IntNickCan...	253
Mach.Bull....	99.90
Michelin.....	1,395
Mobil........	325
OmniumPét..	248.10
PethéMarc...	64
Péchiney.....	179.10
Peugeot......	243.90
Radio Techn.	252.10
Rh.Poulenc..	226
Rio Tinto....	34.35
RoyalDutch..	232
St.Gobain....	145
Schneider....	237.30
Shell........	115.90
Simca.......	53
Soc.Générale.	—
SuezCieFin..	317
Thomson.....	139
Ugine-Kuhl..	197.20
Young3'r'o..	—

London

Anglo-AmCp.	3.16
Anglo-Amin..	18.25
BarclayBank.	4.19
BeechamGr..	2.51
Bowater.....	1.34
BritAmTob..	3.27
Brit.Oxygen..	0.52
Brit.Petrole..	4.26
Brit.LeyM....	0.36¾
Chartered....	2.33
Courtaulds...	1.15½
Chrysler.....	0.21
Daggafont...	0.10
DeBeer Def..	2.25
Decca Rec...	7.90
Distillers....	1.35
Dunlop......	1.38
EMus.Ind....	1.75
FreeStGed...	6.63
GEC........	1.06
Glaxo Gr....	3.25
Gt.Univ.St	2.92
Guinness....	1.44
Hawker-Sidd.	1.39
Hudson-Bay..	8.43

Zurich

Alusuisse....	3,035
B.Bovari.....	1,490
Ciba-Geigy...	2,885
Cr.Suisse....	3,300
Fischer.......	1,510
HoffRoche bl.	130,300
Nestlé.......	3,370
Sandoz.......	4,250
Sté B.Suisse..	3,170
Sulzer bp....	390
zU.B.Suisses.	3,855

Tokyo Exchange

March 26, 1971

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass ..	146	Mitsubi Hvy Ind.	90
Canon Camb. ..	231	Mitsubi Shoji.	158
Dai Nip. Print.	270	Mitsui & Co.	196
Fuji Bank	260	Mitsukoshi ...	319
Fuji Photo	387	Nippon Elec...	229
Hitachi	117	Sharp	380
Honda Motor ..	165	Shiseido........	1,005
C. Itoh	153	Sony Corp ...	3,980
Japan Air Lines	1,690	Sumitomo Bk.	286
Kansai El P...	750	Taisho Marine	290
Kao Soap	309	Takeda Chem.	303
Kirin Brewery .	238	Teijin	81
Komatsu	199	Tokyo Marine	336
Kubota L Wks	176	Toray	120
Matsu E. Ind..	510	Toyota Motor	362
Matsu El. Wks	895		

European Gold Markets

March 26, 1971

	Open	Close	Change
London	38.90	38.88	— 0.04
Zurich	38.95	38.95	Unch.
Paris (12.5 kilo) ...	39.18	39.17	— 0.02

U.S. dollars per ounce.

11%

INTEREST

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Market Summary

March 26, 1971

Most Actives—New York

CoastSt Gas	488,800	51¾	— ¾
Mad S Gar	433,400	5⅝	+ ⅜
Union Corp	330,100	12⅛	+ ¾
Honeywell	129,100	102¾	+ ⅛
Am Tel Tel	113,700	48¾	— ¼
FedNat Mtg	111,700	66⅞	— ⅛
City Invest	90,200	22⅝	+ ¼
Upjohn	90,000	52	— ¼
Gulf Oil	88,600	29½	— ⅛
Teledyne	86,700	31⅛	+ ⅜
Bausch Lom	84,300	85	+4½
ElPaso NG	84,100	19¾	+ ⅜
Telex Corp	82,300	10⅛	— ⅛
Occiden Pet	80,100	19½	+ ⅛
Intl Harv	78,400	28¼	—2½

Volume, all stocks: 13,560,000 shares.
Volume, 15 stocks: 2,376,500 shares.
Ratio, 15 stocks: 15.3 percent.
Average price, 15 stocks: $39.63.
New 1971 highs: 109; lows: 7.
Issues traded in: 1,646.
Advances: 842; declines: 501; unchanged: 303.
N.Y. stock index: 55.18 +0.21; industrials: 58.73 +0.25; transportation: 41.49 +0.26; utility: 41.80 +0.01; finance: 71.69 +0.40.

Most Actives—American

Yates Ind	90,000	14⅝	+5⅛
Gulf Wln wt	83,800	10⅝	+ ⅛
Tyco Labs	77,600	10⅛	— ⅛
Tri Sla Mot	64,200	9¾	+ ⅞
Cont Mater	58,900	3⅛	+ ⅛
RepMtgl wt	57,900	7⅝	+ ½
NatGn wt n	57,200	6⅛	+ ½
Asamera Oil	49,300	20¾	+ ¾
Nytronics	43,200	3⅝	— ¼
Kinney pf C	41,200	12	+ ⅞

Approx total stock sales 4,510,000
Stock sales year ago 3,459,925

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
26.22	25.86	26.04	+.04

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	901.42	910.32	895.95	903.48	+ 2.67
20 Trn	197.94	200.09	197.11	198.77	+ 0.93
15 Util	123.57	124.65	122.89	123.69	
65 Stk	295.77	298.70	294.14	296.52	+ 0.87

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials ..	110.73	109.10	107.96	+.37
20 Railroads ...	37.33	39.89	39.13	+.04
55 Utilities	63.45	62.55	63.00	+.28
500 Stocks	100.65	99.18	999.5	+.34

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
March 25	256,435	636,662	3,256
March 24	270,102	582,706	2,540
March 23	284,144	606,775	3,109
March 22	310,795	654,166	2,811
March 19	295,424	625,666	2,199

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS- 109

Aetna Lif C	Gen Stl Ind	NatCity Lin
Am Bdcstg	Gerber Pd	NDist 4.50pf
Ametek	Giant PCem	Newberry pf
AMF Inc	Global Mar	NVF Co
Anch Hock	Green Shoe	Over Trans
ArmstCk pf	Greyhnd	Pargas pf
Athlone Ind	Gulf Wn In	Parker Pen
Autom Ind	GulfW 1.75pf	Peoples Drg
Bank of NY	GulfW 3.50pf	Premier Ind
Bausch Lom	GulfW 3.87pf	Pub Svc Col
Belden Corp	Ham Watch	Ranco Inc
Black Deck	Hanna Mng	Rockwl Mfg
Bdwy Hale	Hoern Wald	Ryder Sys
Brown Shoe	IntFlav Fra	SCM Corp
Cadence Ind	Int Miner pf	Simp Pat
Cert-teed Pd	Itek Corp	Sperry Rnd
Cert-teed pf	Kan Gas El	SquibbBh pf
Cessna Airc	Kinney Svc	StudeW pfA
ChaseMan T	Kinney pf D	Sun Oil
Ches Cp Va	Kinney pfA	Sun Oil pf
CstStGas pf	Kroger Co	Systron Don
CocaBtl NY	Lane Bryant	Taft Brdcst
Collins Rad	Lehman Cp	Teledyne
ConnG Mtg	Lenox Inc	Teled 3.50pf
Crocker Nat	Lubrizol	TexOilGas
CTS Corp	Manpower	Transcn Lin
Dennis Mfg	Marriott Cp	TRW 4.40pf
East Gas F	McDonald	Tyler Corp
Electn Data	McIntyr Mn	UMC Ind
El Mem Mg	Mead Corp	Union Corp
ElPaso NG	Mercant Str	UnUtil 2d pf
EquitLfe M	Mesa Petrol	Wang Labs
Equity Fdg	MesaP sr pf	Wean Unit
FstMtge Inv	Mesa Pet pf	WeanU pf A
Fst N City	MidlRo pfA	White Cons
Fischb Mre	Mt FuelSup	Wrigley
Gen Host		

NEW LOWS- 7

Aguirre Co	Medusa PC
Avery Prod	Petinc 2d pf
Cdn Pac	Warnaco
Cinn Bell wi	

Company Reports

Skyline Corp.

First Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	47.52	39.97
Profits (millions) ..	2.24	1.84
Per Share	0.20	0.16
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions).	172.66	150.59
Profits (millions) ..	9.48	7.42
Per Share	0.84	0.66

USM

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions).	118.6	113.6
Profits (millions) ..	2.44	5.41
Per Share	0.42	1.07
Year		
Revenue (millions).	447.9	429.7
Profits (millions) ..	9.68*	18.6
Per Share	1.63	3.62

* Results exclude an extraordinary charge of $6.98 million, which reduced net income for the year to $2.71 million, or 13 cents a share.

مكتبة الأرشيف

هكذا من الاصل

Nestlé Profits Up 22%; AKZO, Pirelli Report

VEVEY, Switzerland, March 26 (AP-DJ).—Nestlé Alimentana SA reported today a 22.5 percent gain in earnings, to 179.6 million Swiss francs ($41.7 million) in 1970 from 146.5 million SF in 1969.

Consolidated world-wide sales rose 9 percent in 1970 to 10.205 billion SF from the year-earlier 9.37 billion SF.

The giant food concern said consolidated earnings from the Nestlé and Unilac groups combined was up 6.6 percent last year at 539 million SF compared with 501 million SF in 1969.

The Swiss parent said 50 million SF would be put into special reserves, up from 37.5 million SF a year earlier, and that the 1970 dividend will be an unchanged 55 SF a share.

AKZO Net Falls

ARNHEM, the Netherlands, March 26 (Reuters).—AKZO net profits dropped 22 percent last year, despite a 13 percent revenue gain, the company reported today.

Citing increased labor, energy and raw material costs, as well as steep price drops for textile yarns and fibers in the Common Market, AKZO said net fell to 241 million guilders ($66.5 million) in 1970 from 308 million guilders in 1969.

Revenue rose to 7.2 billion guilders from 6.37 billion guilders in 1969.

Group net income fell 20 percent to 295 million guilders from 369 million.

Pirelli Turns a Profit

MILAN, March 26 (AP-DJ).—Pirelli SpA reported today that it returned to the black last year, but described its profit performance as "totally unsatisfactory."

The 1970 earnings amounted to 701 million lire ($1.1 million), compared with a 2.32 billion lire loss the year earlier.

The company decided to reinstate the annual dividend, to be paid out of reserves, following the stockholders' storm kicked up last year when it was announced that the 1969 dividend would be canceled. The 1970 rate is 110 lire a share, equal to that paid in 1968.

BOAC Reports

LONDON, March 26.—British Overseas Airways Corp. said today that provisional figures show the company's operating profit for the year to March 31 dropping below £5 million ($12 million) from £31 million a year earlier.

A BOAC spokesman said the firm is still making a profit, but might be faced with severe cash flow problems in the coming fiscal year.

Last November, BOAC reported net profit for the half-year ended Oct. 17 of £8.5 million, down from £11.7 million a year earlier.

An official said that unless urgent remedial steps were taken, BOAC next year might have its first trading loss in eight years. He said a major loss factor in the current year was the lack of mail haulage revenue during the recent U.K. postal strike.

In addition, it expected to lose £1.5 million in profit from West African routes, which are being transferred to the merged Caledonian-BUA airlines.

Also cited were weakness in the U.S. and British passenger and cargo markets, stiffer competition, industrial action—actual and threatened—by BOAC's British staff and teething troubles that dogged Heathrow's new cargo center.

The state-run airline said it is freezing staff levels to avoid layoffs and is launching "an immediate drive to boost revenue, cut costs and increase efficiency."

Paribas

PARIS, March 26.—Cie. Financière de Paris et des Pays-Bas, holding company for the French bank and other Paribas interests, has reported a net 1970 profit gain of 13 percent.

Earnings totaled 78.66 million francs ($14 million) last year, up from 69.67 million francs in 1969. The dividend remains 8.50 francs per share.

Anglo American

JOHANNESBURG, March 26 (Reuters).—The African mining group Anglo American Corp. turned in a 6.6 percent profit gain in 1970, earning 38.9 million rand ($48.6 million) compared with 36.5 million rand the year before.

Guarantees Called Vital Rolls Question

By Alfred Friendly

LONDON, March 26 (WP).—Agreement on a new contract between Rolls-Royce and Lockheed Aircraft for the RB-211 engine appears to hinge on whether the government continues to insist on a firm guarantee against loss in the event of a future collapse of Lockheed, it was reported here today.

Disagreement between the British government and the U.S. company on the proper future price for the engines is still wide, it was indicated, but conceivably a compromise could be negotiated. In that case, the guarantee would remain the stumbling block.

[The British government and Lockheed have narrowed their price spread to $72,000 per Rolls engine, and are "within shooting distance of a settlement," Reuter reports from Washington.

[Lockheed agreed to pay $180,000 more and the British cut back their demand for $400,000 more per engine. The Rolls power packs were originally priced at $850,000.]

The U.K. government, which is reported to have undertaken to pay full development costs for the unfinished RB-211 work, has so far made the offer conditional on obtaining from the U.S. administration, or possibly from Lockheed's bankers, an assurance that it will not be presented sometime in the future with a "Rolls-Royce in reverse," that is, Lockheed collapsing before it has completed and sold the TriStar airbuses under order by various airlines.

The insistence is rumored to be that of Prime Minister Edward Heath, a man given to taking decisions and refusing to withdraw from them. Other reports, which could not be confirmed, however, were that some of his cabinet ministers, notably Board of Trade President John Davies, were having second thoughts on this original U.K. condition for resurrecting the RB-211 contract. They were said to be arguing the matter with Mr. Heath.

A decision—either to stick to its guns or to accept something short of U.S. guarantee—may be made at a cabinet meeting Monday. British Defense Secretary Lord Carrington and the Attorney-General, Sir Peter Rawlinson, met with Mr. Heath for breakfast today on returning from negotiations in Washington. Later in the morning they met with cabinet ministers most closely concerned with the subject.

It is reported that they were told firmly and flatly by U.S. Treasury Secretary John Connally yesterday that Britain could not expect to get a government guarantee for an essentially private industrial deal.

A Correction

PARIS, March 26.—The newly-appointed president of SNCO-Barres and managing director of Sté Méditerranéene d'Emballages is Alec de Richemont, not Gordon S. Reiss as erroneously reported in The International Herald Tribune. Mr. de Richemont will also be a director of International Paper (Cellulose) SA and International Paper (France). Mr. Reiss remains vice-president, European region, of the parent company.



IT'S ALL THERE, BUT—Sections of oil pipeline languish near the city of Valdez, Alaska, waiting for clearance from the environment-concerned U.S. government on plans to build a line from the North Slope to more southerly ports.

Start Forming Joint Ventures

Japan, U.S. Textile Firms Face Same Ills

By Frank C. Porter

WASHINGTON, March 26 (WP).—Japan's textile producers are experiencing the same problems that plague their American counterparts and the two industries are forming joint ventures to ease their mutual plight.

This is the picture drawn in a study by the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo. The study, obtained by The Washington Post, reports that the Japanese textile manufacturers have become the victims of soaring imports from Southeast Asia, falling profit margins, slack export sales and production cutbacks.

As a result, the Japanese industry is cutting back on domestic investment, increasing its investment for foreign plants in low-wage countries to the south, diversifying into other fields, and actually going into limited partnerships with U.S. companies, including the four largest in the field.

Sudden Approval

Two months ago, the Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry "quite suddenly" approved three such joint ventures—Burlington Industries and Mitsubishi Rayon for producing tufted carpet, J.P. Stevens and Kanebo for glass fiber, and a subsidiary of M. Lowenstein & Sons and Asahi Chemical also for glass fiber.

Since then, Unichika has approached the ministry for approval of a glass fiber venture with United Merchants & Manufacturers and ten more U.S. manufacturers have talked to Japanese trading companies about possible ventures or licensing arrangements.

Burlington, Stevens, United Merchants and Lowenstein are the four biggest U.S. textile manufacturers, in that order.

Japanese textile troubles and the abrupt turn toward joint ventures puts a new face on the controversy over mounting Japanese exports to the United States.

Embassy Report

The embassy report observes:

"By means of joint business ventures, the U.S. and Japanese industry leaders may find themselves increasingly cooperating... to fend off challenges to their markets from the developing countries. Should these initial joint ventures prove successful, joint operations in third countries would be likely to follow."

Japanese textile imports have increased fivefold in just the last five years, to an estimated $300 million in 1970. (U.S. imports exceed $2 billion but are still less than 10 percent of consumption.)

The Japanese Trade Ministry has already predicted that Japan will eventually become a net textile importer—this happened to the United States in 1958.

Japanese textile wages are only a fourth or a fifth those in the United States. But they are double the wage level in Hong Kong and four times that prevailing in Taiwan and South Korea.

These and other developing countries are becoming an increasing threat to the Japanese market. But, attracted by the low wages, much as New England textile makers were attracted to the south in the 1950s, the Japanese are vigorously moving into those countries. They now have 99 textile plants and sales companies in Asia, including 39 in Taiwan, plus 22 in Africa and 16 in Central and South America, the report explains.

U.S. Treasury Denies Reports Of $500 Million Gold Sale to Bonn

WASHINGTON, March 26 (Reuters).—A senior Treasury official today denied press reports that West German authorities have repurchased from the United States the $500 million in gold it sold in the wake of the 1969 revaluation of the deutsche mark.

"There has been no such transaction, nor has any formal request for such a transaction been received here," he said.

The official said he was not in a position to know whether there had been any informal discussions or agreement on this subject between Under Secretary for Monetary Affairs Paul Volcker and Bundesbank director Otmar Emminger at the Paris monetary meetings earlier this week.

Mr. Volcker has not yet returned to the United States.

Japan's Growth Rate Slips; Markets Attract Foreigners

TOKYO, March 26 (AP-DJ).—Economic Planning Agency director-general Ichiro Sato said today he believes Japan's economic growth rate dropped to a 7 percent annual rate at one point in the 1971 first quarter.

But Mr. Sato added that business is not likely to slow further. Speaking to newsmen after a cabinet meeting, he said business has yet to recover because inventory adjustments are taking longer than expected.

Japan's annual economic growth rate in the last four years has averaged 13 percent.

Mr. Sato said he reported to the cabinet that consumer spending has begun to slow.

Speed Public Spending

In a bid to help business recover from the current slowdown, the government decided today to advance its public works spending for the year beginning April 1.

Officials said the cabinet approved a plan to award contracts valued at 3,000 billion yen ($8.3 billion) in the first half of the fiscal year.—73 percent of the public works budget for the year, officials said.

Non-Residents Buy Bonds

TOKYO, March 26 (Reuters).—Securities industry sources report that Japanese bonds and debentures are attracting an increasing number of foreign buyers because of their relatively high interest rates and as a hedge against possible revaluation of the yen.

This trend has not been curbed by the ban announced last week on purchases of short-term government bonds by non-residents, the sources said.

Official statistics are unavailable, but the sources said one estimate is that foreign purchases of Japanese bonds and debentures increased from $20 million in December to $38 million in January and $40 million in February, and are expected to exceed $100 million in March.

Cost of Living Climbs

Bonn Shows Trade Surplus

WIESBADEN, West Germany, March 26 (AP-DJ).—West Germany had a trade surplus of 942 million deutsche marks ($257.4 million) in February, up from 827 million DM in January, but down from 1.313 billion DM a year earlier, the Federal Statistics Office reported today.

In the first two months of 1971, the trade surplus amounted to 1.77 billion DM, up from 1.45 billion DM in the like 1970 period.

The government also announced today that the West German cost of living index was 128.1 at mid-February, up 4.3 percent from a year earlier, and up 0.8 percent from a month earlier.

February exports rose to 10.72 billion DM from 9.53 billion DM in January and 9.41 billion a year earlier. Imports also rose, to 9.78 billion DM from 8.7 billion DM and 8.1 billion DM respectively.

The trade figures, plus available returns in the transfer and services balance of the Bundesbank's payment balance, show a preliminary current account deficit of 300 million DM. This compares with a 100 million DM surplus a year earlier and a surplus of about 500 million DM in January, 1971, the statistics office said.

One Eye on Interest Rates

Steady U.S. Credit Growth Continuing, Figures Indicate

By Robert D. Hershey Jr.

NEW YORK, March 26 (NYT).—The Federal Reserve appeared to have pursued its steady course of moderate credit expansion during the latest two-week period, according to central bank data published yesterday.

The monetary aggregates, which measure the general availability of funds in the economy, showed little evidence of accelerated expansion, however—a policy some analysts assert is necessary to spur the economic recovery.

In its open-market operations—one of the principal tools the Fed has of controlling credit—the Fed in the week ended Wednesday purchased $47.7 million of government notes and $14.5 million of bonds.

Operation 'Twist'

These amounts, while not huge, seemed to lend some support to the view that policy is directed toward bringing long-term interest rates down while propping up short-term rates.

Reserves are frequently injected into the banking system by the purchase of Treasury bills, but such purchases amounted to only $41.8 million in the latest period.

An official familiar with Fed thinking disputed contentions that a full-scale "twist" operation was under way in order to narrow the historically wide spread between long and short rates and to stem the outflow of investment funds from the United States.

Payments Problems

Although the Fed official indicated that the balance-of-payments deterioration as a result of low short-term rates was only a secondary consideration, this situation worsened again in the latest week.

Fed holdings of government securities on behalf of foreign central banks climbed $214 million to $14.92 billion.

This was much less, however, than advances of $564 million and $890 million in the two preceding weeks. The total increase so far in 1971 is now more than $3.6 billion.

These security holdings are a direct reflection of the payments deficit as measured on an official settlements basis.

Trade Surplus Swells in U.S.

WASHINGTON, March 26 (AP-DJ).—The U.S. trade surplus rose in February to a seasonally adjusted $136.3 million from $49.1 million in January, the Commerce Department reported today.

But the surplus of merchandise exports over imports last month still trailed the year-earlier surplus of $268.9 million. The January surplus was the smallest in 19 months.

Imports in February totaled $3.55 billion, down 3.6 percent from the $3.69 billion a month earlier, but 8 percent above the $3.28 billion total a year earlier.

February exports totaled $3.69 billion, down 1.2 percent from January's $3.74 billion, but 4 percent above the year-earlier $3.55 billion.

U.S. Indicators Climb 0.6 Percent in Month

WASHINGTON, March 26 (Reuters).—The Commerce Department's composite index of "leading" indicators rose 0.6 percent in February, according to preliminary estimates, following an upward revised increase of 1.3 percent in January. This was the fourth straight monthly gain in the index, which now signals which way the U.S. economy is headed.

Small Gains Held in Active N.Y. Trading

Dow Index Is Up 2.67; Amex Prices Increase

NEW YORK, March 26 (Reuters).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange finished higher today, though profit-taking bit into early gains. For the week, the list eased somewhat.

Advances led declines by about 8-to-5, but had held a better than 2-to-1 lead earlier.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 903.48, up 2.67.

Volume, a moderately active 15.87 million shares, brought the week's turnover to some 78 million, down sharply from last week's 91.3 million. However, today's total was ahead of yesterday's 15.56 million shares.

Lens Developments

Union Corp. was among the most actively traded. It went as high as 13 1/4, but finished up only 3/4 at 12 1/8. The company said its soft lens development is progressing well and it is negotiating the acquisition of two additional contact lens facilities.

Bausch & Lomb, which is the only company so far with government approval for manufacture of a soft contact lens, spurted 4 1/2 to 85.

Ameron, which traded off as much as 1 3/8, finished down 1/4 at 19 3/4. Yesterday, the company reported lower profits but said the results were not indicative of a trend for the year.

American Cyanamid said today it would report a 10 to 15 percent decline in first-quarter results and eased 1 1/2 to 34 1/2.

Steels Mixed

Steels closed mixed. Industry sources indicated the recent steel buying boom might be nearing an end. U.S. Steel lost 1/2 to 32 7/8. Bethlehem was up 1/8 at 22 1/8 and National was down 1/4 at 15 3/8.

Bargain hunters apparently went after Abbott Laboratories, which added 2 at 72 3/4. Last week the stock lost more than seven points on news the government was suspending shipments of Abbott's intravenous products.

Elsewhere in the drug group, Upjohn eased 1/4 to 52 in active trade. Merck was off 7/8 at 98, and Eli Lilly gained 1/4 to 118.

Honeywell edged ahead 1/8 to 102 3/4, but was down about ten points on the week. Earlier this week the company forecast lower earnings.

Amex Prices Gain

Prices moved ahead on the American Stock Exchange, where the index, up 0.11 earlier in the session, closed up 0.09 at 26.04.

Yates Industries was the most active and gained 5/8 to 14 3/8.

Pioneer Systems dropped 1 to 10 3/8 on a report of lower profits.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Budget Deficit Growing in U.S.

President Nixon's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30 has thus far rung up a deficit of $19.38 billion, according to Treasury Department figures. The present deficit, through the first eight months of the year, is more than double the $8.15 billion of red ink seen in the corresponding period last year. April and June usually are the best months for federal revenue collectors, however. Last year the deficit was trimmed by $5.3 billion during the final four months of the fiscal year. In February, the government rang up a $1.4 billion deficit, the seventh thus far this year. For the first eight months, the government has taken in $118.4 billion and spent $137.6 billion, a Treasury report said.

U.S. Jobless Hot Spots Multiply

A third of the 150 major U.S. labor areas are now suffering "substantial" unemployment—6 percent or more—with the addition of five new cities in March, the Labor Department reports. And Seattle, home of Boeing Co., joined the classification of 12 percent or more joblessness, the first mainland city to do so in at least nine years. The data was collected prior to Boeing's setback on the supersonic transport program. The 50 major areas in the "substantial" category is the highest since June, 1962, when the country was emerging from its last recession. There were only eight so listed at this time last year. The five additions are New Haven, Conn. (6.5 percent unemployment); Rockford, Ill. (6.7); Terre Haute, Ind. (7); Worcester, Mass. (7+); and Binghampton, N.Y. (6.6).

Asarco to Buy Zinc Firm Units

American Smelting and Refining Co. says it has agreed in principle to purchase for $27 million certain units of American Zinc Co. They include mines, plants, mineral properties and other real estate interests in the South and Midwest. Payment is to be partially in cash, with $18 million in 6 percent, five-year notes. In addition, Asarco said it will pay a deferred purchase price contingent upon the published price of prime Western zinc over the five years following the sale. American Zinc said it intends to apply proceeds towards reduction of its indebtedness. It currently owes $11 million to the British Gold Fields group and $24 million to banks.

Japan Clears Rothschild Unit Tie

The Industrial Bank of Japan has obtained government approval for its previously announced plan to acquire an interest in Rothschild International Bank Ltd. of London. The Japanese bank plans to take a 12.5 percent share of the joint venture when Inter-Continental increases its capital following signing of a formal contract, expected next week. Inter-Continental is owned 62.5 percent by the Rothschild group, and 12.5 percent each by three U.S. banks.

Washington Post to Offer Stock

Washington Post Co., publisher of The Washington Post and Newsweek magazine, said it intends to make its first public stock offering later this year. Directors have authorized preparation of a registration statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in May. The number of shares to be offered was not disclosed, but Mrs. Katharine Graham, whose family has owned the newspaper for nearly 40 years, will retain control of the company. The Washington Post also has a part interest in the International Herald Tribune, as well as operating various radio stations.

Company Reports

Borman's Inc.

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	109.3	115.96
Profits (millions)	— 0.41	2.13
Per Share	—	0.72
Year		
Revenue (millions)	443.2	411.9
Profits (millions)	1.21	4.61
Per Share	0.41	1.55

Olin Corp.*

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	1,125.3	1,156.9
Profits (millions)	26.59	50.34
Per Share	1.12	2.10

* 1970 operating profit is before a special charge of $26 million, or $1.10 a share.

Rapid American Corp.

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	688.1	658.2
Profits (millions)	9.3	7.23
Per Share	1.37	1.14
Year		
Revenue (millions)	2,289.5	2,039.89
Profits (millions)	14.92	30.03
Per Share	2.11	3.34

(More earnings on Page 8.)

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International Bonds Traded in Europe

Mid-day Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Aer Ling 8¼-81	93¾	94¾
Aerop Paris 9-85.	105½	106½
Am Brands 8-81.	99	100
Amoco 6¾-85....	91	92
Atlas Cop. 9½-85.	103½	104½
Autoroutes 9¾-76.	105	106
BancoObras 7½-7	96½	97½
BeatFoods 9-85..	106	107
Bendix 8-79......	97	100
Borg Warn 8-79..	97¼	100¼
BP 6¾-78........	95	96½
Cabot 8¾-75.....	104½	105½
Cabot 9½-80.....	105¼	106¼
Can Sale 8¾-75.	103¼	104¼
Celanese 6¾-82.	87½	90½
Chevron 7-80....	94	95
Chrysler 7-84....	83½	85
CNA Overs 9-75..	104¼	105¼
ContOil 9½-85...	106¼	107¼
Cont Oil 7-80.....	95¼	96¼
Cont Tele 9-82...	104¾	105¾
Cope. City 8-84..	99½	102
Copen City 9-85.	103	104
Copen Tel 9-85...	103	104
Courtaulds 9-82.	101½	102½
Courtaulds 9¼-85	102½	103½
CutlerHam 7½-83	95	96
DeBeers 6½-82..	88	90
Denmark 9-82....	103½	104½
Denmark 9¼-85.	103½	104¾
EIB 8¾-75.......	105¼	106¼
Erap 9-82........	100¾	101¼
Ericsson 8¾-75..	104½	105½
Ericsson 9¼-85..	103¼	104¼
Eriksberg 6¾-82.	90½	91½
Esso 8¾-75......	105¼	106¼
Esso 9-85.......	105½	106½
Ford 8-81.........	99½	100½
GDF 9-85.........	105	106
GenMills 7-80....	93	94
Hambros 9½-85..	104½	105½
Hamersley 9½ ..	102¼	103¼
Hawker Sid 9-75	101¼	102¼
Honda 7½-81.....	94½	95½
Honeywell 6-81..	92	93½
I S E 9-85......	104½	105½
Ireland 9-85......	101	102
Kawasaki 7¾-73	100¼	101¼
Marriott 9¼-75.	104½	105½
MassFerg 9-82..	101¼	102¼
Mexico 7-82......	83½	90
Miles 8¾-75......	103½	104½
Mitsubishi 7¾-73	103¾	121¾
Mobil Int 7-86....	93	94
Monsanto 8¾-85	101½	102½
Montagu fr 9¼-?	101	102
Montreal 9-85....	105½	105½
Nabisco 6½-82...	93	94
N.Brunsw 8¾-79.	102¼	103¼
N.Zealand 7-76..	101	102
NipponEl 7½-81..	93	94
NovaScotia 9-85.	105	105
Oslo 7¼-73.......	99½	100½
Oslo 9-75.........	106	107
Oslo 9-85........	103½	104½
OilsElev 8¾-85..	101–	102
Péchiney 9-85....	102	103
PhilipsP 6-81.....	91	92
Portugal 6¾-77...	97	99
Proct&G 6½-82...	91	92
QuebecCity 9-85..	105	106
QuebecHyd9-74/79	101	102
QuebecHyd7¼-85	103½	104½
QuebecPro 9-85	103½	104½
Queenesland 9-82	102¼	103¼
Renault 6¾-82....	89¼	90¼
SPE 9-78.........	105	106
Shell 6½-79.......	90	91
Siemens 9-85.....	102	103
SiraKvina 9-85....	103	104
Sumitomo 7¾-73.	100½	101½
Tal 6¾-85.........	87	90
Transocean 8¾-7	104½	105½
Transocean 7-80.	91½	92½
Transocean 8-84.	97½	99½
Transocean 9-85	104½	105½
TRW 7½-83.......	90¼	97¼
Uniroyal 6¼-82..	89½	90
UnitMerch 9-82..	100	101

Floating Rates

Autopistas 9¾-75	98	99
ENEL 8-80.........	97⅝	100¼
GeneralCa 9½-80	98½	99
Insilco 7½% 80 .	97⅞	97¾
Pepsi 6⅝-80....	96⅞	97⅞
Argentine 9¾-77.	97½	98

Convertible Bonds

Addressog 4¾-88	74½	75½
Amoco 5½-84....	94	95
Apco 6-89........	93½	94½
Alusuisse 4¾-87.	91½	92½
Amer Can 4¾-88	90½	91½
AmTob 5¼-88....	125½	126½
Asahi 6¼-84......	101½	103
Ashland 5-88.....	84½	85½
Beat Foods 7¼-90	112	113
Chevron 5-88.....	101½	102½
Chesebr 6¼-84...	103¼	104½
Chrysler 4¾-88..	65	67
Chrysler 5-88.....	72¼	73½
Cont Tele 5½-88.	104½	105½
Cumminsint 5-88.	115½	116½
EquityF 5¼-89...	87	88
EastKodak 4½-88	96	97
Fed.Dept. 4½-85.	107	108
Firestone 5-88....	96	97
Ford 5-88........	95	96
Fuji Photo 6¾-85	105¼	106½
GenElec 4¼-85..	95½	96½
GenFoods 4¾-82	100½	101½
Gillotte 4¾-82...	84½	85½
Hitachi 6¼-84....	91	92½
Holiday Inns 8-85	120	121
Honeywell 5-83..	111½	112½
I.S.E. 5-88.......	106	107
I.S.E 6¼-89......	104½	105½
Itoh 6½-89.......	107½	111½
J. Logan 4¾-83.	101	102
W.Kidde 5-89....	74¼	75¼
Komatsu 6¼-84..	94½	96
Kubota 6½-84....	96	97½
Leasco 5-88......	68	69
Leasco Int 5-89..	57½	58½
LTV 5-88..........	37½	33¼
MarMidland 5-88	102½	103½
Michelin 6-85....	103¾	107¼
Miles 4¾-93......	97	98
Mitsubishi 7-85..	95	96
Mitsub Shoji 7½-?	113	114
Mitsui 6¼-83....	123	133
Motorola 4½-83.	93½	94½
MurphyOil 5-89.	83	89
Nabisco 5¼-88...	105¾	106¾
Owens Ill 5-77...	104	105
PanAm 5¼-88....	86¼	87¼
Penny J.C. 6-87.	110½	111½
Pepsico 4½-81...	116½	117½
PhilMor 4¾-89...	157	159
Phil Lamp 4¾-83	88¾	89¾
R.C.A. 5-88......	89½	90½
Revlon 4¾-83....	107	108
ReynoldsM 5-88.	84	85
Searle 6¾-88....	117½	118½
Texaco 4½-88...	91	92
Toshiba 6½-1985	88	89½
20th Cent. 5-87.	60	61
Tyco 5-84	53¾	54¾
Union Carb 4¾-?	93¼	95¼
UtahInt 5¾-83.	190	191
WardFoo 5¾-?	74¼	75¼
WarnLam 4¼-88	126	127

*Ex-dividend

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med	Long	Conv
Yesterday.	93.55	91.60	112.31
Previous ..	93.56	91.61	111.32

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on March 26, 1971

NEW YORK (AP)—The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (bid) or bought (asked) Friday.

	Bid	Ask
Aberdn	2.79	2.40
Admiralty Funds:		
Grwth	7.10	7.78
Incom	4.43	4.85
Insur	9.24	10.13
Advisrs	5.64	6.16
Aetna Fd	10.00	10.93
Affiliatd	7.47	8.08
Afutre	9.84	9.84
All Am F	.83	.91
Allstate	11.02	11.85
Alpha Fd	12.12	13.25
Amcap	6.50	7.10
Am Bus	3.42	3.70
Am Dvin	11.13	12.16
Am Eqty	5.31	5.80
Amer Express:		
Capit	9.11	9.96
Incme	9.60	10.49
Invest	9.12	9.97
Specl	9.33	
Stock	9.34	10.21
Am Grth	6.80	7.43
Am Inv	5.78	5.78
Am Mut	9.50	10.38
AmN Gth	3.48	3.80
Anchor Group:		
Capit	8.72	9.56
Grwth	11.72	12.84
Incme	8.32	9.12
Fd Inv	9.20	10.08
Vent	43.34	47.50
Astron	4.91	5.37
Axe Houghton:		
Fund A	5.81	6.32
Fund B	8.06	8.76
Stock	6.26	6.84
Sci Cp	4.80	5.22
Babson	9.60	9.60
Bayrck	8.51	9.30
Beacon	14.49	14.49
Berg Knt	unavail	
Berk Gth	6.97	7.62
Bondstk	6.80	7.43
Boston St	8.30	9.07
Bost Fdn	11.65	12.74
Boston	8.40	9.18
Brwn Fd	unavail	
Bullock Calvin:		
Bullck	15.11	16.55
Candn	19.72	21.60
Divid	3.84	4.21
NatW S	10.77	11.80
NY Vnt	16.65	18.23
BusM Fd	7.52	8.24
CG Fd	10.04	10.85
Capamr	8.21	9.00
Capit Inv	3.59	3.93
Capit Shr	6.53	7.16
Cent Shr	12.91	14.11
Channing Funds:		
Balan	11.86	12.96
Com St	1.77	1.93
Grwth	5.46	5.97
Incom	7.74	8.46
Specl	1.86	2.03
Chase Gr Bos:		
Capit	7.82	8.55
Fund	9.99	10.92
Frnt	89.49	93.37
Shrhd	11.87	12.97
Specl	9.63	10.52
Chemcl	18.08	19.76
Colonial:		
Equty	4.41	4.82
Fund	11.33	12.38
Grwth	6.52	7.13
Incom	9.83	10.74
Vent	5.30	5.79
Col Grth	13.64	13.64
ComS Bd	unavail	
Cwlth AB	1.41	1.53
Cwlth C	1.77	1.91
Comp As	10.01	10.97
Compet	7.21	7.90
Comp Bd	9.42	10.24
Comp Fd	10.21	11.10
Comstk	4.52	4.94
Concord	unavail	
Consol In	12.60	12.25
Constel G	7.10	7.78
Contl Ml	8.20	8.20
Cont Gth	10.38	10.48
Corp Ld	15.72	17.23
Cnty Cap	13.40	14.48
Crn WDiv	6.27	6.85
Crn WDal	7.15	7.83
deVgh M	70.46	70.46
Delaware Group:		
Decat	12.31	13.45
Delwr	13.73	14.79
Delta	7.73	8.45
Dodg Cox	15.79	15.79
Drexel	14.82	14.82
Dreyf Fd	12.44	13.63
Dreyf Lv	14.25	15.62
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	10.16	11.10
Grwth	12.96	14.16
Incom	6.36	6.95
Specl	9.38	10.25
Stock	14.01	15.31
Eberst	14.48	15.83
Egret	13.36	14.50
Emrg Sc	6.50	7.10
Energy	13.36	13.36
Entprse	6.68	7.30
Equity	9.47	10.35
Equt Gth	9.15	10.03
Equt Pro	4.49	4.92
Fairfd	10.93	11.95
Farm Bu	10.61	10.61
Fid Desl	7.34	
Fidelity Group:		
Capit	12.58	13.75
Contr	9.70	10.60
Essex	14.20	15.52
Evrst	13.61	14.87
Fidel	16.41	17.93
Purtn	10.74	11.74
Salem	5.55	6.05
Trend	24.64	26.93
Financial Prog:		
Dynm	4.47	4.90
Indust	3.90	4.32
Incom	6.10	6.68
Vent	4.48	4.91
FstF Va	11.59	12.67
Fst Investors:		
Disco	8.34	9.14
Grwth	9.46	10.37
Stock	10.15	11.12
Fst Multi	9.32	9.47
Fst Nat	7.88	8.61
Fst Siera	46.27	50.73
Flet Cap	6.54	
Flet Fnd	5.68	
Fla Gth	6.08	6.64
Fnd Gth	4.58	5.00
Founders Group:		
Grwth	16.02	17.51
Incom	13.91	15.20
Mutal	8.89	9.72
Specl	10.83	11.84
Foursq	10.89	11.90
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	9.13	10.01
Grwth	6.51	7.13
Util	6.43	7.05
Incom	2.17	2.38
Fd frMut	10.55	10.55
Fund Inc Grp:		
Cmrc	9.81	10.72
Impac	8.23	8.99
Ind Trd	13.23	14.46
Pilot	7.92	8.66
Fund Am	9.02	9.86
Gatewy	9.77	10.56
Gen Sec	10.20	10.20
Gibraltr	7.92	8.00
Group Sec:		
Apex F	8.54	9.34
Bal Fd	8.95	9.79
Com St	13.18	14.41
GrthFd A	8.90	9.73
Grth Ind	20.92	20.92
Guardn	26.66	26.66
Hamilton:		
Gth	7.94	8.68
HFI	4.83	5.28
Harbor	8.65	9.45
H&C Fd	13.26	13.26
H&C Lev	10.71	10.71
Hedb Gor	8.22	8.22
Hedge	11.55	12.66
Heritge	2.65	2.90
H Mann	16.03	16.70
Hubsmn	3.64	3.98
ICM Finl	8.02	8.79
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.16	4.54
Incom	4.48	4.90
Tr shrs	12.30	13.44
Tr unit	3.31	
Imp Cap	9.87	10.79
Imp Gth	7.61	8.32
Inc Fd A	14.65	16.01
Inc FdB	7.09	7.77
Indstry	5.46	5.99
INTGN	9.77	10.56
Inv CoA	13.59	14.85
Inv Guid	9.16	9.16
Inves Bos	12.72	13.91
Investors Group:		
IDS ndi	4.84	5.26
Mut	10.16	11.04
Prog	4.48	4.87
Stock	19.79	21.51
Select	9.22	9.91
Var Py	7.45	8.10
Inv Resh	unavail	
Istel	21.98	22.68
Ivy	8.42	8.42
J Hncock	8.08	8.78
Johnstn	22.17	22.17
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	10.44	11.45
Cus B1	19.15	19.99
Cus B2	20.05	21.87
Cus B4	8.52	9.31
Cus K1	8.03	8.77
Cus K2	5.33	5.83
Cus S1	19.14	20.89
Cus S2	10.73	11.71
Cus S3	8.12	8.86
Cus S4	5.05	5.52
Polar	3.95	4.33
Knickb	7.52	8.24
Knick Gt	10.04	11.00
Lenox Fd	6.97	7.54
Lex Grth	9.95	10.87
Lex Rsch	16.04	17.53
Liberty	6.47	7.07
Life Stk	5.75	6.28
Life Inv	7.85	8.58
Linc Nat	11.28	12.33
Ling	4.77	
Loomis Sayles:		
Canad	32.05	32.05
Capit	11.68	11.68
Mut	14.77	14.77
Luth Bro	12.28	13.42
Magna In	9.00	9.84
Manhtn	5.28	5.77
Mkt Grth	6.95	6.95
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	8.51	9.31
Indep	6.62	7.25
Mass	11.32	12.41
Mass Inc	15.39	16.82
Mass Gth	12.58	13.75
Mass Tr	14.56	15.91
Mates	4.54	4.54
Mathers	13.89	13.89
MidA Mu	5.83	6.37
Moody Cp	12.51	13.67
Moody's	13.04	14.25
MIF Fd	8.96	9.69
MIF Gth	5.71	6.17
MuUS Gv	11.07	11.24
Mu OmG	5.82	6.33
Mu Omin	10.69	11.62
Mut Shrs	16.79	16.79
Mut Trst	1.99	1.99
NEA Mut	10.68	11.90
Nat Ind	11.24	11.24
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	11.48	12.55
Bond	5.12	5.60
Divid	4.52	4.94
Grwth	9.72	10.62
Pf Stk	7.57	8.26
Incom	5.53	6.04
Stock	8.43	9.21
Nel Grth	9.75	10.60
Neuw Cet	6.25	6.94
Neuw Fd	11.10	12.13
New Wld	13.32	14.56
Newton	15.38	16.81
Nich Strg	14.78	14.78
Norgast	15.42	15.42
Ocngph	7.53	7.53
Omega	6.72	6.84
100 Fund	14.43	15.77
101 Fund	9.71	10.61
One WmS	15.47	15.47
O'Neil	13.39	13.39
Oppenh	8.33	9.10
Opp AIM	12.11	13.23
OTC Sec	unavail	
Pace Fnd	8.23	8.99
Paul Rev	9.11	9.96
Penn Sq	8.40	8.40
Pa Mut	5.09	5.09
Phila	15.15	16.60
Pilgrim	10.25	11.20
Pine St	12.84	12.84
Pion Ent	7.76	8.48
Pion Fnd	12.19	13.32
Plan Inv	11.12	12.15
Pilgrth	13.29	14.52
Price Funds:		
Grwth	26.27	26.27
N Era	10.35	10.35
N Hor	28.06	28.06
Pro Fund	10.84	10.84
Pro Portf	unavail	
Provdnt	4.99	5.45
Pru SIP	10.77	11.77
Putnam Funds:		
Equit	8.08	8.83
Georg	14.46	15.80
Grth	10.48	11.45
Incom	8.32	9.09
Invest	7.93	8.67
Vista	8.56	9.36
Voyag	7.32	8.00
Revere	11.44	12.17
Rinfret	15.90	16.50
Schustr	17.02	18.63
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	unavail	
Spcl	34.36	34.36
Bal	15.97	15.97
Com St	10.55	10.55
Security Funds:		
Equity	3.62	3.97
Invest	8.24	9.03
Ultra	7.61	8.34
Selec Am	10.00	10.82
Sel SpecS	16.81	18.38
Sentl Gth	8.69	9.45
Sham Fd	11.84	11.84
Shear Ap	31.54	34.47
Sh Dean	18.67	18.67
Side	10.10	11.07
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	9.92	10.84
Invest	11.51	12.58
Trust	9.38	10.25
Smith B	10.24	10.24
Swst Inv	9.40	10.16
Swinv Gt	7.11	7.49
Sover Inv	13.49	14.77
Spectra	7.46	8.18
StFrm Gt	4.83	4.83
State St	47.77	48.02
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	3.94	4.32
Asso F	1.35	1.48
Fiduc	7.29	7.99
Stein Roe Fds:		
Bal	20.39	20.39
Cap Op	9.53	9.53
Stock	14.38	14.38
Supervisd Inv:		
Grth	7.51	8.21
Sumit	11.04	12.10
Tech	7.77	8.47
Syncr Gt	10.09	11.03
TMR Ap	13.55	14.81
Teachrs	10.66	11.11
Technol	4.01	4.38
Temp Gt	25.42	27.79
Towr MR	5.53	6.04
Tran Cap	7.77	8.45
Trav Eq	10.67	11.66
Tudor Fd	unavail	
TwnC Gt	2.99	3.28
TwnC Inc	4.05	4.44
Unif Mut	10.62	11.61
Unifd	10.32	11.28
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	14.26	15.58
Nat Inv	7.99	8.73
Un Cap	10.42	11.39
Whteh	13.14	14.36
United Funds:		
Accm	7.59	8.32
Con Gr	13.32	14.60
Con Inc	11.98	13.13
Incom	14.00	15.34
Scien	8.04	8.81
Vang	9.97	10.93
UFd Can	7.61	8.32
Value Line Fd:		
Val Lin	7.05	7.73
Incom	5.44	5.96
Spl Sit	5.90	6.47
VnceS spl	9.06	9.90
Vandrbt	7.27	7.95
Vangd	4.88	5.33
Var IndP	5.08	5.52
Viking	6.51	7.08
WallSt In	8.90	9.73
Wash Mu	13.01	14.22
Wellingtn Group:		
Explr	21.15	22.50
Ivest	16.37	17.89
Morg	11.06	12.09
Techv	8.43	
Trust	11.80	[illegible]
Wellsl	12.67	13.87
Wellin	11.99	13.10
Windr	10.21	11.16
West Ind	6.63	7.31
Wincp Fd	5.65	6.17
Winfield	4.58	5.01
Wisc Fd	6.82	7.35
Worth	3.02	3.02
Zeigler	10.42	11.38

ADVERTISEMENT

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

March 26, 1971

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the IHT d -daily. w—weekly. r—regularly. i—irregularly.

(d) A.P.C.A ...	$12.37
(w) A.G.P Fund ...	$12.20
(i) AGBI-Fund ...	$4.70
(d) A.I.I Growth Fund ...	SF37.95
(w) Alexander Fund ...	$9.71
(w) All-Seas Fund S.A. ...	$10.77
(d) Am Express Int'l Fd.	$9.09
(w) Am. Inc. Prop. B.&S. ...	$8.94
(i) Amitalia Fund ...	$9.15
(w) Ampro Fund ...	$11.28
(w) Anchor Australian Fd..	$3.33
(w) Anchor Australian Tr...	Pence74
(w) Anchor Unit Trust...	Pence51
(w) Anchor Unit Trust B...	Pence43*
(w) Anchor Wall St. Fd...	$4.25
(w) Apollo Fd Issue Pr. ...	$28.88
(i) Apollo Fund S.A. ...	$13.47
(w) Aries Fund N V ...	$38.69†
(i) Atlantic Exempt Fd...	Pence83.6
(w) Atl Flexible Trust ...	$10.76
(w) Austral Trust S A ...	$7.87
(w) Austri'n Selection Fd...	$7.83
(w) Browninvest ...	$23.13
(w) Buttress Int'l Doll. Fd.	$0.74+
(i) Cameta Fund N.V ...	$10.03
(d) Can Gas & Energy Fd	Can.$13.97
(d) Can Secur Growth Fd	Can.$4.65
CAPITAL GROWTH:	
— (d) Cap Growth Fd ...	$4.87
— (d) Cap Gr.R'l Est. Fd.	$11.33
— (d) Sec. Baham Inv.Tr	Bah.$8.12
(w) Capital International.	$11.22
(w) Capital Italia S.A. ...	$9.31
(d) Caribico N V "C" Sh	$103.15
(d) Caribico warrant "B"..	$69.71
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$976.37
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs	$9.93
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs	$10.67
(d) Convert Bond Fd N.V.	$8.61
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) C S Fonds-Bonds ...	SF103.50
— (d) C S Fonds-Int'l ...	SF104.50
CREDIT SUISSE.	
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Europa-Valor...	SF161.25
— (d) Intervalor...	SF104.50
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF246.00
(i) Crosby Fund S.A. ...	$8.18
(w) D.G.C ...	$31.13
(d) Delta Invest. Fund ...	$9.30
(d) Delta Multifund ...	$10.09
(w) Dreyfus Interct. Inv.Fd	$12.81
(d) Dreyfus Offshore Trust	$11.37
(w) E.M.I.P S.A ...	$9.77
(w) Equitalia S.A. ...	$9.15
(w) Euro-America Fund ...	$7.00
(d) Euruaion ...	$36.29
(d) Exec Fund Canada ...	$6.21
(d) Exec Growth Fund ...	$6.48
(w) Fidelity Int'l Fund ...	$13.07
(i) Fidelity Pacific Fund ...	$9.32
(d) Fiducem ...	BF1.312
(d) Finance Union ...	$10.47
FINANCIERS INT'L:	
— (i) Aus. Pac Ext. Fd. ...	$10.00
— (i) LP.M.A. ...	$10.00
(d) Fine Art Fund Inc ...	$5.01
(w) First Amer Investment	$11.91
(w) First/Fund ...	$11.25
FIRST INVESTORS:	
— (w) American Trust ...	$9.55
— (w) Int'l Min &Petr.Fd.	$10.56
— (i) Austl.Ld & Prop.Fd	Bah.$9.57
(d) First Nat'l City Fd.	$23.79
(w) First Security Cap Fd	$99.92
(w) Fleming Fund S.A ...	$68.25
(w) Fleming Japan Fund...	$11.98
(w) Fleschner Becker Fd...	$31.39
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr. ...	SF2 531
(i) Foreign Exchange Fd.	$10.05
(w) Forest Growth Fd S.A	$920.85
(w) Forest Income Fd S.A.	$917.83
(d) Formula Selection Fd. ..	SF135.28
(w) Fortune Fund ...	$7.98
(d) Frontier Growth Fund	$7.81
(w) Frontier Trust ...	$11.31
FUND OF AUSTRALIA GROUP:	
— (w) Fd of Austral.(SUS)	$3.60
— (w) Fd Austral Sterling	Aus.$4.95
— (w) Real Estate Fund.	Aus.$6.93
(d) Geneva F & T NAV ...	$5.53
(d) Geneva F&TDist.Reinv	$6.09
GRAMCO FUNDS:	
— (i) USIF Real Estate....	$7.65**
— (i) US/Italia (50-50) ...	$5.18**
(d) Growth Equity Fund.	Can $5.98
(w) GuardianGrwthFd.Int'l	$6.08
(w) Hambro Overseas Fd.	$8.25
(w) Haussmann Holdgs.NV	$9.620
(w) Hedged Investors ...	$12.923
(i) H O T T Hober ...	$24.79
ICC GROUP FUNDS:	
— (w) Int Commod. Inv...	$4.99
— (w) West Aust'lian Min..	$15.92
— (w) International Bank.	$10.22
(d) ICOFUND ...	$9 39
ICT FUNDS:	
— (d) The Dollar Fund...	$10.65
— (d) Realstock ...	$10.55
— (d) Fund of New York	$9.27
— (d) Fund of Nations ..	$10.05
(w) INGROW ...	$23.25
INVESTMENT PARTNERS:	
— (d) Am Dynamics F.	$10.69
— (d) Neckermann Fund	DM24.07
— (d) Nippon Dynams Fd	$8.28
I.O.S FUNDS:	
— (d) Commonwealth Int'l	Can.$12.95
— (d) Commonw.Leverage	Can.$3.34
— (d) IOS International.	Can.$5.60
— (d) Fondltalia ...	$10.68
— (d) Fund of Funds ...	$3.33*
— (d) POF Sterling ...	£1.84
— (d) I I T ...	$8.99
— (d) Investors Fonds ..	DM'8.71
(d) IOS Growth Fund	$7.84*
(d) IOS Regent Fund.	$8.50
(d) IOS Venture ...	Can $3.81
— (d) IOS Venture (Int'l)	$3.25
— (d) Australian POF ...	Aus.$8.08
(d) Interify ...	$100.31
(d) Interfund S.A ...	$10.19
(d) Interitalia ...	Lire7.808
(w) Intermarket Fund I.	$115.80
(w) Int'l Income Fund ...	$938.13
(w) Int'l R'l Estate Inv.Fd	$23.25
(r) Internat'l Shipping Fd	DM1,304.08
(i) Int Whiskey Fund ...	$2.70
(i) Investpool Can Realty	Can.$10.91
(d) Italamerica S.A Fd...	$9.37
(r) Japan Growth Fund...	$8.65
(w) Japan Pacific Fund ...	$9.62
(d) Japan Selection Fund.	$31.41
(d) KB Income Fund ...	LF1.868
(w) Keyes R'l Estate Fund.	$5.45
(w) Keyfund ...	$9.93
(w) KleinwortBensonIntFd.	$11.28
(w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.Fd.	$10.59
(w) Lake Shore Fund ...	$60.65
(i) Leverage Cap. Holdings	$18.55
(w) Luxfund ...	$21.28
(d) M. & G Island Fund.	Pence66
(d) Mediolanum Sel Fund.	$9.80
(d) Mercury AssociatesS.A.	$93.77
(d) Midas GoldFd(1.025 oz)	$39.98
(w) Mutual Fds of Am. Ltd.	$19.08
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund...	$7.84
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund ...	$10.57
(w) New World R'l Estate...	$10.30
(i) N.A.M.F ...	$86.21
(i) Nippon Fund ...	$15.19
(w) Nor Amer. Inv Fund.	$8.40
(w) Nor Amer. Bank Fund	$23.45
(r) Olympic Cap.Fd.Inc...	$3.12
(w) Pacific Inv Fund ...	$5.00
(w) Pacific Seaboard Fd...	$20.97
PAN - AMER MUTUAL FUNDS:	
— (d) Pan Am. Growth Fd.	$5.72
— (d) Pan Am.Income Fd.	$3.11
— (d) Pan Am Spec Fd.	$8.58
— (d) Pan Am REEF Fd..	$11.58
(w) Performance Group Fd.	$1.13
(w) Prime Americas Fund	$10.00
(w) Pyramid (CMC) ...	$17.08
(d) Rebco I ...	$28.23
(d) Rebco II ...	$26.61
(d) Renta Fund ...	LF2.380
(w) Resort Fund ...	$10.49
(w) Roosevelt Fund ...	$10.31
SAFE GROUP:	
— (d) Safe Fund ...	$13.26
— (d) Safe Trust Fund ...	$13.35
— (d) Global Fund ...	$7.21
— (d) Cosmopolitan Fund.	$7.70
SAVE & PROSPER INT.:	
— (w) S&P Dollar Fund...	£4.72
— (w) S&P Hampstead Co.	£5.30
— (w) S&P JardineJap.Fd	$10.73
— (i) S&P Monitor Co. ...	£3.70
— (w) S&P Sterling Fund	£3.60
(i) Security Growth Fund	$11.97
(d) Selective Am. R'lty Fd	$10.58
(d) Selective Capital Fund	$7.67
(w) Sepro (N.A.V.) ...	$9.36
(w) Sepro (Issue P.) ...	$10.23
SHARE MANAGEMENT:	
— (d) Share Int'l Fd. ...	$10.33
— (d) Share Realty NV ...	$10.79
— (w) Shareholders Excal.	$10.19
— (d) Enterprise Fund ...	$5.64
— (d) Harbor Fund ...	$8.63
S.M.C. FUNDS:	
— (w) Boston Int. Secur.	$10.07
— (d) Chase Selection Fd.	$10.63
— (d) Crossbow Fund ...	SF7.33
— (d) Int'l Technology Fd	$13.14
— (d) Invest Selection Fd	$3.81
(d) Sopelux Capital Fund	LF691
(i) So African Int'l Fund	Bah.$.6319
(w) Stanhope Transat Fd.	$14.21
(w) Stand. & Poor Int. Fd.	$232.33
(w) Star Fund ...	$11.20
(r) Suez Amer. Risk Capital	$19.16
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Univ.Bond Select...	SF109.50
— (d) Universal Fund...	SF126.42
(r) Talent Global Fund ...	$11.30
(w) Target Offshore ...	Pence74
(i) Terrafund Limited ...	$5.15
(i) The Commodity Fund.	$8.03
(d) The U.S Fund N.V. ...	$7.02
(w) Tokyo Cap.HoldingsNV	$17.24
(i) Tokyo Valor ...	$10.60
(w) Transpacific Fund...	$9.20
(i) Tyndall Bermuda Fund	Pence87.5
(i) Tyndall Inter Fund ...	Pence95
(i) Tyndall Overseas Fd.	$1.30
UNION BANK SWITZ:	
— (d) Amca U.S. sh. ...	SF74.50
— (d) Bond Invest ...	SF106.50
— (d) Eurit Eu sh. Bid	SF165.50
— (d) Fonsa Sw sh. Bid	SF111.50
— (d) Globinvest ... Bid	SF97.50
— (d) Pacific-Invest. Bid	SF98.50
— (d) Safit S Af sh Bid	SF240.50
— (d) Sima Sw.R Est Bid	SF151.00
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlanticfonds ...	DM31.42
— (d) Europafonds ...	DM47.25
— (d) Unifonds ...	DM25.97
— (d) Unirenta ...	DM45.08
(r) United Cap. Inv Fd.	$4.63
USI GROUP:	
— (w) United Growth Fd.	$1.38
— (w) Un Inc. & Gr Fd...	$10.49
— (w) USI Venture Fund.	$6.42
— (w) Euro-Am. R'lEst.Fd.	$10.00
— (w) Fund of Nations ...	$11.67
— (w) The Lion Plan ...	$1.22
(w) U S Income Properties	$10.44
(w) U.S Land Fund ...	$5.38
(d) U.S Trust Invest. Fd	$12.50
(w) Univers Bk Stock Fd.	$17.10
(d) Victory Fund S A ...	$10 55
(w) Western Growth Fd. ..	$8.01
(w) West Hedge Fd Cl A.	$4.770
(d) World Equity Grth Fd	$715.50
(w) World Insur Stock Fd	$14.75
(w) World R'l Est.Stock Fd.	$14.90
(w) Worldwide Securities..	$42.11
(w) Worldwide Special ...	$3 154
(w) Zodiac Commod Fund	$9.77
(w) Zodiac Fund ...	$8.07

DM — Deutsche Marks; * — Ex-dividend; † — New NA — Not available. BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxemburg francs. SF — Swiss francs ÷ — Offer price; a — Asked.
**For the time being no new sales or redemptions of present holdings will be accepted for these funds.

BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU COMMERCE EXTERIEUR

The General Meeting of Shareholders, under the presidence of Mr. Jacques CHAINE, assisted by Mr. George ASSEMAT, Vice-Chairman of the Board, was held on March 24, 1971, in order to approve the accounts for 1970.

The balance sheet, with its progression of 22% shows a total amount of approximately F.Fr. 25 billion.

After the usual provisions and depreciation calculated so as to reduce to a nominal amount of 1 Franc, the Bank's premises furniture and fixture, the Net Profit after Tax works out at F.Fr. 10,651,909 as against F.Fr. 7,469,463 for the previous year, i.e. an increase of 42%.

The dividend has been set at 7.75% and is calculated on a capital which was increased from F.Fr. 28 million to F.Fr. 56 million, in July, 1970, half of the increase being brought about by incorporation of reserves, and the other half by an inflow of fresh money.

The total of the capital funds of the bank after appropriation of F.Fr. 3,982,900 to Reserves amounts to F.Fr. 88,200,000 approximately.

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on March 26, 1971

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
	INDUSTRIALS				
7114	Abitibi	7	6⅞	7	
400	Acklands	5¾	5¾	5¾	
840	Agra Ind	8¼	8¼	8¼	
4225	Albta GT	51½	51¼	51½	
1850	Argus pf C	10	9⅞	9⅞	
1250	Alt Sug	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
2627	Bk Nova S	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
6990	Bell Can	48⅞	48½	48⅝	
1000	B C Forest	24½	24½	24½	
4425	Block Bros	4.50	4.35	4.35	—.05
5350	Bovis	2.30	2.20	2.20	—.05
3525	Burns	11¼	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
867	Calg Pow	28⅛	27¾	27¾	— ¼
700	Can Malt	21¾	21½	21¾	+ ¼
50	Can Pack	20¾	20¾	20¾	
1600	Can Perm Mtg	14	13¾	14	+ ¼
850	Cdn Hydro	17⅞	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
4449	Cdn Im Bk	21¾	21½	21⅝	— ¼
4620	Cdn Ind Gas	11¼	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
105	Cdn Tire	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ¼
710	Cdn Wstgh	15	14⅞	14⅞	
5000	Capital Div	1.15	1.05	1.10	+.05
600	Chemcell	4.95	4.85	4.95	+.05
150	Colum Cel	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
1095	Cmwlth H Inns	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
3610	Con Build	1.70	1.60	1.60	—.05
13480	Consum Gas	20	19⅞	20	+ ½
1550	Crush Int	18½	18	18½	+ ½
1700	Cygnus A	5.25	4.85	4.85	—.15
3900	Cygnus B	7¾	7½	7½	
4982	Dom Fdrs	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
2158	Dom Stores	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
1600	duPont Can	17	16¾	16⅞	+ ⅜
900	Dytx Div A	5½	5¼	5½	+ ½
8063	Falcon	143	139	139	—5
3550	Fam Play	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
1679	Fed Grain	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅜
400	Fraser	17½	17¼	17½	—1¼
195	Gt L Pap	18½	18½	18½	+ ⅜
325	Gt W Life	44	43¾	43⅞	— ⅛
700	Greyhd Can	14⅝	14½	14½	
6850	Guar Trust	11¼	10⅝	11¼	+ ½
4193	Gulf Can	22	21¾	22	+ ¼
747	Hawk Sid	2.70	2.65	2.65	
725	Huron & Erie	22	22	22	+ ½
9100	IAC Ltd	18¼	18	18	
10	Indusmin	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
100	Inglis	9½	9½	9½	— ⅞
1510	Inland Gas	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅜
8243	Int P Line	28⅜	27¾	28⅜	+ ½
2378	Inv Grp A	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	+ ⅛
13757	Jockey Cl	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅛
1230	Kaiser Resour	6½	6⅜	6⅜	
2665	Labatt J	21	20½	20½	— ½
1000	Lk Ont Cem	2.80	2.65	2.70	+.05
900	L Secord	9	9	9	— ⅛
462	Loblaw A	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
1730	Loblaw B	5¼	5⅛	5¼	+ ⅛
1450	Loeb	4.70	4.55	4.70	+.10
2480	MacM Bl	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅜
400	Maple Mill	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
240	Metro Strs	36⅞	36½	36½	+ ¼
12065	Moore	36¾	36½	36⅝	+ ¼
13719	Norand	34⅞	34½	34½	— ⅛
13163	Nor Ctl G	17	16¾	16⅞	+ ⅛
1915	OSF Ind	7	6½	7	+ ⅜
10970	Oshaw A	12⅛	11½	12	+ ¼
8390	Pembina	31	30½	31	
87	Petrofina	21¼	20⅞	20⅞	
1050	Rothmans	13⅞	13½	13½	
530	Scetts Rest	11½	11½	11½	
4663	Shell Can	35	34¾	34⅞	+ ⅛
6400	Simpsn Ltd	19½	19	19½	
200	SimpStr A	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅜
665	Slater Stl	11½	11⅜	11⅜	
2475	Std Brstg Ltd	11½	11¼	11½	+ ½
5129	Steel Can	27⅞	27⅝	27¾	+ ⅛
325	Super Pet	43	42	42¼	+ ½
225	Teledyn Can	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
400	Texaco Can	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	
6455	Thom Newspap	26	25¾	26	
7611	Tor Dm Bk	23⅞	23¼	23½	+ ⅜
2260	Trad Grp A	11⅞	11⅝	11¾	
6593	Trans Can	33½	33	33¼	+ ¼
27096	Trans Mt	22½	20¾	21¾	— ⅞
235	Un Car bCan	16¼	16¼	16¼	
7674	Un Gas Can	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
100	Un O Can	42¼	42¼	42¼	— ¼
400	Versatile	3.30	3.30	3.30	—.20
229	Weldwood	17	17	17	
400	Westbn Intl	9¾	9½	9½	+ ½
1700	W Cdn Seed	3.85	3.75	3.80	
1340	Weston	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
7000	White Pass	15½	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
	MINES				
5720	Agnico	2.98	2.81	2.98	+.13
3500	A Rouyn	.56	.55	.55	—.01
3907	Beth Cop	17.87	17.50	17.75	+.12
1100	Bralor	2.05	1.95	2.05	+.15
2766	Brun MS	6.00	5.60	6.00	+.20
2925	Camflo	3.05	3.00	3.00	—.05
9225	Can Tung	2.75	2.68	2.75	+.08
1750	Cassiar	22.87	22.75	22.75	
15500	Chimaloy	2.45	2.20	2.44	+.24
2400	Coch Will	.44	.42	.44	+.02
800	C Marben	3.60	3.55	3.55	—.05
4675	C Morris	2.31	2.28	2.28	+.04
550	Conwst	10.50	10.25	10.25	—.25
1300	Copperf	1.60	1.57	1.58	+.01
3925	Crgmt	9.00	8.95	9.00	+.10
8219	Denis	27.00	26.75	26.75	—.25
3300	Dickens	1.44	1.40	1.44	—.06
400	Disc Mns	1.15	1.15	1.15	
2270	East Sull	3.60	3.45	3.45	—.10
4600	Giant Msc	4.60	4.55	4.55	—.05
4405	Granisle	12.62	12.25	12.62	+.37
1000	High Bel	3.15	3.15	3.15	
5300	Holling	39.00	39.00	39.00	+.25
1500	Int Hall	2.20	2.15	2.15	—.20
13687	Int Mogul	12.00	11.62	11.62	—.12
700	Joutel Cop	.83	.83	.83	—.02
2800	Krn Kotia	1.15	1.14	1.14	—.01
1802	Kerr Ad	9.30	9.20	9.25	+.15
235	Labrad	38.00	37.50	38.00	
1675	L Dufit	14.75	14.37	14.75	+.37
100	La Luz	5.60	5.60	5.60	+.10
1100	Leitch	1.60	1.58	1.60	
508	LL Lac	2.10	2.10	2.10	
3297	Madeline	3.45	3.25	3.35	+.15
1100	Madsen	.82	.82	.82	+.02
985	Mattag	27.75	27.50	27.75	—.25
550	Newcon	5.60	5.55	5.55	
7800	New Imp	1.35	1.28	1.35	+.06
2970	Opem	11.50	11.00	11.37	+.12
3025	Orchan	4.05	4.00	4.00	
5838	Patino	24.00	23.75	24.00	—.25
1670	Pine Pt	32.00	31.75	32.00	
686	Placer	33.37	33.37	33.37	—.12
1500	Rayrock	1.63	1.60	1.60	—.05
3709	Sherritt	20.62	20.37	20.50	
975	Siscoe	1.78	1.73	1.78	+.04
12270	Steep R	2.60	2.50	2.60	+.07
1750	Sulliv n	3.65	3.60	3.60	—.05
550	Teck A	6.00	5.90	5.95	—.05
7600	Tribag	1.10	1.09	1.09	—.03
1100	Un Keno	5.20	4.65	4.65	—.55
1600	Upp Can	1.94	1.90	1.90	+.05
1165	W Mines	3.70	3.60	3.65	—.05
1010	Willroy	1.10	1.10	1.10	
225	Yk Bear	5.35	5.30	5.30	—.10
	OILS & GAS				
10535	B P Oil	6.45	6.35	6.35	—.05
1900	Cen Del	12.50	12.25	12.25	—.25
550	Chief Dev	7.70	7.65	7.70	+.05
1200	Clark C	2.80	2.80	2.80	+.05
3755	Gt Plain	34.50	33.75	34.50	+1.00
5500	Nat Petro	3.75	3.55	3.75	+.10
1835	Num OG	7.35	7.25	7.25	—.15
3300	Permo	.64	.63	.64	
2300	Petrol	1.30	1.26	1.30	+.04
13700	Place G	1.35	1.28	1.31	+.01
7340	Ranger	13.87	13.50	13.62	—.25
13500	Spooner	1.70	1.65	1.67	
4600	W Decal	6.35	6.25	6.30	

Total sales 2,470,000 shares.

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
1225	Algoma	15¾	15	15⅛	+ ¼
35	Asbestos	35	35	35	
4165	Bank Mont	14⅞	14¾	14¾	— ¼
2330	Bombardier	13⅜	13	13	— ¼
595	Brinco	5⅜	5½	5⅜	
492	Can Cement	41¼	41	41¼	+ ⅜
206	Can Cement pf	20¼	20¼	20¼	
300	Cdn Int Pow	23½	23½	23½	
1240	Con Bath	9⅞	9	9⅛	— ¼
100	Crn Zell A	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅜
2800	Dom Text	15¼	15¼	15¼	
668	Gaz Metro	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
1500	Imasco	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	+ ⅛
7000	Iveco	11	11	11	
21100	Jam P Svc	.25	.23	.23	—.01
350	Laur Fin	8½	8½	8½	+ ¼
200	Molson A	16¾	16⅝	16¾	
100	Molson B	16½	16½	16½	
300	Mtl Trust	14	14	14	— ½
4425	Power Cp	5	5	5	
550	Price Co	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
100	Rolland A	3.80	3.80	3.80	
5242	Royal Bank	25¾	25½	25½	
530	Royal Trst	32¾	32¼	32⅜	+ ½
1226	Steinberg A	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+ ⅛
100	Velcro Ind	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ⅜
3990	Zellers	15¾	15⅝	15¾	+ ½

Total sales 1,482,300 shares.

Eurodollars

March 26, 1971

	Bid	Asked	Change Bid
7 Day Fix ...	5 5/8	5 7/8	+ 1/8
One Month ...	5 1/4	5 3/8	— 1/16
3 Months	5 1/4	5 3/8	Unch.
One Year	6 1/4	6 3/8	— 1/16

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SWITZERLAND
Securities, Foreign Exchange, Precious metals.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from page 8)

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
39	35½	MedusaC 1.20	137	35½	35½	35	35⅛	— ⅜
11	4¾	MEI Cp	28	10	10¾	10	10⅝	+ ⅜
50	40½	Melv Sho .80	33	48⅝	49¾	48⅝	49⅝	+ ½
68½	65	Melv Sh pf 4	z2000	65¼	65½	65¼	65¼	+ ¼
79½	51⅝	Memorex Cp	169	72¾	74	72½	73	+ ¾
107	78	MercanS 1.40	8	108	109	107	109	+2
100⅝	94⅝	Merck 2.20	139	99	99	97	98	— ⅞
29½	19⅞	Meredith .70	10	26⅝	27⅜	26⅞	27⅜	+ ¼
52⅝	38⅝	Mesa Pet .10	105	51¾	54⅝	51⅝	53¾	+2
95	73¾	Mes sr pf2.20	2	100	100	100	100	+5
96¼	73¼	MesaP pf2.20	1	98	98	98	98	+7¾
11	10	MesabTr .18g	58	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ¼
31	26	Mesta Mch 2	3	28⅛	28½	28¼	28½	+ ⅛
25½	15½	MGM	33	22¼	23⅜	22¼	23⅜	+ ⅜
28¼	17⅝	Metromd .50	25	26⅜	26½	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
57	50¼	Met E pf 3.90	z30	53	53	52	52	+1
88¾	64⅛	MGIC Inv .20	26	85⅞	85⅞	85	85⅝	
18⅝	15¼	Mich Gs Ut 1	5	16⅞	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
17⅝	14¾	Mich Tube 1	6	15¾	16	15¾	16	+ ⅛
23½	12¾	Microdot .10g	128	20⅞	21⅜	20⅝	21¼	+ ¾
19⅞	16½	Mid ConT .88	15	17½	18¼	17⅞	18	+1
28⅝	24¼	MidlUtl 1.02	104	27	27	26½	26½	— ¼
31¼	25¼	Midld R 1.40	666	30½	31¼	30½	31¼	+1⅛
135	115½	MidRpfA 4.75	2	135	135½	135	135½	+1½
102½	91½	Midwst Oil 3	4	95¼	95⅝	95¼	95⅝	+ ⅜
56	43⅝	MilesLbs 1.20	225	54⅞	54⅞	54	54½	— ⅜
33¼	21	Milt Brad .60	40	31¾	31¾	31	31	— ⅜
115⅝	95⅛	MinnMM 1.85	169	111½	113	111⅜	112	+ ⅛
22⅝	19¼	MinnPLt 1.30	13	21¼	21¼	20⅞	21	
4¼	12	MissRivr .74f	68	13	13⅝	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
70	62	MoPAC A 5	5	68¼	68¼	68⅛	68⅛	+ ⅛
30⅝	25⅝	MP Cem 1.60	8	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	— ¼
23⅝	18⅛	MoPubS .80b	12	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23⅜	
58⅝	50⅝	MobilOil 2.40	314	55⅞	56¼	55⅝	55⅞	— ⅛
36½	30¼	Mohas 1.10	2	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ¼
37⅛	23⅞	Mohwk Data	135	35⅞	36	35⅛	35¾	
31⅝	23⅝	Molybd .64f	98	26¼	26½	25½	25½	— ⅝
23½	17⅝	Monarch .80	16	19⅞	20	19⅞	19⅞	+ ⅞
16¼	10⅛	Monogm Ind	162	12⅞	13⅜	12⅞	13⅛	+ ¼
32½	26⅝	MononR 1.5g	16	32	32	32	32	
50	41½	MonroEq .60	65	47½	48	47½	48	+ ¾
41	32⅝	Monsant 1.80	394	39	39¼	38⅝	39	+ ⅛
54⅝	46	Monsa pf 2.75	35	53	53	52	52½	— ½
37	33	MontDUt 1.88	18	34¼	34⅞	34¼	34⅞	+ ⅜
34g7	31½	Mont Pw 1.68	17	32¾	32¾	32½	32⅝	
13	10¼	MONYM .23g	136	12⅜	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	
17⅝	14	Moor McCor	26	15	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅝
70⅝	63⅜	MorganJ 2.72	184	68⅝	68⅝	67⅞	68⅛	— ⅜
29⅝	25¼	Morse Sh .75	20	26	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
33½	21⅝	Mtg Inv .55g	56	32	32	31⅜	31⅜	— ⅜
39⅝	33⅝	MorNor .80	92	38⅝	39⅛	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅝
74⅞	51½	Motorola .60	141	69	70	68⅞	69⅞	+1
45	36½	MtFuel S 1.80	35	44⅝	45¼	44¼	44¼	— ¾
24⅞	22¼	MtStaTT 1.36	26	23	23½	23	23	+ ¼
15½	13	MSL Ind .40	13	14⅞	15	14⅞	15	
24¼	19¾	Munsingwr 1	33	24¼	24½	24	24¼	+ ½
32¾	23¾	MrphyCo 1.20	11	31¼	31½	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
15½	10⅛	Mrphin 2.52t	19	14½	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
38	26½	Murph Oil .60	21	37⅛	37⅝	37⅛	37⅝	+ ⅛
21⅝	15¼	MurryOh .60	4	20	20	19½	19½	— ½
		N						
49	42¼	Nalco Ch .70	60	47⅞	48	47⅜	47⅜	— ⅜
27⅜	18⅛	Narco Sci .60	29	24	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
38¼	28⅛	NashuaCp .48	14	37½	37⅞	37⅜	37⅞	+ ⅜
23⅜	16⅝	Nat Airlin .40	299	21⅛	21¾	21	21⅜	+ ⅛
27⅞	20⅝	Nat Avia .96g	36	24¼	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
54¼	48⅝	Nat Bisc 2.20	37	51	52	51	51⅝	+ ⅝
31¼	25⅛	Nat Can .45	81	29¼	29¼	29	29¼	
47	37½	NatCashR .72	608	44	44⅝	44	44¼	+ ¾
41⅜	36¼	Nat Chem .30	23	37¼	38⅝	37¼	38⅛	+1⅜
25½	18¼	NatCityL .90	26	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25¾	+ ⅛
19⅝	15½	Nat Distil .90	50	18½	18⅝	18¼	18½	+ ¼
64⅜	57	N Dist pf 4.25	z40	64½	64½	64½	64½	
35½	30	N Dist pf 2.25	1	36	36	36	36	+ ½
25⅜	22½	Nat Fuel 1.68	25	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	
27¼	15⅝	Nat Genl .20	78	24¾	25⅛	24¾	24⅞	+ ⅛
25½	20⅝	Nat Gyp 1.05	211	22¼	23⅜	22	22⅜	+ ¼
66	62¼	N Gyp pf4.50	z10	66	66	66	66	+1
8⅝	5⅝	Nat Indust	126	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅜
13⅝	10	Natind pf 60	2	12½	12½	12⅜	12⅜	— ¼
15	11¾	NatlVND PF⅛	14⅛	36⅝	13½	13⅛	13½	+ ⅛
22¼	16⅛	Nat Lead 1	287	21¼	21½	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
35⅝	31½	Nat Presto 1	24	37¼	38⅛	37¼	38⅛	+1⅜
28⅝	21⅛	NatSvcIn .66	201	26¾	27½	26⅝	27⅜	+ ⅞
40⅝	31⅞	Nat Stand .75	11	38⅝	38¾	38¼	38¼	
32⅝	25½	NatStarch .64	41	32½	32⅞	32½	32⅞	+ ⅜
46⅝	39¾	Nat Steel 2.50	18	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	
14⅝	11½	Nat Tea .80	23	14	14	13⅝	14	— ⅛
16	9⅝	NatUEI .31f	48	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
65⅝s53¼		Natomas .25	115	58⅝	58⅝	57¼	57⅝	—1⅛
22	16	Neptune .40	15	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	
42	38¼	New Pow 1.16	13	41	41	40⅞	41	+ ⅛
21⅜	16¾	Newberry 1	55	19⅛	20¼	19⅛	20¼	+1¼
53	45¼	Newb pf 3.75	z200	53½	53½	52	52	—1
25¼	23	NEngEl 1.56	71	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	
36⅝	32¼	NE TT 2.36	32	36⅛	36⅛	35	35	— ¾
36¼	29½	Newhall .07g	45	33⅛	35¼	33⅛	35¼	+2½
33⅝	26	Newmnt 1.04	125	32¼	33	32¼	33	+ ⅝
107	88¾	Newmt pf4.50	4	105	105½	105	105½	+1
24⅞	15½	NYHonR .05d	118	23⅝	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅜
36⅞	31½	NY S EG 2.08	50	32⅝	32⅞	32⅝	32⅞	+ ⅛
57	51	NY SE pf3.75	z20	53	53	53	53	
18	6⅛	Niag MP 1.10	83	17¼	17¼	17	17	— ⅛
57½	52	Nia M pf 3.90	z40	53½	53½	53½	53½	+ ½
52	46	Nia M pr 3.40	z20	50½	50½	50½	50½	—1½
18⅝	15¼	NiagShr .86g	2	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
78⅝	66⅝	Norfolk W 5	23	75⅜	75⅜	75⅛	75⅛	
19½	11⅞	NorlinCp .50r	26	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ½
32¼	23¼	Norris Ind 1	12	29⅞	30⅛	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
26¼	18½	NA Coal .60	17	22	22	22	22	— ½
27½	22½	NoAMlg .51g	77	26½	26⅞	26⅜	26⅜	+ ⅜
31⅝	23	No Am Phil 1	13	28¼	28⅜	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅜
25⅜	19⅝	NoAmRk 1.20	83	24⅜	24½	24⅛	24½	+ ½
73	60¼	NoARk pf4.75	6	70	70¼	70	70	+ ¼
24⅞	20	NoARk pf1.35	24	22½	22¾	22½	22½	— ⅛
15⅝	14	Noeast Ut .94	189	14⅝	14¾	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
17⅝	14¼	NorCenGs .60	44	16⅛	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
38½	32	NoIlGas 1.78	25	32⅝	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅜
32⅝	25¾	No In PS 1.32	70	29	29¼	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅛
56⅞	49⅝	NoNGas 2.60	100	52⅝	52⅞	52¼	52⅛	+ ½
29¼	26⅝	NoStaPw 1.70	98	28⅛	28½	28⅛	28¼	
115½	111	NS Pw pf8.80	z250	113	113	112	112	—1
63	55	NS Pw pf4.1	z20	58	58	58	58	+
11⅝	8½	Nothgte .25g	28	10¼	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	
28¾	22⅝	Northrop 1	33	23¾	23¾	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅜
33	20⅝	Nwst Airl .45	470	29⅛	29⅛	28⅜	29⅛	— ⅜
39½	33	NwtBanc 1.40	8	35⅞	35¾	35¼	35¼	— ⅜
25½	17⅝	Nowst Ind	784	23⅞	23½	23	23⅜	+ ⅛
83½	60⅞	NwtInd pfA5	14	76	76	76	76⅛	+ ½
82¾	61⅞	NwtInd pfC5	16	76	77	76	76⅛	+ ½
66¼	48⅝	NwstIn pf4.20	536	61½	61⅝	61½	61½	— ½
79½	65	NwstStW 2.20	3	73⅝	73½	73⅝	73⅝	+ ⅛
34	27⅞	Norton 1.50	20	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
54⅞	47¼	Nort Simon	37	52⅜	53⅜	52⅜	52⅜	
54⅝	45½	Nort S pf1.60	3	52¼	52¼	52	52¼	+ ⅜
19⅝	8⅝	NVF Co	208	19½	19¾	18	19⅛	
		O						
11⅝	6⅛	Oak Elect .16	17	10½	10⅝	10	10½	+ ⅛
22½	16¾	Oakite Pd .80	4	20½	20½	20½	20½	— ¼
22¼	16⅜	Occid Pet 1b	801	19	19½	19	19½	+ ½
70¼	54	OccidPet pf 4	9	62	62	61⅝	61⅝	
70⅝	52½	OccidP pf3.60	28	59⅝	60	59	59⅝	+ ⅛
40½	31⅛	OccidP pf2.16	4	33⅞	34	33⅞	34	+ ½
17½	11½	Ogden Corp	58	16⅛	16⅞	16½	16⅝	
31¼	25¼	Ogden pf1.87	3	30⅞	31	30⅞	31	
27⅞	24⅛	OhioEdis 1.54	24	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	+ ¼
71	62	Oh Ed pf 4.40	z100	67	68	67	68	+1½
61	55	Oh Ed pf 3.90	z10	57¼	57¼	57¼	57¼	
28½	24⅝	Okla GE 1.24	219	27	27⅝	27	27⅝	+ ⅝
24	21½	OklaNGs 1.24	32	21⅝	22	21⅝	21¾	+ ¼
23⅞	17½	Olin Corp .88	359	20⅞	21⅛	20¾	21⅛	+1
15⅝	13	Omarkin .49t	33	13	13⅛	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
25	17⅝	OneidaLt .70	10	24⅝	24½	24⅝	24½	+ ¼
20¾	16⅛	Opelika 1	7	18¼	18½	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅜
22⅛	20⅛	OrangeR 1.20	20	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞	20⅞	+ ⅛
44⅜	41¼	Otis Elev 2	139	42⅝	42⅝	42⅛	42½	
36	27¼	Outbd Mar 1	62	33¾	34	33⅜	34	+ ¼
22	14¼	Outlet Co .65	33	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	— ½
34⅞	26⅛	OverTrns .80	160	35	36⅞	35	36⅛	+1⅜
46	39⅛	Owen Cng .75	23	40⅛	40¼	39¾	40¼	+ ¼
63⅝	54⅞	Owen Ill 1.35	81	59½	61	59½	60¾	+1¼
106	95¼	Owenll pf4.75	1	105	105	105	105	+1
21	15	Oxf Ind A .60	9	19⅛	19¼	19	19⅛	— ⅛
		P-Q						
36⅝	31⅛	PacGEl 1.64	60	33⅞	33⅞	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
30¼	21½	PacInExp .80	21	28⅞	29⅛	28⅞	29	+ ⅛
29⅝	25⅛	Pac Ltg 1.60	48	27¼	27¼	26⅞	27	— ⅛
32¼	26⅛	PacPetrl .30e	108	29⅞	30⅛	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅛
23⅜	20½	PacPwL 1.28	36	22⅛	22½	22	22	— ⅛
29½	20¼	Pac Swst Air	72	27¾	27⅞	27¼	27⅝	+ ½
22⅛	16⅝	Pac T&T 1.20	28	20	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
99	86½	Pac T&T pf 6	z30	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	— ¼
13⅝	10½	Pac Tin .60a	2	13	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
15⅞	8½	PalmBch .25	19	14¼	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
15⅝	11	PanAmS .20g	48	13⅞	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ¼
8⅛	11⅞	PanAm WAir	713	16⅞	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅜
40⅝	32¼	Panh EP 1.80	707	35½	35½	35	35⅛	+ ⅛
43½	33½	Papercft .60	8	42¼	42½	42	42¼	+ ⅛
20¼	16⅛	Pargas .84	64	19⅞	20⅛	19⅞	20	+ ¼
55	45	Pargas pf2.64	5	55	55⅞	55	55	+1
43⅝	32⅝	ParkHan 1.50	22	40⅛	40¼	40	40¼	+ ⅜
20¼	15⅞	Park Pen .60	183	19	20¾	18⅞	20⅛	+1⅛
7⅞	5⅞	Penn Cent	162	6¼	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	
14	10½	Penn Dixie	32	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ½
23½	17½	Penn Fruit	14	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
66⅝	54⅝	Penney JC 1	225	61⅝	63¼	61⅝	63¼	+1½
56½	47⅝	PennaCo pf	1	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	+ ½
26¼	23¼	PaPwLt 1.60	128	25	25⅜	25	25½	+ ⅜
114¼	107¾	Pa PLt pf8.60	z550	108⅛	109	108⅛	109	+ ¼
110½	102	Pa PLt pf8.40	z360	105	105½	105	105	— ½
69¼	61¼	Pa PLt pf4.5	z8	62¼	62⅛	62¼	62¼	—1
68	58	Pa PLt pf4.40	z530	60	61	60	60	— ½
33¼	26⅛	Pennwlt 1.20	65	31	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅜
53¼	43¼	Penwlt pf2.50	1	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	— ⅜
30½	23¼	Penwlt pf1.25	27	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	— ¼
34⅛	28	PennzUn .80	203	31⅞	32⅛	31⅞	32	+ ¼
48½	40	Penz U pf1.33	81	45⅝	45⅝	45	45⅛	+ ⅛
23½	19¼	PeopDrg 1.10	19	23⅝	24½	23⅞	24	+ ½
39⅝	35¼	PeopGas 2.08	70	35¾	36⅛	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅜
59⅞	52⅛	PepsiCo 1	190	55¼	55⅝	55	55⅜	+ ⅜
45½	29	PerElmr .20g	81	43⅝	43⅞	42⅞	42⅞	— ¾
42	37½	Pet Inc 1.20	11	37⅝	37⅞	37⅝	37⅞	+ ⅛
24⅞	21½	PetInc pf 1	5	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
23⅝	22	Pet Inc pf.80	3	22½	22½	22½	22½	
31⅞	23⅛	PetePaul 1.20	16	30½	30⅝	30¼	30½	+ ⅜
46⅝	38¼	Petrolan .60	17	44¼	44½	44¼	44¼	
46½	37	Petrol pf1.37	5	45½	45¾	45½	45¾	+ ¾
21¼	19⅜	Petrlm 1.19g	4	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ¼
39⅝	34⅝	Pfizer .60a	476	36½	36¾	36⅛	36⅜	+ ⅛
48	37¾	Phelps D 2.10	118	44¼	44⅝	44	44⅝	+ ⅜
25⅛	22⅝	Phila El 1.64	162	23⅛	23⅜	23¼	23⅜	+ ¼
102¼	94	PhilaEl pf 7	z110	99	99	99	99	+1
68	58	Phil El pf4.40	z170	63	63	62½	62½	
58	52	Phil El pf3.80	z20	55	55	55	55	
61½	46¾	PhilMorr 1.20	298	59½	60	58¾	60	+ ⅞
68	59	PhilMor pf 4	z50	66½	66½	66½	66½	
17	14⅛	Philip Ind .16	79	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅜
24	19¾	Phil Ind pf 1	2	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+ ¼
34⅛	27⅝	Phill Pet 1.30	231	32	32⅛	31⅜	31⅝	— ¼
19¾	15	Phil VH .40	11	18⅛	18⅝	18⅛	18½	— ⅛
23⅝	20⅝	PiedNGs 1.20	6	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
56½	51⅛	Pillsbury 1.44	55	53¾	54	53⅝	53⅝	
17½	15¼	PionNGas .80	37	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
33	25⅝	PitneyB .68	114	30⅝	31⅞	30⅝	31¾	+1½
20	14⅞	PitForg .80	10	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18¾	— ¼
49¼	40	Pittston .60b	87	48	48⅛	48	48¼	+ ¼
24⅞	15⅛	Plan Resrch	265	24⅝	24⅝	23¾	24⅛	— ⅛
2⅞	2⅜	PlesseyLt .12	507	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
		Plessy fn.12	107	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
99½	76	Polaroid .32	148	92½	92½	91½	91⅞	— ⅝
24g2	19⅞	Portec 1.20	8	23⅛	23⅛	23½	23½	
22	19⅝	PortGEl1.38	33	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
38⅝	27¼	PotlatchF 1	17	34½	34½	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅞
16⅝	14¼	Potom Elec 1	119	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	
62	56	Pot El pf 4.50	z770	57½	57½	57¼	57¼	+ ¼
43	36¾	Pot El pf 2.44	3	39½	39½	39½	39½	
36⅝	32⅝	PPG Ind 1.40	46	35¼	35½	35	35½	+ ½
31⅝	23¼	Premrind .60	15	31⅛	32¾	31⅛	32¼	+1⅛
21½	17	Premr I pf.90	498	20⅞	21	20½	21	+ ⅛
63	56	ProctGm 1.40	321	62¼	62½	61¾	62½	
21⅞	15¼	ProdRsch .10	18	20⅝	20½	19¾	19¾	— ⅝
25½	21½	PubSCol 1.12	40	25½	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅜
30¼	26⅝	P Sv EG 1.64	181	28⅝	29⅛	28⅝	28⅞	
124¼	113⅞	PSEG pf9.62	z200	119¼	119½	119¼	119½	+ ¼
101	92	PSEG pf6.80	z270	95	95	95	95	
65¼	59½	PSEG pf4.30	z70	62	62	62	62	
22⅝	19⅝	PSEG pf1.40	2	21	21	21	21	+ ¼
49⅝	41⅞	PubSvIn 2.16	181	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛	— ½
54½	47½	P Ind pf3.50	z50	50	50	49½	49½	— ½
17¼	14⅝	PS Ind pf1.08	z150	15½	15½	15½	15½	
16½	14⅝	PS Ind pf1.04	z130	15⅝	15⅝	15	15	— ½
30g4	26⅛	PubSNH 1.64	10	28⅛	28⅞	28	28⅜	— ⅛
9¼	6⅛	Pub'kInd .31t	60	7⅞	7⅞	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
17⅝	14½	Pueblo In .28	24	17	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
14⅝	12⅞	PR Cemt .60	6	13½	13¼	13	13¼	+ ¼
35⅞	29⅛	PugS PL 1.76	2	32½	32⅜	32½	32⅜	+1
47	40⅞	Pullman 2	34	44¼	44⅝	44⅛	44⅝	
21	17	PuraxCp .84	104	18¾	19½	18⅝	19⅛	+ ½
30	25	Purex pf1.35	1	27½	27½	27½	27½	+ ½
86	68⅛	Purolatr 1.60	12	81¼	82⅛	81¼	82⅛	+ ⅞
49⅛	43⅛	Quak Oat 1	175	43⅝	44½	43⅝	44½	+ ⅝
96	85½	QuakOat pf 3	3	92½	92½	92	92	—2
46½	32	QuakStOil .80	60	43¾	44⅝	43⅝	44⅛	+ ⅞
19	14	Questor .50	38	18⅛	18½	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
		R						
29	24⅝	RalstonP .70	104	28⅝	28⅞	28¼	28¼	— ½
30⅛	22⅝	Ramad .24b	215	29⅛	29⅝	29½	29⅝	
23	14⅞	RancoInc .92	98	23¼	24⅝	23	24⅝	+1½
17⅝	10⅝	Rapid Amer	171	15⅜	16¼	15⅝	16	+ ¼
53	38½	RapA pf 2.5	2	50¾	50¾	50⅝	50⅝	+ ¾
34	26¼	RaybstosM 1	17	30¾	30¾	30½	30⅝	— ⅛
12⅞	9	Raymd Int	22	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
40⅞	27	Raytheon .60	339	39¼	40	39¼	40	+ ⅝
40½	27¼	Rayth pf 1.12	1	40	40	40	40	+1
36¼	26	RCA 1	392	34⅞	36	34⅝	36	+1⅜
87	65	RCA cv pf 4	20	81	83	81	82½	+1⅝
58	49	RCA pf 3.50	z110	52	52	52	52	
9⅝	6	Reading Co	12	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
9	5¼	Reading 1 pf	11	8	8¼	7¾	7⅞	— ½
8⅞	5¼	Reading 2pf	4	8	8	7⅞	8	— ⅛
30½	25¼	RdgBate .25	148	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	— ⅛
32⅝	24⅝	Redmn .05g	98	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
43¼	33	ReevBr 1.50	20	37⅞	39	37⅞	38¾	+ ⅞
12½	9⅛	Reich Ch .20	18	10⅝	10⅞	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
14¼	10⅛	ReliabStr .60	16	13⅝	13½	13⅝	13½	+ ¼
28⅝	20⅝	Relian El .70	188	26⅝	27	26½	26⅞	+ ¼
78½	60	RelianEl pf3	2	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	+4
50⅛	39	Relian pf 1.60	13	48⅝	48⅝	47½	48	— ⅝
11¼	7⅝	Republic Cp	173	9¼	9¼	9	9	— ⅛
31⅝	26⅞	RepubStl 1.60	56	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27⅝	
31⅛	23¼	Revco DS .28	166	38	30½	30	30	+ ¼
25	19⅝	RevereCop 1	17	24¼	24¼	24⅛	24⅛	
80	67	Revlon 1	63	74⅞	75	74½	74½	
35⅛	30¼	Rex Chn 1.50	14	32⅛	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
69¼	53	Reynind 2.40	471	66	67⅝	66	66⅝	
81¾	57¾	Reyln pf 2.25	124	76½	79	76½	77⅝	+ ⅛
32	26⅝	ReynMet 1.10	64	29	29½	29	29¼	+ ⅛
34¼	25⅛	Rheingold .20	35	32¼	32½	32¼	32½	+ ½
16⅝	14⅛	Richrdson .80	7	14½	14g4	14¼	14¼	— ¼
67¼	58⅝	RichMerrel 1	188	62⅝	62¾	62	62⅝	
17½	14¼	RiegelP .60	4	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
19¾	15¼	RiegelTxt .80	7	16⅝	17	16⅝	17	+ ½
23⅞	13⅝	Rio Grnd .60	29	18⅛	18¼	18⅛	18¼	+ ¼
13½	9½	RioGrn pf.80	52	13	13	12⅞	12⅞	
44¼	32¼	RiteAid .22	29	41	41⅜	41	41⅜	+ —
34	27⅜	RivianaFds 1	7	33¼	33⅜	33⅛	33⅜	
5⅝	5	RoanST 1.05g	43	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
34⅝	28⅜	RobshCon .70	19	34	34⅝	33⅝	33⅝	
26¼	20⅝	Robrtsn 1.10	9	24⅝	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	
31¾	25⅝	RobinsAH .40	338	31	31¼	30⅝	31⅛	+ ½
27⅞	25¼	RochGs 1.20b	15	25¼	26¼	25⅝	26	
47½	40⅞	RochTel 1.32	30	45⅝	46½	45⅝	46½	+1
17¼	12½	Rockower .24	36	16⅞	17⅛	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
33¼	27½	RockMfg 1.40	19	30	30½	30	30½	+ ⅜
98	85¼	RohmH 1.60b	132	93¼	94½	93¼	94¼	+1
21	15⅝	RohrCp .80	72	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	— ½
35⅞	25⅛	RollinsInc .20	111	35⅝	35⅝	34¼	34¼	—1⅜
9⅝	5⅞	Ronson .25f	23	8⅞	9	8⅞	8⅞	
37⅞	27⅞	RorerAm .72	296	37¼	37¼	36¼	37	— ⅜
25¼	16⅛	RoyCCola .54	58	24½	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ½
44⅝	39⅝	RoyDutch 2e	85	42⅝	42⅝	42	42	— ⅝
		Roy Dut fn2e	2	40	40	40	40	
11⅝	6⅝	Royal Ind	88	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	
17⅞	12¾	RTECorp .24	44	16¼	16¼	16	16⅛	
45	34⅛	Rubbrmd .56	11	43	43⅝	42½	42½	—1⅜
10⅜	6½	Rucker Co	41	9½	9½	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
33	21¼	Russ Tog .68	92	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
39⅞	33	Ryder Sy .50	137	39¾	40¼	39⅛	40	+ ⅜
		S						
40⅞	32⅝	Safeway 1.30	101	37⅞	38	37½	37⅝	— ¼
29½	25⅝	StJoeMin 2	83	27⅞	28	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅛
17⅞	15⅛	StJosLP 1.04	1	16½	16½	16½	16½	
52	43½	StL Sa F 2.40	417	51⅜	51⅜	50½	50½	— ⅞
42¼	36¼	StRegisP 1.60	474	39½	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛	— ⅜
24	20¼	SanDGes 1.08	10	21⅜	22	21⅜	21⅝	
21	12⅝	Sanders Asso	197	18¾	19½	18⅝	18⅞	+ ⅝
24½	14	Sangamo .40	85	17⅜	18⅛	17⅝	18⅛	+ ⅝
29¼	24½	Safeind 1.60	107	27⅜	28	27⅛	27⅞	
8⅞	7⅝	gsfeind pf.50	6	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
39⅛	31	SanFeInt .30	44	38¼	38⅝	38	38	— ¼
14⅞	11	SarWelSci .30	17	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ⅛
19	16⅝	SavanhE 1.12	x26	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	18¼	Saxon Ind	226	26	26⅛	25½	25⅝	— ⅛
37⅜	26	Schaefer Cp	118	34¼	34¾	34¼	34⅝	+1
31⅜	25	Schenley 1.40	103	29	29⅝	29	29⅝	+ ⅜
25½	23¼	Schenl pf 1.40	68	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	25⅛	
8	7¼	Schnly pf 50	1	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½	— ½
71⅛	60½	SchrgPlg .80	62	68⅞	69⅛	68⅛	68¼	— ⅜
79⅝	66½	SchlitzBr 1.40	31	77⅛	78⅛	77	78⅛	+1¼
111½	87⅝	Schlmbr 1.40	30	105¼	107½	105¼	107¼	+1¾
20½	13⅞	SCM Corp	552	19½	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	+1⅛
19½	15⅝	SCOA Ind .60	19	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
23⅞	19¾	ScotL Fd .56	14	21¼	22¼	21¼	22¼	+ ¾
25⅛	16¾	Scott Fetz .80	93	25¼	25⅛	25⅛	25¼	+ ⅜
25	20⅛	Scott For .60	4	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	
27½	23⅝	Scott Paper 1	164	25⅝	25⅝	24⅞	25⅞	+ ¼
49¼	40	Scovill 1.40	10	47	47⅝	46⅝	47	+ ⅜
60¾151		Scovill pf2.50	5	58	58	58	58	
9⅞	6⅛	ScudDuo Vst	88	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
9½	8½	Scuddr pf.16g	13	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
46⅞	37⅝	SbCL In 2.20	12	43⅝	43⅝	43⅛	43⅝	
14⅝	7	SbdWorld Air	160	13¼	13⅝	13⅛	13¼	+ ⅛
19⅝	13⅜	Seagrve .50b	11	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
69½	51⅞	Searl GD 1.30	36	67	67⅜	67	67⅜	+ ⅜
86⅞	74⅝	SearsR 1.20a	241	83¼	84	83¼	83⅝	
18⅞	13⅝	Seatrain Line	296	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅝
36	25	Sedco Inc .08	18	34⅝	34⅝	34	34	— ⅜
32½	25½	Servmt .50b	112	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅜
54⅛	46⅞	Shell Oil 2.40	139	50⅞	51⅛	50⅜	51⅛	+1
34⅛	2⅛	Shell Tr 1.39e	3	32⅝	32⅝	32½	32½	
23⅜	19⅛	ShellerG1 .80	18	21½	22⅛	21½	22⅛	+ ⅝
23⅝	21¼	ShellGl pf1.40	3	23	23	23	23	+ ¼
26⅛	22	ShellGl pf1.35	10	25¼	25⅜	25	25¼	— ⅛
53⅛	44	Sherw Wm 2	132	47¾	48	47½	48	
90½	82½	Sher W pf4.40	z140	86½	86½	85	85	—1½
33⅛	28	Shulton .80b	145	32	32⅛	31	31⅜	+ ½
15½	9⅝	Siegel Hl	20	13	13	12⅞	12⅞	
15⅞	17⅛	SierraPac .80	40	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅝
19⅜	13⅝	Signal Co .60	190	18⅜	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜	
43	33½	Signal pf2.20	3	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	— ¼
19⅜	15¼	Signal pf 1	24	19	19½	19	19¼	+ ⅜
50½	42½	Signode 1.10	1	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	+ ¾
8⅞	4⅝	Simm Prec	274	8⅛	8⅞	8⅛	8⅛	
70⅝	58	Simmn 1.40a	13	68¼	68¼	67½	67½	
113	94	SimpPat .88b	22	113½	113½	112½	113½	+ ½
77⅛	63¼	SingerCo 2.40	175	73¾	75⅝	73¾	75⅝	+1⅝
99	82½	Singer pf3.50	12	95¾	98	95¾	98	+2
33	22⅛	SkaggCo .40b	162	28⅞	31	28¾	30½	+1¾
51	41½	Skelly Oil 1	39	47⅛	47¾	47⅛	47½	— ⅛
27	18⅞	Skil Corp	336	23½	24¼	23¼	24¼	+ ½
34½	27	Skyline .20	57	32⅞	32⅞	32½	32⅝	
51⅜	44⅜	SmithAO 1.40	13	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	16⅝	SmithIntl .40	9	21¾	22	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
57	49⅝	Smith KF 2	81	51⅞	51⅞	51½	51¼	— ⅜
26	20⅝	Smucker .70	3	25	25	24¾	24¾	
17⅝	12⅛	Sola Bas .50	31	15⅞	16⅛	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
8	4⅜	Sonesta	18	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
25	14¼	Sony Cp .03g	614	24⅞	25	24¾	24⅞	+ ¼
		Sony fn.03g	3	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	
40⅝	33⅝	SooLine 1.75g	9	39⅝	39½	39¼	39¼	+
19¼	15¾	SOS Cons .44	5	18	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ⅛
31⅞	25⅝	SCar EGV [illegible]	[illegible]	½	14¾	27⅞	28⅛	+ ½
39g4	34⅛	SC EG pf2.50	5	37½	37½	37	37	— ¾
29	23⅜	SoJerInd 1.52	1	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	— ¼
41⅝	29¼	Southdwn Inc	11	37	37¼	37	37	+ ⅛
35⅞	29½	Sodwn pf1.80	15	33½	33⅞	33⅛	33⅝	+ ⅜
35½	31	SouCalE 1.50	199	35	35⅜	35	35¼	+ ⅜
28¾	24⅝	South Co 1.26	253	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	
38⅛	33⅜	SouInGE 1.80	3	35¼	35½	35⅛	35⅛	— ¼
60⅞	53⅝	SouNGas 1.40	64	55¼	56	55¼	56	+1¼
43	35	Sou Pac 1.80	114	38¼	38¾	38	38½	— ⅛
75½	62⅝	SouthrnRy 3a	51	71⅝	71⅝	71	71¼	+ ½
15⅞	13½	South Ry p 1	11	15⅛	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	
28	24	SouUGas 1.26	5	26⅝	26⅝	26⅜	26⅞	+ ¼
19½	12⅝	Sw Airm .37f	63	16	16	15⅞	15⅞	
15	13¼	Swest PS .74	46	14⅜	14⅜	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
11⅝	9½	Sparton .40	x4	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
47½	40¼	Sperry Hut 1	108	45	45	44⅞	44⅞	— ⅛
71½	62½	Sperry H p 3	1	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	— ¾
35	25	SprryR .25g	579	34⅝	35⅛	34⅝	35⅛	+ ⅜
15⅝	10⅛	Sprague El	22	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
18⅛	15⅛	SpringsMill 1	4	15⅞	16	15⅞	16	
27⅞	22⅛	SquareD .80a	614	26⅜	27¼	26½	26⅞	+ ¼
77⅛	66½	Squibb B 1.50	159	76¼	76⅞	75¾	76½	+ ⅛
79¾	69	Squibb B p 2	6	79¾	80	79¾	80	+1¼
37	31½	StaleyM 1.40	4	35⅝	35⅞	35⅝	35⅝	
49⅞	46⅛	StBrands 1.60	711	49	49½	48¾	48⅞	
61	51½	StdBrd p3.50	z110	59½	59½	58⅝	58⅝	—1⅜
57⅛	38¼	StBrPaint .40	45	54¼	55¼	54	55¼	+1
21¼	14¼	Std Intl .28	50	20½	20¾	20½	20½	
10⅜	6⅝	Std Kollsman	9	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ¼
59⅛	49½	StOilCal 2.80	131	57	57⅛	56½	56⅞	+ ⅛
60⅛	52⅛	StOilInd 2.30	388	59⅛	60⅛	59⅛	60⅛	+1
78	67	StdOilNJ .90g	273	76⅞	77⅜	76⅞	77⅜	+ ¾
85½	72½	StdOilOh 2.70	60	73⅛	73¼	72⅝	72¾	— ⅜
8⅞	5¼	Std Press	59	7	7⅛	7	7	
11	7⅜	StPrudent .66	20	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	
60¼	49	Stnly Wk 1.60	8	59¼	59⅞	59	59⅞	+ ¼
13⅞	8⅝	Stanray .40	13	13	13¼	13	13¼	+ ¼
19	14⅛	Starrett .80	2	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
44	35	Stau Ch 1.80	68	42⅝	43	42½	42¾	+ ⅛
43½	34¾	Stau pl.80	1	43½	43½	43½	43½	
11	8	Sterch Br .48	12	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	10	— ⅛
46½	39⅝	SterlDrug .80	49	43¾	44⅛	43¾	43¾	
38⅝	28⅛	StevensJ 2.40	25	36⅝	36⅝	36	36¼	— ⅜
34⅞	29⅝	StewWar 1.80	8	31⅛	31⅜	31⅛	31¾	
24½	20⅞	Stoke VanC 1	175	22⅞	23⅜	22⅞	23¼	+ ½
15¼	12⅝	Stoke VC p 1	z200	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅜
47⅞	39⅛	Stone W 1.90	x3	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45¼	+ ⅜
28¼	19	StorerBrd .50	82	26¼	26⅝	26¼	26⅝	+ ⅜
68¼	52	StudWor 1.20	x62	66⅝	68¼	66⅝	68⅛	+1¾
50½	39	St W pA 1.40	x45	50	51	50	50¾	+1⅝
31⅝	30	SubPro n1.12	19	31⅜	31½	31	31	— ½
20	17⅛	SuCrest .80	14	18¾	19½	18¾	19⅛	+ ¾
24g3	17⅛	Sun Chem .40	2	22½	22½	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
54⅝	45½	SunOil 1b	17	54¼	54½	54	54	— ⅛
47	39⅝	Sun Oil p2.25	52	46¾	47¼	46¾	47¼	+ ⅞
27⅝	22¼	Sunbeam .80	186	25½	26⅛	25¼	26⅛	+ ⅞
30⅝	20¼	Sundstrnd .80	55	28⅝	29¼	28⅛	28½	+ ⅜
16½	12⅝	Sunsh Mn .52	182	14⅞	15½	14⅞	15½	+ ⅝
32¼	26	Sup Valu 1.10	14	31½	31½	31	31	— ¼
188	170	Supr Oil 1.40	27	183	186½	182	186½	+4½
36	29⅝	Supmk G .40	98	35¾	35¾	35¼	35¼	— ⅜
5⅞	5	SurvyFd .17g	195	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
26½	18¼	Swank .60a	30	25¾	25¾	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
39¾	28¾	Swift Co .70	113	39¼	39½	39⅛	39¼	+ ⅜
33⅞	27⅛	Sybron .60	43	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	31½	+
61⅛	51½	Sybron p2.40	1	56½	56½	56½	56½	+ ¾
16⅝	9⅝	Systron Donn	103	16¼	16¾	16	16⅝	+ ⅝
		T						
41½	23⅝	Tal Brd .60	325	40⅞	41⅞	40⅝	41⅞	+1⅜
25	19⅛	Talcott 1.10	53	24⅝	24¾	24	24	— ¾
17¼	10⅛	Talley Ind	143	15⅝	16¼	15¾	15⅞	+ ¼
19¼	13⅛	Talley pB 1	23	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	+ ¼
28	25	Tampa El .80	23	26⅞	27	26½	26½	— ⅛
73⅛	51	Tandy Corp	113	71⅛	73⅝	71⅛	73⅝	+1⅝
25	18	TappanCo .40	18	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
5⅞	3⅛	Tech Mtr .09	30	4⅛	4¼	4⅛	4¼	
44⅛	35⅛	Technicon Co	27	38⅝	38⅞	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅝
40½	28	Tektronix	43	38⅛	39½	38⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
31	23½	Teledyne .63	857	31	31¾	30⅞	31⅛	+ ¾
123	97½	Teled p3.50	11	124¾	124¾	124	124	+1
20½	13¾	Telex Cp	823	19¾	20½	19⅛	19⅛	— ½
26⅝	21⅛	Temple I .25	18	25⅛	25⅝	25	25	— ¼
28½	23⅝	Tenneco 1.32	331	28	28⅛	27⅝	27¾	— ⅛
10¼	5½	Tennec wt A	187	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
105¼	88⅝	Tennec p5.50	10	103¾	103¾	103	103½	
38⅛	30¾	Texaco 1.60	834	35⅝	36½	35¼	36	+ ¾
45⅝	38¼	TexETrn 1.62	124	43⅝	44¼	43⅝	44¼	+ ⅝
39	34⅝	TexGasT 1.32	385	35¼	35½	34⅞	35¼	+ ¼
23	15⅝	Tex G Sul .60	244	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20¾	— ⅛
38	31½	Texas IVND	⅛B:	[illegible]	[illegible]	36	35½	3
109	79⅛	Texasinst .80	46	104⅛	105	103⅝	104¼	— ¾
40⅛	31¾	TexOilGas	45	40⅝	41⅛	40½	40⅝	+1
24⅝	18⅝	TexPLd .50g	9	22¾	23	22½	23	+ ¾
64⅝	56½	Tex Util 1.92	78	61⅝	61⅝	61⅛	61¾	+ ⅝
30	23⅞	Textron .90	68	28⅝	28⅞	28¾	28⅞	+ ⅛
39¼	32¾	Textr p2.08	13	36	36¼	35⅞	36¼	+ ¼
29⅝	24⅝	Textr pf1.40	12	27⅞	28	27⅞	28	+ ¼
13⅝	9	Thiokol .40	82	11¾	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
4	35g4v	ThomBet 1.04	30	41¾	42½	41⅞	42½	+ ⅞
24¾	18¾	Thom Ind .40	58	23	23	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
50	34½	ThomJW .50g	12	49¼	49⅞	49⅛	49⅞	+ ⅛
27½	21⅛	Thrit Dr .70	67	26	27	26	27	+ ⅞
35¾	28⅛	TI Corp 1.20	67	34⅛	34⅝	33½	33½	— ⅝
29⅜	19¼	TidewatM .50	12	29	29⅜	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
54	40⅝	Time Inc 1.90	63	51¼	51¾	51	51¼	— ¼
46⅞	38	TimesMir .50	25	45¾	46	45¼	46	+ ¾
37⅝	33	Timken 1.80	23	36⅛	36½	36⅛	36½	
26¼	19	TishRlty .40b	60	24	24¼	23⅞	23⅞	+ ⅛
21	12⅝	TobinPck .40	2	19	19	19	19	+ ¼
27½	20¼	Todd Sh 1.20	2	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	
35½	31⅞	ToledoE 1.80	27	32⅛	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅜
28	20	ToolResh .99t	119	25½	25¼	25½	25¾	+ ⅜
19¾	13½	Toot Rol .0b	3	17½	17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
64	56⅝	Trane Co .90	62	60⅞	60⅞	60½	60½	— ¼
42⅞	34	Trans.U 1.20	50	40¾	41¼	40¾	41	+ ¼
½V	[illegible]	Trans W Air	369	18¾	19⅝	18¼	19⅝	+1
20¾	14⅝	TrnWAir p	11	15¾	16⅝	15¾	16	+ ¾
13½	9⅝	TrnWFin .40t	67	12½	12⅝	11⅞	12⅝	
19	15¼	Transmra .55	589	17	17⅛	16¾	16⅞	— ¼
18⅛	14¼	Transcon .20	59	18	18⅜	17¾	18¼	+ ½
11	6½	Transctl Inv	236	10¼	10⅜	9¾	9⅞	— ⅜
5½	4	Transitron	40	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	
38	37⅞	Travelrs .80	225	36⅞	37⅞	36⅞	37	
48	42	Travelrs p 2	2	47½	47½	47½	47½	— ¾
23	18¾	TravLodg .25	544	20⅝	21⅞	20⅝	21⅛	+ ⅜
32¼	28	TriCon 1.39g	23	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+ ⅛
22¾	16	Tdangind .80	8	19½	19¾	19¼	19½	
38¾	27½	Tropicana	66	38	38½	38	38⅝	+ ⅝
40¼	32¾	TRW Inc 1a	160	39½	39¾	39½	39½	— ⅛
89¾	76¼	TRW p4.50	5	87½	87½	86½	86½	—2
20	17¼	Tucsn GE .72	53	18½	18¾	18¼	18⅝	— ¼
14½	8¾	Twent Cent	602	13⅛	14¼	13½	14	+ ⅞
19¾	13½	Tyler Corp	355	19⅝	20½	19¾	20	+ ¾
		U-V						
33⅞	21¾	UAL Inc	172	29¾	30⅛	29¾	30	+ ⅜
30⅜	19¾	UAL p.40	60	27¼	28½	27¼	27⅞	+ ⅞
29⅝	25	UARCO 1.10	6	27⅝	27¾	27⅝	27⅝	
25⅞	22⅝	UGI Cp 1.28	4	25¼	25⅜	25¼	25⅜	+ ½
18¾	12⅝	UMC Ind .72	323	18½	20	18½	19⅞	+1½
15½	10½	sunarco .40	17	14⅞	15⅜	14⅞	15⅞	+ ⅝
		UnNV n7.38a	3	26	26	26	26	
38⅝	29½	Un Camp 1	40	36¼	36¼	35¾	35¾	— ⅝
46⅝	39⅝	Un Carbide 2	224	46½	46⅝	46⅛	46⅛	— ¼
11½	6⅛	Union Corp	3301	12⅛	13¼	11⅞	12⅛	+ ¾
22⅛	20	Un Elec 1.28	134	20½	20¾	20⅜	20½	—
68	62½	Un El pf4.50	z40	63½	63½	63½	63½	
54½	48	Un El pf3.50	z20	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	+ ¾
40⅝	33¾	UnOilCal 1.60	92	37⅞	38	37⅞	37⅞	+ ⅛
57⅝	46½	UOCal pf2.50	28	52¾	52½	52⅜	52⅜	— ⅛
54⅝	46½	Un Pac Cp 2	38	52	52½	52	52⅛	+ ⅛
51⅜	41⅞	Union Pacif 2	43	49¼	49⅝	49¼	49½	+ ½
57⅝	50½	Unionam 1.60	56	56	56¼	56	56	
22⅝	18⅜	Uniroyal .70	655	19¾	19¾	19	19	— ¾
112	102¾	Uniroyal pf 8	z220	107	107	107	107	+ ½
36¾	29	Unishops .40	29	36¼	36⅝	36¼	36⅝	+ ⅜
41¼	33⅝	Unit Air 1.80	146	39⅞	40⅜	39⅞	40¼	+ ¼
21½	15⅝	UnBrands .30	111	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	18⅞	
19¾	16¼	U Brd pf1.20	6	18½	18½	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅜
10⅞	9⅝	UnitCp .25g	49	9⅝	10⅛	9¾	10	+ ⅛
12⅝	9	Unit Fin Cal	24	11⅜	12	11⅜	11½	+ ⅛
22¼	17¼	Unit Gas .80	27	20¼	20¾	19½	19½	—1
13	7⅝	Unit Ind .20	14	11	11¼	11	11	+ ⅛
7⅞	5⅝	Unit In pf.42	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
50⅝	45	UnJersBks 2	3	46⅛	46⅝	46⅛	46⅝	+ ⅛
30¼	27⅛	Unit MM 1.30	19	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29½	— ⅛
16¼	11⅝	Un Nuclr	29	14⅝	14⅝	14	14⅛	— ⅝
3⅛	2⅝	Unit Pk Min	23	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
45¾	37½	US FidG 2.20	55	41¾	42¾	41¾	41¾	— ½
46½	32½	US Finl .05e	29	42¼	42½	41⅜	41⅞	— ⅝
36¼	32	USForS 2.56g	3	34½	34⅞	34½	34⅞	+ ⅛
66	60⅛	US Gypsm 3	54	61¾	62⅞	61¾	61⅞	+ ⅛
37⅛	33¼	USGyp pf1.80	21	34½	34½	33⅝	33⅝	—1⅛
23¼	15	US Lease .28	56	21½	22⅝	21¼	22⅝	+1
82	71¾	USPCh p5.50	z20	77	77	76¾	76¾	— ¼
38	28	USPCh pf1.20	39	35¼	35¾	35¼	35¾	+ ¼
26¼	21½	US Shoe .88	26	25⅜	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	
32⅝	25	US Smelt 1	x22	30⅛	30⅜	30	30	+ ⅛
34⅝	31	US Steel 2.40	157	33⅛	33¼	32⅝	32⅞	— ⅛
34⅞	26¾	USTobac 1.20	33	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32½	
24⅛	20¾	Unit Util .92	27	23⅞	24	23¼	23¼	— ½
9⅝	6¾	Unit Util wt	47	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
31½	26⅛	Un.Ut pf1.25	34	31¾	31¾	31	31¾	+ ⅝
36	30¾	Un Ut pf1.50	7	35½	35½	34½	34½	
39¾	33¼	U. Leaf 1.50	12	38	38¼	37½	37½	— ⅛
26⅞	21¼	UnivOilP .40	126	25¼	25⅝	25	25⅛	— ¼
28¾	20⅝	Univer Comp	199	27⅝	27½	26⅝	26⅝	— ½
55¾	46⅛	Upjohn 1.40	900	52½	52½	51⅝	52	— ¼
20⅝	11⅛	Uris Bldg .40	114	18⅞	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
41	34¼	USLIFE .50	40	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38¼	
27⅝	21	USM stp	54	24⅛	25⅞	24⅛	25⅞	+1⅝
38	33	USM pf2.10	5	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ¾
23	20	USM pf1.50	z200	21½	21½	21½	21½	— ¼
71	53	UtahCon .60a	24	69⅝	69⅞	69⅛	69½	— ¼
37⅞	33⅝	Utah PL 1.92	65	36⅛	36⅜	36⅛	36¼	+ ⅛
18⅞	13	Varian Assoc	104	16½	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
26⅞	18¾	VCA Corp .40	122	23⅝	24⅛	23⅝	24	+ ¾
28	19¾	VCA Cp pf.80	2	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	— ¾
41¾	35¼	Veeder 1.60	59	35½	35½	35¼	35½	— ½
17⅝	12⅝	Vendo Co .60	25	16½	16¾	16⅝	16½	— ¼
53	37½	VF Corp 1.10	23	49¼	50⅝	49	50⅝	+1⅞
21	15⅛	Viacom wd	40	19⅛	19¾	19	19	
27¾	17	VictComp .50	10	26⅛	26½	25¾	25¾	— ½
10	4⅛	Villager	200	8⅜	8⅝	8¼	8¾	+ ½
27½	23	VaComw .80	16	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅝	+ ⅛
25⅛	22⅛	VaElPw 1.12	179	22⅞	22⅞	22½	22⅝	
108	101	Va EP pf7.72	z30	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ¼
76½	67½	Va E&P pf 5	z20	73	73	73	73	+1½
73	65½	Va EP pf4.80	z210	69	69½	68	68	
62	55¾	Va EP pf4.20	z20	58½	58½	58½	58½	—1¼
27¼	20¼	Vornado	65	25⅜	26¼	25⅜	25¼	+ ⅜
21½	15⅝	VSI Corp .48	9	18⅞	19	18½	19	+ ⅜
23⅝	20⅝	Vulcan Mat 1	43	23	23	22½	22½	— ½
15⅝	13½	VWR Unit .72	23	15½	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
		W-X-Y-Z						
60	53	Wab R pf4.50	z50	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	+ ¼
64½	57½	WachCp 1.20	4	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	
70	63	Wach pf2.20	1	69	69	69	69	
29¼	24⅝	WachRl 1.07g	85	28	28½	27⅞	28	
29	23½	Walgreen 1	40	28¾	29	28¾	28¾	
41⅝	37⅞	WalkrH 1.20a	6	38¼	38⅝	38	38⅝	— ¼
23⅝	18¾	WallBusF .40	26	21⅝	22	21⅝	21¾	+ ⅝
25⅝	18¼	WallMury .60	11	24½	24⅝	23⅞	24¼	— ½
41	30⅛	Wall M pf1.70	1	40	40	40	40	+1½
5¾	3¾	Walworth Co	6	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
44⅝	28½	Wang Labs	100	43½	45¼	43½	45	+2
15⅝	10⅝	Ward Foods	161	14¾	15¼	14⅝	15⅛	+ ½
19½	15½	Warnaco .60	116	15¾	16	15⅝	16	+ ½
76⅞	67⅛	WarLam 1.20	201	74⅛	74½	73¾	74⅛	+ ¼
31¼	27½	Wash Gs 1.80	23	28	28½	28	28½	+ ½
15¼	12¾	Wash Stl .78a	3	14¼	14¼	14	14	— ½
24	21⅛	WashWP 1.36	34	23¼	23¼	22⅞	23	
32⅞	18¾	Watkin Johns	98	31¾	32	31½	31¾	+ ¼
14⅝	10⅛	Wayn Gos .76	36	12¾	13½	12½	13½	+1
7⅞	6	Wean Unit	36	7¾	8	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
11	8½	Wean pfA1.26	9	10⅞	11¼	10⅞	11¼	+ ⅜
12⅞	9⅝	Weatbrnd	68	12	12⅝	12	12⅝	+ ⅞
13	8½	Webb Del E	97	12¼	12⅝	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
46⅞	37¾	Weis Mkt .92	9	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛	45½	
5⅝	4	Weibilt Corp.	11	4⅞	5	4⅞	4⅞	
46⅝	40	WellsFar 1.60	14	44½	44¾	44½	44¾	+ ¼
26⅛	18¾	WescF 1.17f	20	23⅝	23½	23⅛	23¼	+ ⅜
25½	20½	WestTra .50	13	24	24⅝	24	24½	+ ⅞
68½	61½	WPP pf 4.50	z30	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	
29⅞	24⅜	WlPtPep .50g	71	26¾	26¾	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
27	21½	WsinAir 2.19f	76	24⅞	25	24½	24½	— ⅛
40⅝	35¾	Wn Banc 1.30	60	38⅞	39⅛	38¾	38⅞	+ ¼
26¼	21⅝	Wstn Md 1.60	7	24½	24½	24	24	— ¼
22¾	16¼	Westn Pac	34	19⅞	20¼	19⅞	20	
61½	40¼	WnUnion 1.40	265	46⅞	47⅛	46½	46¾	— ¼
98½	81	Wn Un pf4.60	16	94¼	95	94¼	95	+ ⅛
115	93	Wn Un pf4.90	3	108	109	108	109	+2¼
83¼	65⅝	Westg El 1.80	282	79¼	81¼	79½	80¾	+1⅜
64	53⅝	West E pf3.80	z10	57½	57½	57½	57½	— ⅛
27	23	Westvco 1.05	40	24¾	25¼	24¼	24½	— ½
37⅝	29	Weyberg 1.20	4	36⅜	36⅝	36⅜	36⅝	+ ⅛
62¼	54⅛	Weyerhs .80	179	57¾	57⅞	57¾	57¼	— ¼
127½	116	Weyhr pf6.75	21	122½	122½	122¼	122¼	— ⅛
16⅝	11½	WheelPitt Stl	29	15¼	15¼	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
56	45½	WheelPitt 6pf	z410	51½	51½	51½	51½	+1⅛
47	36	WheelPitt 5pf	z150	41¾	42	41¾	42	
82⅝	65¾	Whirl Cp 1.60	74	79¾	79¾	78½	78½	— ⅛
22⅝	13½	WhiteCon .40	614	22¼	23⅝	22¼	23¼	+1⅛
39	31½	WhitCn pfA 3	2	37	37	37	37	
35⅛	29⅝	Whit C pfC 3	58	34⅞	34⅞	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
26¼	19¾	WhiteCrss .44	39	25¾	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
23⅞	14⅝	White Motor	357	17⅝	18⅛	17½	18	+ ½
10¾	7	Whittaker	297	9	9¼	8⅞	9⅛	+ ¼
41½	35¾	WickesCorp 1	20	39	39	38½	38½	— ⅝
14	8½	WiebtStr .25b	32	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¼	
39⅞	31	Will Ross .40	106	38⅝	39	38⅝	38⅞	+ ⅜
44	29	Williams Bro	47	43	43	41⅝	42⅛	— ⅛
28⅝	14½	WmsBro wt	52	27½	28	27½	27¾	+ ⅛
40	26¾	Wms Br pf.80	3	38⅛	38¾	38½	38¾	+ ⅛
45⅝	36⅝	Winn Dx 1.68	28	44⅝	44⅞	44⅛	44⅛	— ⅛
48½	40	Winn Dixie B	3	47½	48	47½	48	+ ½
29⅞	17	Winnbgo Ind	52	27½	29⅛	27½	29⅛	+1⅞
26	23	WisElPw 1.48	135	24	24¼	23¾	24¼	+ ¼
115	107¼	WisEP pf8.90	z20	114	114	114	114	
19⅝	17⅛	Wisc PS 1.16	31	18	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
29½	24⅝	Witco Ch .92	16	28¾	28¾	28½	28⅛	— ⅛
71	61½	WitcoC pf2.65	1	70	70	70	70	+ ½
13½	9⅝	Wolv WW .50	35	12	12⅝	12	12¼	+ ¼
22⅝	17¾	Wometco .44	16	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ¼
19⅝	15⅝	Woods Co .48	13	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
53⅝	35½V	Woolwth .28	333	51¼	51½	51	51⅛	— ¾
75	51½	Woolw pf2.20	12	72	72	72	72	
10⅞	5⅝	World Airwy	32	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	
173	107¾	Wrigley .3a	57	170½	176½	170½	176½	+6½
14⅝	10⅛	Wurlitzer .40	7	13⅝	13¾	13¼	13¼	
107⅞	84¾	Xerox Cp .80	322	103⅝	103⅞	102⅛	102⅞	— ⅝
30⅞	25½V	Xtra Inc	20	26⅝	27¼	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅝
45	36¼	Zale Corp .64	21	43	43	42¾	42¾	— ½
36½	28⅝	Zale pfA .80	7	34	34	34	34	
40	27⅞	Zapata Norn	138	38⅝	38⅝	37½	37½	—1⅛
42	30	Zayre Corp	33	38⅝	39	38½	38⅝	— ⅛
47⅝	36⅝	Zenith R 1.40	51	46	46¼	45	45⅛	— ⅝
23½	14⅝	Zorn Ind .28	145	22	22¼	21½	21⅝	— ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1971 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Paid in stock during 1971, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1970 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1970, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

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American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
14⅛	9⅝	AberdoM .40	14	10⅝	10½	10⅜	10½	+ ⅛
4	4⅛	Abrdn P .12f	10	4⅜	4⅞	4⅜	4½	— ⅛
4⅞	2⅜	Acme Hamil	15	4¼	4⅝	4⅛	4½	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅝	Acme Prec	3	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
27½	15⅞	Action Ind	27	26	28¼	26	28⅛	+ ⅞
9⅜	3⅝	Adams Russl	8	7½	7½	7⅛	7½	
15⅛	6⅛	Admiral Intl	7	13⅛	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
12⅝	8⅛	A&E Plast F	45	11⅛	11½	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅛	Aerodex Inc	24	6⅞	6⅜	5⅞	5⅞	—
12	8⅛	Aero Flo .20	14	11	11	11	11	
27⅜	18⅞	Aerojet .50a	23	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
14	10⅛	Aeronca .30e	38	11⅛	11⅛	10⅞	11	— ⅛
8	5	Aerosol .10r	12	6⅛	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	5⅛	Aerovox Cp	18	8	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5	AIC Photo	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
6⅜	3⅛	Aiken Ind	8	5	6⅛	5	5⅞	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅛	AIM Cos	62	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	
37	13⅛	Airborne Frt	44	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
2	1⅛	Airlift Intl	70	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
12⅛	5⅛	Airpax Elec	6	13⅛	13⅛	12	12	— ⅛
65	57⅛	AlaP pf4.20	275	61	61	60⅛	60⅛	— ⅛
30⅛	24⅛	AlnWood 1.60	23	30⅛	31⅛	30⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
8½	5⅛	Alaska Airl	250	6⅛	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
14	6⅛	Alba Wal .24	28	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Aldon Ind	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	AllenM 1.03	35	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
7⅛	6⅛	All Amer Ind	1	6⅛	7	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	10⅛	Alleghy Airl	88	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
11	6⅛	AlleghAirl wt	38	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	8⅛	AlleghyCp wt	4	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	
20⅛	15⅛	Allen El .32t	39	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
45⅛	34⅛	Alliance T .8	17	43	43⅛	43	43⅛	+ ½
5⅛	3⅛	Allied Art	28	4⅛	5	4⅛	4⅛	
11⅛	8	Allied Contrl	3	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
10⅛	7⅛	Allison Sh .40	14	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	4	Alpha Ind	14	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	AlphaInd Cp	26	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
60	51⅛	Alcoa pf 3.75	z200	56⅛	56⅛	56	56	— ½
15⅛	9⅛	Asamera .44	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
24	18⅛	Amco Ind	185	19⅛	20⅛	19⅛	20	
12⅛	6⅛	Amrco Inc	154	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	— ⅛
20	13⅛	Am Adrondm	57	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	A AirFilt .20	71	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Am Bltrit .30	7	10⅛	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	A BrStra .31f	24	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
49⅛	27½	AmBldgM .30	36	49	49⅛	49	49⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	21⅛	A Centr 1.04g	88	25	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
23⅛	17⅛	Am FinA 1.30	48	19⅛	21	19⅛	21	+1½
21⅛	18⅛	AmFin pf1.55	3	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	23⅛	A Fin ... .620	40	28	28⅛	28	28⅛	+⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Am Film wt	151	7⅛	8	7⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	A Israeli .12g	26	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	
15⅛	9	A MaizeA .33	72	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	A MaizeB .33	28	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
41⅛	26⅛	Am MF 1.20g	5	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	40½	— ⅛
28⅛	18⅛	AmMotInns	22	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	27	
29⅛	24⅛	AmPetr 1.08e	60	25	25⅛	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	3	Am Precisn	4	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	A RltyTr .20g	14	10	10⅛	9⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	AmSef Equip	383	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	4⅛	AmTeck I Tr	40	8⅛	8⅛	7⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
41	33⅛	Ahrep Corp	150	38	37⅛	35⅛	36⅛	+1⅛
5⅛	3⅛	AndyGar	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
37	29⅛	Angelica .18	55	37	38	37	37⅛	+ ⅛
2	1⅛	Anglo Lautro	82	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Anthony Ind	19	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	AO Indust	35	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5	2⅛	Apollo Indust	14	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	4⅛	Applied Data	86	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Applied Dev	61	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	23⅛	Aquitain Ltd	291	25⅛	27⅛	25⅛	27	+1⅞
25	17⅛	Arctic Ent	30	23	23	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2	Argus Inc	9	2⅛	3	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	13⅛	ArizColaLtC	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	16⅛	Ark Best .30	4	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
29⅛	24⅛	ArkLGas 1.36	32	27⅛	27⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Arrow Elect	15	12⅛	13	12⅛	13	+ ⅛
25⅛	18⅛	Arundel	19	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Arwood Cp	18	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
20½	12⅛	Asamera Oil	493	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	Asahi Oil Can	34	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
11	7	ASPRO .40b	7	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
23½	18⅛	AssdBab p.48	24	22	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
5½	4⅛	AssdFdSt .20	17	5	5⅛	4⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	26	AssdMig .80g	229	28⅛	29	28⅛	29	+ ⅛
38⅛	28	AsdProd .40	4	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2	Astrex Inc	18	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
3⅛	2⅛	Atico Chem	7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	14½	Atico Finl .40	2	15½	15½	15½	15½	
20⅛	15	Atico M .45g	127	20⅛	21⅛	20½	20⅛	+ ½
8½	4½	Atico Mtg wt	407	8½	9½	8⅛	9	+ ⅛
33⅛	28	AICL Co .30c	11	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12½	ATC Min .62g	34	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
2	1⅛	Atlas Cp wt	11	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
32½	19⅛	Augat .10g	30	29	29⅛	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	14⅛	Austral Oil	67	17	17⅛	16½	16⅛	
14	9⅛	Auto Bldg	42	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	Automat Rad	33	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	7⅛	AutomSvc .20	19	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
45½	32	AutoSwit .20g	8	45⅛	45⅛	45	45⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	AVC Corp	147	9	10	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
9	6⅛	AVEMC .05e	27	8½	8⅛	8½	8⅛	+ ⅛
9	6	Avis Ind .10g	10	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8½	

B

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29⅛	22	BagdCop .40b	12	27½	28	27½	28	+ ¼
25⅛	21	Baker Ind .24	12	23⅛	25½	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
39	28	Bald-DH 1.20	1	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
6½	5⅛	Bald Sec .16g	7	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
8	4½	Ball Co	6	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
3⅛	2½	Bang Pun wt	25	3⅛	3⅛	3½	3⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Banister Cntl	49	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
27	24⅛	BankrUtil .28	7	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ¼
6⅛	2⅛	Banner Indus	15	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	4⅛	Barb Lynn	17	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
16	10⅛	Barnes Eng	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Barnwel Ind	65	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	+ ⅛
17	11	BarryRG .78f	9	15½	15⅛	15½	15½	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Barry Wr .20	39	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
8	4⅛	Bartell Med	25	6⅛	7⅛	6⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6	Barth Sp .23	119	10⅛	11½	10⅛	11½	+1½
12⅛	8	BartonBr .43f	8	11	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5	Bartons Cdy	21	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Baruch Fostr	8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
10⅛	8⅛	BerwickET	6	9⅛	10	9⅛	9⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	BBI Inc	12	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
21	13⅛	Beco Ind 1	2	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
19⅛	14	Behring Corp	109	15⅛	17	16½	16⅛	+ ⅛
6	4½	Bell Electro	51	4⅛	5	4⅛	5	
12	7	Belscot Ret	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
14½	6⅛	Benrus Corp	19	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	11⅛	BergBrun .24	34	14½	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	22	Berg B pf1.15	3	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
9	4⅛	Berkey Corp	1	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
27⅛	20	Berven Carpt	27	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Beth Cp .78f	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
17⅛	9	Beverly Ent	265	15⅛	16	15⅛	15½	— ⅛
23⅛	17⅛	BigBearA 1	9	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Bluebird Inc	68	7½	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
4½	2⅛	Bluebird wt	51	4⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4	
21⅛	15½	Bohack Corp	144	20⅛	21½	20½	21⅛	+1⅛
8	5⅛	Bolt Beranek	16	6⅛	7⅛	6⅛	7	+ ⅛
9⅛	4⅛	Botany Ind	25	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Bowmar Ins	6	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	14⅛	Bowne Co .16	5	20½	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	15	Bow Vall .10	35	15⅛	16	15½	15⅛	+ ½
38	30½	Brad. Ragan	38	35⅛	35⅛	34⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	12⅛	Bradf Sp .60a	38	17½	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
32⅛	21⅛	BradfCom Sy	34	29⅛	30⅛	29½	29⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	9	Branch In .50	29	13	13	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
12	8⅛	BraniffAir wt	4	10½	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	BrnfAlrcA .21f	22	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	14⅛	BrascanLt 1b	113	17⅛	17⅛	17	17⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	14⅛	Braun En .32	7	18⅛	18⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Breeze .59f	35	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	BroDart Ind	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Brody Seatg	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Brown Co wt	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
26⅛	24⅛	BwnF A .40b	1	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
26⅛	22⅛	BwnF B .40b	7	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
17⅛	8⅛	Bruce Robert	32	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
28	26⅛	BT Mtg Inv	65	37⅛	38½	37⅛	38⅛	+1
3⅛	2⅛	BTB Corp	177	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	BTU Eng .28	55	12	12⅛	11½	11⅛	— ½
6⅛	3⅛	Bushler Cp	5	4½	4½	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
13	10	Buell Ind .16r	5	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
26½	19⅛	Bundy Corp 1	45	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Burgess Ind	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
35	29⅛	Burns WJ .40	41	29⅛	29⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Butler Aviat	54	5⅛	6⅛	5½	5⅛	+ ½
15⅛	10	Butteg Gs Oil	48	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛

C

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16⅛	12⅛	Cablecom Gn	35	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	19⅛	Caldor Inc	37	22⅛	22⅛	22½	22½	— ⅛
31⅛	22	Calcomp	72	30⅛	30⅛	29⅛	30	— ⅛
43⅛	16⅛	CalHilCare	137	42⅛	43⅛	42	43	+ ⅛
34⅛	31	CalPriCem 1	4	32⅛	32⅛	32	32	— ⅛
27⅛	15⅛	CamcoInc .15	122	24⅛	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
11-16	5 15-16	CampbChib						
12⅛	9	Campbl .30	106 / 2	7⅛ / 11⅛	8 / 11⅛	7 9-16 / 11⅛	8 / 11⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	CdnExp G&O	40	4⅛	4 5-16	4⅛	4 5-16	+1-16
9⅛	7	Cdn Homstd	109	7⅛	7 15-16	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	22⅛	Cdn Marconi	7	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
5	3	Cdn Marconi	14	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
40	35⅛	Cdn Superoil	49	38⅛	38⅛	38½	38⅛	
7⅛	5⅛	Canaveral Int	24	5⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Canoga Ind	4	3⅛	3⅛	3½	3½	— ⅛
21⅛	14⅛	Cap Ind .44g	187	18⅛	18⅛	17½	18⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Caram Acap	65	6½	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
31	21⅛	Caressa Inc	36	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ½
130⅛	104⅛	Carnat 1.80a	31	133⅛	135	131⅛	133⅛	+2
18⅛	14⅛	Carn Pipe .30	2	15⅛	18½	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
75⅛	62⅛	CarolPL ...	200	72⅛	73	72⅛	73	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Carousel Fash	14	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	10⅛	Carrols Dev	160	17⅛	19⅛	17⅛	19	+1⅛
17⅛	10½	Castlea .38	23	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
4⅛	3⅛	Castleton Ind	37	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4⅛	+ ½
15⅛	8⅛	Cavitron Cp	11	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Cellucraft	16	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
53	45	CenMo ...	250	50	50	50	50	
16⅛	14⅛	Cen Sec 1.55g	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	23⅛	Centry El .30	7	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Centry Ind .24	85	10⅛	12	10⅛	11⅛	+1⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Certified Cp	45	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Certron Co	38	6	6⅛	5⅛	6	
12⅛	7⅛	Chadwick .05g	13	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	24⅛	Chambrian .16	23	33	33⅛	32⅛	33⅛	+ ½
5⅛	3⅛	Chasan Ind	5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	8⅛	Christian Cos	195	10⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Cineramo	20	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
50⅛	34⅛	Circle K .48	24	45	46	45⅛	45⅛	—1
11⅛	7⅛	Citizens ...	23	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	12⅛	Citizens F .32	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	CityGasFla .50	13	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	ClarkCbl .02a	3	5	5	5	5	— ⅛
19⅛	13⅛	Clarkson Ind	19	12⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	4	Clarostat	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Clary Corp	31	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	14⅛	Clinton Mar	63	15⅛	16⅛	15⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	8⅛	Clopay .07f	3	9	9	9	9	
14⅛	10	CMI Corp	41	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
30⅛	24⅛	CMI Inv Cp	10	29⅛	30	29⅛	30	+ ⅛
9	5	Coburn Corp	47	7⅛	8⅛	7⅛	8	
19⅛	11⅛	CoitMat .30	7	16⅛	17	16⅛	17	+ ½
8⅛	6	Cole Elec .10	11	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7½	— ⅛
21⅛	11⅛	Cole Natl .44	29	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	21⅛	Colecoln .08b	16	29	29⅛	29	29½	+ ½
29⅛	24⅛	Coleman .40	16	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅛	Colon Sta .30	38	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
34	25⅛	Colwell .18g	2	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	
19⅛	12½	Combustn En	31	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18½	+ ⅛
27⅛	22⅛	Cominc 1.40	6	24	24	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Coml All .10a	16	8⅛	9⅛	8⅛	9	+ ⅛
17⅛	14⅛	Coml Met .60	4	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Commodor	16	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	24	Com PS 1.38b	26	25⅛	25⅛	25	25	—1
18⅛	9⅛	CompoInd .36	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	6⅛	Comprsh Des	24	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	CompuDyna	35	3⅛	3⅛	3½	3½	
8⅛	3⅛	Comput Eq	50	5⅛	6⅛	5⅛	6	
6⅛	3⅛	Comput Instr	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	7⅛	Comput Invst	8	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	12⅛	Computest	65	18⅛	19	18½	19	+ ½
44⅛	25⅛	Comp Softw	209	40	42⅛	39⅛	42⅛	+3

E

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16⅛	10⅛	Ecologic Sci	128	14⅛	15	14⅛V	½V½—	
15	10⅛	Edgington Oil	27	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
33⅛	29	Edmos Cp n	47	32⅛	32⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Edo Corp	16	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
9	7	Egan M .15g	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	9⅛	Ehreh Photo	40	12	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Elco Corp	17	7⅛	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
15⅛	14	Elect Hose 1	7	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Elect Assist	13	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Elect Comp	19	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
9	5	Electron Eng	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	13⅛	Electron .65	111	20⅛	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛	+1⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Electrob .22f	28	12	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
2	1⅛	Elgin Nat wt	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	El Tronics		14 9	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	menee Cp	1	7	7	7	7	+ ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	Emery In .30	34	15	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	14⅛	Empire Finl	11	17	17⅛	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Entron Inc	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
27	17⅛	EpkoShe .80a	36	26⅛	27	26⅛	27	+ ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Equit Cp .05a	96	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
31⅛	20⅛	Equity Fd wt	131	32	32⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
9	6⅛	EquityNat In	13	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Ero Ind		6	7	7	7	
15⅛	8⅛	Esgro Inc	6	14	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Espey Mfg	10	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	13⅛	Esquire Rad	14	19⅛	20⅛V	⅛	20⅛	+
4⅛	2⅛	Essex Chem	12	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2	Etz-Hakin Cp	9	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Evans Ar Ind	4	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
17	12⅛	Executne .24	19	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	18	Extendicare	84	28⅛	28⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛

F

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
42⅛	20⅛	Fab Ind	29	38⅛	38⅛	37⅛	37⅛	—1⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Fabien .40b	14	10⅛	10⅛	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Fabrics Natl	2	7	8	7	7	+ ⅛
15	6⅛	Fairfld Noble	50	13	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3	FairmCh .05e	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
16⅛	9⅛	Falcon Sbd	37	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
6	3⅛	Family Rec	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
18	14⅛	Fanny Farm	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	4	Fed Resrces	32	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	12	FedMart .40b	18	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	Felmont Oil	12	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	13⅛	Felsway .32	9	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	10⅛	Fibrbord wt	27	15	15	14⅛	15	
21⅛	15⅛	Fidel Ml .81s	89	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ½
9⅛	5⅛	Field Plastic	2	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Filmways		25 9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
19	12⅛	FlitrDyn .01e	24	17	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
26½	21⅛	FinSanba .20	12	25⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
15	11	FinlGenl .24b	15	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅛	Fst Conn .80s	5	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
4	1⅛	FirstNtl Real	38	3	3	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
1⅛	⅛	FirstNtlRl wt	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	18⅛	Fst SL 5 .16d	15	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ½
13⅛	11	FstUn RE .88	10	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
14	10⅛	FischerP .66t	9	12⅛	13	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	12	Fishman .40b	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	10	Flight Safty	17	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	3⅛	Fla Capital	48	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	18	FlaTile A .20	6	18	18	18	18	
14⅛	10⅛	Fluke Mf .41f	7	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	15⅛	Foodrma .30	43	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
89½	64½	Ford Canda 2	z1160	88½	88½	87½	88	—1½
26⅛	16	Forest Cit .25	12	23½	23⅛	23½	23⅛	
17	12⅛	ForestLb .27f	22	14	14⅛	14	14	
48⅛	27⅛	FrankMnt .10	87	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	9⅛	Frank R .19g	4	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10½	
21⅛	18⅛	FranksNu .60	2	19⅛	19⅛	19½	19½	— ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	Frantz Mf .54	3	18⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19⅛	+ ½
20½	15⅛	Fresnillo .10g	3	19½	19½	19⅛	19⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	Friend Frost	15	6⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Frier Ind .30	22	8½	8½	8⅛	8½	— ⅛
7⅛	5	Frontier Air	21	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
8½	4⅛	Frys Indust	70	8⅛	9	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛

G

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8⅛	4⅛	Gabriel Ind	9	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
22⅛	13⅛	Garan Inc .36	7	20½	20⅛	20½	20½	
23⅛	13⅛	Garcia Corp	36	22½	22½	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	5⅛	Garland Cp	4	9⅛	9⅛	9½	9⅛	— ⅛
10	5⅛	GateSpGd .20	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
20	12½	Gayld Ntl .30	49	18½	19⅛	18½	18⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Gearhrt .24b	5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
6⅛	4⅛	Gen Alloys	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	23⅛	Gen Battery	37	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
8½	6⅛	Gen Builders	14	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7½	+ ⅛
54⅛	38⅛	G Cinema .40	22	52⅛	53	52⅛	53	+ ⅛
11	6⅛	G Employ .16	7	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Gen Interiors	13	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11	GenMtgI .30g	75	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
6	3⅛	Gen Plywood	9	5	5	5	5	
32⅛	19⅛	Genge Ind	13	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
4	2⅛	Genisco Tech	8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
16	10⅛	GerberSc Ins	28	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
20	17⅛	Giant Fd .30a	18	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Giant Yel .40	80	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Gilbert Cos	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
32⅛	18⅛	Gilbert Flex	33	31⅛	31⅛	30⅛	30⅛	—1
10	6	Gladding Cp	25	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
10½	8⅛	Glasrock Prd	15	9	9	9	9	
13⅛	8⅛	Glen Ger .16f	30	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
13½	12	G'enDis B .10	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	25⅛	GlobeSec Sys	12	29⅛	30	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	7⅛	Goldblatt .36	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Goodway	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Gorin Str .50	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+1⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Gould Inc wt	52	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3	Granger As	20	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	Granite Mgt	37	11	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Grass Val Gr	22	8½	9⅛	8⅛	9	+ ⅛
13½	6⅛	Gray Mfg	29	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ½
2⅛	1⅛	GreatAm Ind	40	2⅛	2⅛	2½	2½	
5⅛	3⅛	Gt Basin Pet	45	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
11⅛	8⅛	Gt Lak Chem	208	10	11	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
26½	18⅛	Greenmn .29t	75	26½	27⅛	26½	27⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Grper Hyd	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7	Greyh C .20e	34	9⅛	10	9⅛	10	
34⅛	22⅛	GRI Corp .12	31	33	34⅛	33	34⅛	+1⅛
16	10⅛	GrossTlcs .70	7	14⅛	15	14⅛	15	+ ⅛
13⅛	7½	GrowChm .32	63	10⅛	11	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Gruen Ind	22	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	GSC Enterp	64	4	4	3⅛	4	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	GTI Corp	8	3½	3⅛	3⅛	3½	+ ⅛
40	34	Guardian Ind	19	38⅛	39½	38⅛	39	+ ⅛
35⅛	28⅛	GuarMl 1.50g	56	35⅛	38	35⅛	37⅛	+2⅛
22	18	Guerdon Ind	48	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ½
6⅛	2⅛	Gulf St Land	22	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
10½	4⅛	Gulf Wind wt	838	10⅛	10⅛	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛

H

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15	9½	HallsMtr .22g	1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Hamilton Cos	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
14½	7	Hampsh Des	37	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Hampt Sh .32	19	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
36½	25⅛	Harland .05g	6	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	
29⅛	17⅛	Harnischf 1	21	26⅛	28½	26⅛	28⅛	+2
10⅛	8⅛	HarlAlrd .40	4	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Hartf'd Zody	27	14⅛	14½	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Harvard Ind	16	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	
8⅛	3⅛	Harvey Grp	31	8½	8⅛	8½	8⅛	+ ⅛
26	6⅛	Harvey St .24	44	18⅛	18⅛	16½	16½	—2
10⅛	6⅛	Hastings .20a	14	9⅛	9½	9½	9⅛	+ ⅛
49⅛	31⅛	Hecks Inc .16	5	45½	45⅛	45	45⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Heinicke Inst	16	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
34	29⅛	HeleneRu .76	26	34	34½	34	34⅛	+ ½
20⅛	13⅛	Her Mal .12g	34	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	5	HIG Inc .25t	9	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	9	HiShear .40	43	10	10½	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Hilhevn .04p	18	9½	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
60	36	Hilton Hot wt	4	54⅛	55	54⅛	55	
9½	6⅛	Hipotronics	11	8⅛	8⅛	8	8⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Hofm Indust	7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	36	Hollingr 1.60	2	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Holly Corp	41	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
30⅛	24⅛	HomeO A .50	76	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	27⅛	+1⅛
54	38⅛	Hormel 1.50	13	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	— ⅛
20	15	Horn Hard.r	1	16	16	16	16	— ⅛
24½	17⅛	Hoskins .80a	85	21⅛	22	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
25	10⅛	Hospital Affil	150	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+1⅛
12½	7⅛	Host Ent .23t	5	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
46⅛	29	House Fabric	73	46⅛	46⅛	45⅛	46	+ ⅛
30⅛	24½	House Vls .44	79	25⅛	27⅛	25⅛	27⅛	+2⅛
38⅛	28⅛	HubbellA 1	3	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	
38	28⅛	HubbellB 1	5	35½	35½	35⅛	35½	
56⅛	49⅛	Hubb pfA1.75	2	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	— ½
55	52	HudnManA	8	52⅛	53	52⅛	53	
44⅛	36⅛	HudB OG .50	48	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	11⅛	Hudson Lees	10	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
14⅛	11⅛	Huffman .60	11	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
17⅛	15⅛	Husky Oil .5	15	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	31	Huyck Cp .48	41	40	40⅛	39⅛	40⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Hycon Mfg	5	7	7	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Hydrometl	44	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
19⅛	14	Hydrom pf.60	3	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
45⅛	22⅛	Hygrad Food	17	38⅛	38⅛	38	38	
55⅛	39	HygrdFd pf 4	7	49⅛	55⅛	49⅛	50⅛	+ ⅛

I

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
36⅛	24⅛	IdealToy 1f	12	33	33	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	IHC Inc	20	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	
12⅛	7	IllusWor Enc	18	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	5⅛	IMC Magnet	4	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	5	ImpcoGy .64t	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
6	5½	ImpChm .14g	2	5 11-16	5 11-16	5 11-16	5 11-16	—1-16
21	18⅛	ImprlOil .50a	51	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
16	10⅛	Indian Hd wt	18	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
42	53⅛	IndplsPL pf 4	210	56	56	56	56	+ ⅛
13⅛	10⅛	Inexco Oil	223	13	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
8⅛	6	Inland Credit	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
12⅛	7⅛	Instron Corp	19	12	12⅛	12	12	+ ⅛
12⅛	6	Instrum Sys	243	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	3	Int Cont A wt	127	4	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	Int Foodsvc	89	18⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19⅛	+1⅛
24	12⅛	In Protein .10	16	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	8⅛	Int Stretch	71	21	21⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
11	6⅛	Interphoto	15	9⅛	10	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	Interstate Un	78	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	16⅛	Intersystm	12	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
54⅛	37⅛	InvDiv A 1.60	21	52⅛	53⅛	52⅛	53⅛	+1⅛
13⅛	9	InvDivB .45	33	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
15	10	Invt Fdg .60b	106	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Invt Roy .14a	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
16	8⅛	Iroquois Ind	369	16⅛	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛	+1⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Irvin Indust	22	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
8	5⅛	ISC Ind	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	14⅛	Itel Corp	223	20	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	ITI Corp	14	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛

J-K

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
9⅛	4⅛	Jaclyn .10g	4	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	17½	Jamesway	93	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	19⅛	Jeannette Gl	30	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
12½	10	Jeff Lak Pet	6	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
16½	9	Jeffersn Strs	12	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Jervis Corp	3	8	8	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Jetronic Ind	6	3	3	3	3	+ ⅛
33⅛	26⅛	John Pd .07g	37	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
9	7⅛	JS Industries	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7	Jupiter Cp	37	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	Kaiser In .27f	91	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Kalvex .25t	51	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
11⅛	7⅛	Kane Mill wt	42	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+
37⅛	24⅛	Kansb PL .80	14	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
38	22⅛	Kauf Brd wt	38	35⅛	36⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+
8⅛	5⅛	Kavanau	9	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Kay Jwly	5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
24⅛	17	Kenton .32	232	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
14⅛	10	Ketchm .30b	9	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
37⅛	25⅛	Kewanee .90	34	36⅛	36⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
56⅛	39⅛	Kewanee pf 2	10	53⅛	54⅛	53	5⅛	
11⅛	8⅛	Key Co	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Keyst Ind .40	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Kilemb .10g	31	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Kin Ark Corp	112	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8⅛	5⅛	King Radio	12	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
11	7	Kingsford .16	16	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	28⅛	KingsLaf 1.60	2	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7	Kinny pfC .05	412	11⅛	12	11⅛	12	+ ⅛
28⅛	23	Kirby Ind .36	15	25⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	7⅛	Kit Mfg	9	9	9⅛	8⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	KleerVu Ind	6	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
30⅛	22⅛	Kleinerts	3	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	14	Knott Hot .60	4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	16⅛	Kollmrgn .40	45	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26	+ ⅛
19⅛	12⅛	Kysor Ind .40	18	17	17⅛	17	17⅛	+ ⅛

L

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
28⅛	20⅛	Lafay Radio	4	26	26⅛	26	26⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	LAiglon Appl	8	8⅛	9	8⅛	9	+ ⅛
4	3	Lake Shore	67	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	17½	LaMaur .36	4	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Langley Cp	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
10⅛	7⅛	LaPoint .20a	11	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
24½	19⅛	Larwin .48a	62	24⅛	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
20	13½	LeaRonl .28	11	18⅛	19	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
13	8	Leader Intl	25	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
9	6⅛	Leasco Cp wt	226	7⅛	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
27⅛	18⅛	Lee Ent .20g	4	25	25⅛	25	25⅛	+
12	7⅛	Lee Natl	27	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
19⅛	15⅛	Leh Press .56	7	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	13⅛	Leisure Tec	44	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
47	31½	LernerStr .80	34	44	44	43⅛	44	+ ⅛
32⅛	18⅛	Lerner St wt	157	29	29	28⅛	29	+ ⅛
32½	31⅛	LeslieFa n.32	29	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32½	
8⅛	4⅛	LevinTown	71	8	8	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
111	67⅛	Levitz Furn	118	108⅛	108⅛	107⅛	107⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Lierly Fa	10	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	
10⅛	6⅛	Lieffy Lecs	37	9	9	8⅛	8⅛	
16⅛	9⅛	Lilli Ann Cp	36	13⅛	15	13⅛	15	+1
14⅛	9	LilyLynn A	14	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
4⅛	2½	Ling TVt wt	67	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4	+ ⅛
21⅛	13⅛	LoewsThe wt	188	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
5⅛	3	Logistic Ind	49	5½	5⅛	5⅛	5½	
27⅛	21	LaGenSv 1.10	2	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
26½	23⅛	Louisv Cem 1	8	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	LSB Ind .24t	6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	LTV Aero .80	21	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	LTV Aero wt	14	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
7⅛	3⅛	LTVElec .07g	18	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
3½	1⅛	LTV Lin Alt	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
1⅛	⅛	LTV Ling wt	7	1⅛	1⅛	1½	1⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3½	Lynch Corp	8	4½	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛

M

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
5⅛	4⅛	Magna OVIL		1⅛	⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
19½	17⅛	Me PSv 1.16	2	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Mallory Ran	14	3⅛	4	3⅛	3⅛	
43⅛	30	MamMrt .28	50	43⅛	44⅛	43⅛	44⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	8	Magmt Data	20	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	12⅛	Manst TR .50	18	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Marinduqe	152	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
16	7⅛	Marlene Ind	53	12⅛	12⅛	12	12⅛	
53⅛	44⅛	Marley .40	4	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	18⅛	Marshal Ind	29	20⅛	21	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	Masland .40	1	18	18	18	18	
17⅛	14⅛	MaterR .07g	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+
19⅛	9⅛	Mgul Bro .20	26	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	+1
12⅛	7⅛	Maule In .30g	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
11⅛	5⅛	McCrory wt	18	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	5⅛	McCror wt n	112	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	36	McCull 1.12t	181	50⅛	50⅛	49⅛	49⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	28⅛	McDong .17	42	34⅛	35⅛	34⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	14	Means&Co 1	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
17⅛	13	Mcdalist .16g	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	MedcoJwly A	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
40⅛	33⅛	ModlaGen .52	2	39⅛	39½V	⅛	39½	+
22⅛	14⅛	MEM Co .72	16	22⅛	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	Menasco .41t	116	18⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19	+ ⅛
25⅛	19⅛	MerleNo .10g	4	19½	19½	19½	19½	
2 9-16	1⅛	Merrill Isld						
7⅛	5⅛	Mich Sug .10	8	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
3½	3⅛	Mich Sg pf.24	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
25	16⅛	Microwave	27	21⅛	21⅛	23⅛	21	— ⅛
16⅛	11⅛	Midind Co .20	8	15	15⅛	15	15⅛	
16⅛	11⅛	Mid Mtg .35	41	15⅛	16	15⅛	16	+ ⅛
10⅛	5½	Midwst Ru R	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	18⅛	Midw Fin .28	25	20⅛	21	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	17½	Milgo Elect	87	19⅛	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
14	9⅛	MillrWohl .30	63	14	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	12⅛	MillOnyx .54t	13	13⅛	14	13⅛	14	+ ⅛
28⅛	19⅛	Milton Roy	5	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
36	29⅛	Mirro Al 1.80	5	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	
22⅛	16	MoBeefPkr	41	19	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Mite Corp	89	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
16⅛	13⅛	Moile Home	96	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	7	Modern Maid	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
6½	3⅛	Mohawk Air	71	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Molyd Can	11	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
10⅛	6	Moog Inc	9	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	12⅛	Morse El Pd	22	22⅛	22⅛	22½	22⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	8	Morton S .32	3	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
13⅛	10⅛	MottsSMk .16	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	9	Mouldings	52	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	18⅛	Mt Vern 1.50	9	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9	Mov Star .50	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
4	2	Movielab	25	3⅛	3½	3	3⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	MPB Cp .30	27	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
8½	5⅛	MPO Video	1	8	8	8	8	
20⅛	12⅛	MultiAm .05g	18	18⅛	19½	18⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2½	Muter Co	21	3⅛	3⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	MWA Co .40	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛

N

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6⅛	4	Napco Ind	6	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
7	4⅛	Narda Micr	13	5⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2½	Nat Bellas H	30	4⅛	4⅛	4½	4½	— ⅛
16⅛	6⅛	Nat Gen wt	58	14⅛	15	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Nat Gen wt n	572	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Nat Hlth Ent	263	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Nat Ind wt	80	2⅛	3	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	N Realty .80	21	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	
33⅛	18½	N Semicondt	102	32	32	31⅛	31½	— ½
17⅛	9⅛	Nat Seinne	9	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
17	12⅛	Nat Systems	54	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	NBO Ind	187	6⅛	7⅛	6⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	9	Needhm Pk	16	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	11	Nelsnor .20	3	21⅛	21⅛	20⅛	21	— ⅛
17⅛	11½	NellyDon .61f	24	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ½
4⅛	3⅛	Nestle LeM	24	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛	
18⅛	15	Newcor .90	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
19⅛	14⅛	N Eng Nuclr	14	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	
8⅛	6⅛	N Hamp Ball	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
3	1⅛	Newidria Mn	87	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	12	New Mex&Ar	30	19½	20	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	NewPark Mn	52	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
62⅛	41⅛	N Proc .75a	20	62⅛	62½	62	62⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	21	NY Times .40	17	22	27⅛	26⅛	27	+ ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	NiagFSvc .16	32	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	4½	NMS Indust	27	5⅛	5⅛	5	5⅛	— ⅛
20	13½	Norf So Ry	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
17⅛	12⅛	Norlck .28t	113	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
7½	4½	Nor Am Roy	5	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
27⅛	24⅛	No Am Sug 1	5	27⅛	27⅛	27	27	— ⅛
8 9-16	5 13-16	Nor Cdn Oils	48	7 5-16	7 7-16	7 5-16	7 7-16	+3-16
6⅛	4	Noeast Airlin	1	5⅛	5½	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
62⅛	57	N InPS pf4.25	z80	58⅛	59	58⅛	58⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	15⅛	NNG Mob wt	33	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7½	NOLST Ind wt	192	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
	8⅛	Novo Corp	24	11⅛	13	11⅛	12⅛	+1
3⅛	2⅛	Nuclear Am	23	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
34⅛	26⅛	Nuclear Data	35	32⅛	33⅛	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
5½	2⅛	Nytronics	422	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛

O

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
28	23⅛	Offshore Co	16	28½	29⅛	28½	29	+1
38⅛	31½	Oh Brass 1.60	12	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	14⅛	OKC Corp .80	8	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15	
4½	1⅛	Okonite wt	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	5	Old Town	176	10½	10½	9⅛	10	— ½
18⅛	12⅛	Olla Ind	21	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
108⅛	97	Ocklep 2.10g	z350	102⅛	102⅛	101	102	— ⅛
1⅛	5⅛	Originala .30	6	9½	9½	9⅛	9½	+ ⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Ormand Ind	24	4⅛	5⅛	4⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	OSullivn .20	x2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	23⅛	OverhdDr .60	2	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	16⅛	Over Ship Gr	53	23⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
5	2⅛	Oxford Elec	7	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	9⅛	Oxfd Fst .30g	5	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Ozark Airlind	54	4⅛	5	4⅛	5	+ ⅛

P

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16⅛	11	P&A Indust	15	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14½	— ½
4⅛	2⅛	P&F Indust	245	4½	4⅛	4½	4½	
4⅛	3⅛	Pac Cst Prop	60	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
24⅛	21⅛	PGE 6pf 1.50	16	21⅛	22	21	21⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	19	PGE pf 1.37	4	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
19	17⅛	PGE 5pf 1.25	2	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	16⅛	PG Rd pf1.25	27	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	16½	PG rdpfA1.25	3	18	18	18	18	— ⅛
17⅛	15⅛	PG 4.56pf1.09	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	5⅛	
32⅛	29	PG 9.28pf2.32	3	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	
9⅛	13⅛	P Hold .60b	30	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	18	P Hold pf1.20	4	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	
69⅛	61½	Pac Lt pf4.75	280	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	
67	59	Pac Lt pf4.50	250	62	62	61	62	—1
65⅛	56⅛	Pac Lt pf4.40	250	60	60	60	60	— ⅛
18	16	P NwTel 1.04	15	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
73	64	Pac PL pf 5	z150	68	68	67⅛	67⅛	—1⅛
35⅛	20⅛	PacSLoan .50	6	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	P SwstAir wt	5	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
17½	8⅛	Pall Corp A	27	16⅛	17	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	10⅛	Palomar Finl	43	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
54	41⅛	Pamida Inc	57	51⅛	53⅛	51⅛	52⅛	+1
4⅛	3⅛	Pantasote	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
10	6½	Parmont Pkg	5	9	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Park Ch .30	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
13⅛	9⅛	Park Ele .07t	8	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12½	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Parklan Hds	11	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Parkwy Dist	8	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
30	17⅛	Parsons .25e	57	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	8⅛	Pat PPap .20	8	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Palo CG .20g	12	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
32⅛	24	Peab Gal .47t	61	29⅛	30	29½	29⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	11	Peel E'der	50	18	19⅛	18	18⅛	+1⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Penn Eng .60	41	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
2⅛	10⅛	Penn RIE .85	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	16⅛	PennTra .70a	2	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
8	5⅛	PenobSh .10g	4	6⅛	7	6⅛	7	+ ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Pentron Ind	14	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
40	28	Pep Boys .95	x4	35	35⅛	35	35⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Pepcomin .40	53	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	25⅛	PEPI 1.00f	9	28⅛	28⅛	28	28	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Perini Corp	52	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7	Permaner	5	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
50⅛	29⅛	Petrie Str .60	15	51	51	50⅛	50⅛	
6⅛	5⅛	PhilLgdls .91	36	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
17	12⅛	Phillips Scr	13	15	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
5⅛	3	Phoenix Stl	165	5	5	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2	Piasecki Airc	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
48⅛	33	Pickwick Intl	5	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47½	+ ⅛
40⅛	25⅛	Pier I Imprt	5	38⅛	39	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	10⅛	Pioneer Plas	124	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
12	6⅛	PionerSy .12t	255	11⅛	11⅛	9⅛	10⅛	—
34⅛	30	Pittway .60b	9	30⅛	31⅛	30⅛	31⅛	+1
6⅛	5⅛	PitWV Tr .48	9	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	PKL Co	8	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
35⅛	30⅛	Placr De .20g	3	33	33	33	33	— ⅛
22	18⅛	Plant Ind	137	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
8⅛	5	Plaza Group	22	7	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
13⅛	7	Ply Gem .19f	10	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Plym Rub A	5	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3½	Plym Rub B	2	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
13⅛	9⅛	Pneumo Dy	16	12½	12½	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	Poloron .56f	90	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	3⅛	Polych .73f	4	6⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Polymer Cp	z100	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
24⅛	17⅛	Potter Inst	87	21⅛	21⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	10⅛	Prairie Oil	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
18	15	Pratt Lamb 1	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Pratt Rd .20	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
9⅛	8⅛	PrattRd pf.66	1	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
50⅛	43	PrentHall .68	37	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	10⅛	PresRlt A .80	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	10	PresRlt B .80	6	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	7⅛	Preston .28e	8	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Price Capital	25	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	19⅛	Protr Stl .50g	31	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	8⅛	Prov Gas .64	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
12⅛	8	Prud Resrcs	21	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
27⅛	19⅛	Prud Bdg .24	2	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
6⅛	4⅛	PrudFnds .10	19	5⅛	6⅛	5⅛	6	
11⅛	7⅛	Pubco Pff .15	76	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
13⅛	10	PuntaGord Is	45	13	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
28⅛	10⅛	Puritan Fash	204	27⅛	28⅛	27⅛	28	+ ⅛
13⅛	9	PutnamsS .34	12	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛

R

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
5⅛	3	Ramer Ind	9	4½	4½	4⅛	4½	
20	14⅛	Ranchrs Ex	7	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Rapid Am wt	124	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	9	Rath Pack	358	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Ray Resrcs	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
14⅛	6⅛	Raym Pr .40	8	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	7⅛	RB Indust	115	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
9	5⅛	Reading Ind	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	22⅛	Real El 1.40a	11	26⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	RltylnTr .25g	15	15	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
40⅛	21⅛	Recrion Corp	227	40⅛	42⅛	40⅛	41⅛	+1⅛
5⅛	2⅛	REDM .10d	71	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	3	Reeves Ind	23	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
3⅛	2⅛	Reeves Telec	17	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
39	32	Reli Ins 2.20	z50	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	Rm Arm .80	18	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	17½	RepMtg 1.80a	321	20⅛	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	RepMtgIn wt	579	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
45	32⅛	ResrchCtl .08	31	41⅛	43	41⅛	42⅛	+1⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Reserve OG	66	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
10	6	Resistoflex	10	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	gresortsIntl A	77	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	7⅛	ResortsIntl B	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5	Restau Assoc	54	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
21⅛	15⅛	Rex Noreco	253	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	9⅛	RH Med Svcs	44	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	7⅛	Riblet Prods	15	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Richford Ind	29	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	24	Richton 1.07t	x16	39⅛	39⅛	37⅛	37⅛	—1
18⅛	14⅛	RicoArg Mng	4	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
10	3⅛	Riker Maxs	294	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Riker Mxnpf	46	3⅛	3⅛	3	3	
19⅛	15⅛	RioAlgom .40	1	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
6⅛	5⅛	RitterFin .06f	5	5⅛	5⅛	5½	5⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Robintech	11	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
9	6⅛	Roblin Ind	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	18⅛	Rogers Corp	1	20	20	20	20	
25⅛	17⅛	Rollins Intl	119	20⅛	22⅛	20	22	+1⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Ronco Telepr	91	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
8½	4⅛	Rosenau Bro	8	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7½	— ⅛
33	23⅛	RownDrl .07g	19	27⅛	28⅛	27⅛	28⅛	+1
14⅛	9	Rowland Pd	11	13	13	13	13	
18⅛	16	RoyalAmer n	61	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Roy Busn Fd	6	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
16⅛	11⅛	Royallnn Am	17	15	15⅛	15	15	+ ⅛
21⅛	13⅛	Rupp Indust	41	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Rusco Ind	32	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Russeks Inc	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
7⅛	5	Russell Alum	23	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7	RussIMil .10g	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
42	28⅛	RustCraft .40	55	42	43	42	43	+1
76⅛	66⅛	Ryan Homes	32	73⅛	75	73⅛	75	+1
4	2⅛	Ryersn Hay	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	

S

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
23⅛	17	Sabin Roy .40	12	22⅛	23	22⅛	23	+ ⅛
14⅛	10	Safegrd Ind	23	14	14	13⅛	14	— ⅛
29½	19	StJhnTrk .90	10	27⅛	27½	27	27	— ⅛
18⅛	13	Salem Corp	133	14⅛	15½	14½	14⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	SamboR .10r	188	24	26	24	25⅛	+1⅛
8	4⅛	S Carlos .12g	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
15⅛	13⅛	S Die G pf 1	1	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
35	23⅛	SJuanR 2.18t	12	32⅛	33⅛	32⅛	33⅛	+1⅛
12⅛	8⅛	Sanitas .12	99	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	Sargent Ind	44	6	6½	6	6	+ ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Saturn Airwy	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	10	Sav AStop .24	85	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14½	
34⅛	24½	Savin B Mch	49	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Savoy Ind	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Sayre Fishr	15	4⅛	4½	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
27½	15⅛	Scam Instru	13	24⅛	25½	24⅛	25½	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	SchenuitA .40	17	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Schiller Ind	9	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Science Mgt	14	10½	10⅛	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Scient Atlan	25	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Scope Indust	18	7⅛	8	7⅛	8	+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	ScotysH .10e	14	24⅛	25⅛	24⅛	25⅛	+1⅛
27⅛	20½	Scurry Rain	15	24⅛	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	SbdAlMill .30	2	11½	11½	11⅛	11½	— ⅛
13	7⅛	Sea Containr	12	11	11⅛	10⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	SbdPlywd .0	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Seabrook .03g	31	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8½	— ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Scalectro Cp	28	5½	6	5½	5⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	16⅛	Sears Ind .44	58	24⅛	25	24⅛	25	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Season All	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
21	13⅛	SecMtgl .22g	167	21½	21⅛	20⅛	21	
23⅛	15⅛	SelasCorp .40	188	22⅛	24⅛	22⅛	23⅛	+1⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Selig Ltz .23r	24	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Sequoyah Ind	76	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	17⅛	ServiceCp In	19	21⅛	21⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	10⅛	Servisco	28	11⅛	12	11⅛	12	+ ½
7⅛	4⅛	Servo Corp	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
16	11	Servotronic	10	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	10	Seton Co .45	1	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
20	15⅛	SGLInd 1.19t	13	16	16½	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Shaer Sh .16	13	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Shahmon Ind	6	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ⅛
8⅛	4	Shattck Denn	40	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	ShelfWat .12r	48	6⅛	7	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	ShellRes .050	74	10	10⅛	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Shenendoh	7	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
49⅛	39⅛	Sherwod Med	2	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9	Sierra P Ind	35	12⅛	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	Sierracin Cp	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Sigma Inst	4	8	8	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
11	6⅛	Signet Cp .30	12	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
9⅛	5⅛	SimcoSt .20b	10	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
10	7⅛	Simkins .50	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
15	7⅛	Simpixln .50f	19	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
22	19	Simplex Wire	4	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	24⅛	SincVenOil 2	z10	29⅛	29½	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Sllkin SmRfg	1	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Sky City Strs	6	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	Slick Corp	64	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	25⅛	Slick pfA 1.75	7	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	5⅛	SMD Ind	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	11⅛	Solitron	149	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16½	
29⅛	24⅛	Sonder Brdct	40	27⅛	28	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
21	15⅛	Soundesign	155	20⅛	21⅛	20⅛	21	+ ⅛
32⅛	28⅛	SC Org pf1.50	z200	30	30	30	30	— ½
117	110⅛	SCE pf8.96	1	113	113	113	113	
22⅛	19⅛	SC 5.80pt 1.45	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
25	21⅛	SC 5.20pt 1.30	5	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
18⅛	16⅛	SC 4.78pf 1.19	5	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
17	14⅛	SC 4.32pf 1.08	27	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	13⅛	SC4.08pf 1.02	1	14½	14½	14½	14½	
5⅛	4⅛	Sou Roal Ut	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
47⅛	37⅛	SouRoy 1.20	1	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	Swst For Ind	63	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	12	Swn Inv .70	15	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ½
18	9⅛	Specity Rest	29	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Spector Ind	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
10⅛	5⅛	Spectro .18	8	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	SpedOP .26f	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	Spencer Cos	47	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	SSP Ind .12g	2	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
18	14⅛	StdAllian .80	1	17½	17⅛	17½	17½	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Std Containr	34	5⅛	6	5⅛	6	+ ⅛
27⅛	20⅛	Std Coosa .80	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	StDred pf1.60	z50	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
38⅛	27⅛	StdMot A .75	52	37½	37½	37⅛	37½	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	StdPac Corp	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	6½	Stanley Avia	13	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ½
3½	2	Stanwick Cp	6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	13⅛	StapMach .80	6	17	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
10⅛	6⅛	Stardust .48	16	10½	10½	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	13½	Star Smkt .60	8	17½	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
20	10⅛	Statham Ins	34	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	Steelmet Inc	16	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
17	12⅛	SteinH .25a	8	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Stellar Ind	40	4⅛	4½	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	21⅛	Stepan Ch .52	4	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Sterl Electr	23	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	Sterl Extrudr	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	4	Sterl Pre .20f	42	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	SternMtl .06p	34	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	19	Sterneo A	22	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21½	— ⅛
28⅛	24⅛	Stop Shop .90	10	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ½
55⅛	44	STP Corp .60	22	56	56⅛	55⅛	56⅛	
11⅛	5⅛	Stratton Grp	42	10⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Struthr Wells	60	7⅛	8	7⅛	8	+ ⅛
24⅛	15	Suave Sh .33f	133	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	+1
5⅛	4	Summit Org	22	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	16	Sun Elec .40	2	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
7⅛	5	Sunair Electr	5	6⅛	6⅛	6½	6½	— ⅛
4⅛	3⅛	Supercr .08a	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
15	11⅛	Sup Surg Mf	12	14⅛	14½	14	14½	+ ⅛
32⅛	19⅛	Superscope	35	30⅛	30⅛	29½	29⅛	—1
3⅛	2⅛	Supronics	5	2⅛	3	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅛	6½	Susquehana	115	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	9⅛	Susque pf.25p	13	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	15⅛	Sutro Mt .85g	65	19½	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Synalloy .45g	27	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
55⅛	36⅛	Syntex .40	131	52⅛	52⅛	51⅛	51⅛	
25	21⅛	Sysco Cp .05g	2	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	13⅛	System Eng	124	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛

T

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6⅛	3⅛	Tamar Elec	12	6	6	5⅛	6	
17	9⅛	Tech Aerofo	10	15⅛	15⅛	15½	15½	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Tech Sym Cp	53	2½	2½	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	10	Technic Oper	9	12⅛	13	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Technic Tape	84	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	11⅛	Technicolor	227	16⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Technitrol	41	4⅛	4½	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Teleflex Inc	1	9½	9½	9½	9½	
88	56½	Telepromtr	113	63⅛	63⅛	62½	62⅛	— ⅛
11	8	Tenna Corp	105	10⅛	10½	10	10⅛	
9⅛	6⅛	Tenneco wt	51	9	9	8⅛	9	
5⅛	3½	Tenney Eng	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
19	11⅛	Toradyne Inc	9	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Ter Hud .42f	123	9½	10	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
32⅛	23⅛	Tesoro Pet	345	32⅛	32⅛	31⅛	32	— ⅛
70	63⅛	Tx PL pf4.56	225	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	3⅛	Texstar	99	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
21⅛	15⅛	Textron wt	2	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
7⅛	4⅛	TFI Co Inc	23	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
15⅛	10⅛	ThorMkt .30g	6	15	15	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	12⅛	Thriftimart	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
28⅛	23⅛	Tckheim .60	19	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
18	13⅛	Tonka Cp .40	97	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	15⅛	TorinCorp .40	6	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	
8⅛	7⅛	Total Pet NA	49	7 7-16	7 9-16	7 7-16	7½	+1-16
16⅛	13⅛	Total P pf .70	25	15⅛	15⅛	15	15	
11⅛	8⅛	Town Cntry	22	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	19⅛	Tran Lux .60	43	26	26	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Transair .02e	24	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	TWA wt	58	10⅛	11	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
71	63	Tri Cont wt	4	70	70⅛	69⅛	70⅛	+1⅛
9⅛	5	Tri State Mot	642	8⅛	9⅛	8⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	22⅛	Triang P .15e	11	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Tubos Mex	24	3 7-16	3⅛	3 7-16	3 7-16	
12	8	Tyco Labs	776	10⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛

U

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
7	4⅛	Udico Corp	17	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	UIP Corp	65	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Unexcelled	402	7⅛	8½	7⅛	8½	+1⅛
12⅛	10	Un Finl .47t	7	12	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	17⅛	Un Invest .70	8	27⅛	28½	27⅛	28½	+1⅛
13⅛	10⅛	U Sl Om .10g	13	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	18⅛	Una MT .95g	23	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
9	3⅛	Unam Tr wt	132	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
11⅛	9⅛	UnAircPd .53	8	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Unit Asb .07e	42	5	5	4⅛	4⅛	
8⅛	3⅛	Unit Bd Carl	8	6⅛	6⅛	6½	6⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	4	UnBrands wt	191	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
25	22	UnCoLIn .10r	1	24½	24½	24½	24½	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Un Dollr .10p	10	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Unit Foods	187	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
7	4	Un Natl Corp	47	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	UnNat Cp wt	10	⅛	2½	2⅛	2½	+ ⅛
9⅛	7½	Un Nat pf.70	3	8½	8½	8½	8½	
51⅛	30½	U P Dye .25g	22	48⅛	48⅛	47½	47½	— ⅛
26⅛	18⅛	Un Refin .15	8	22½	22⅛	22½	22⅛	— ⅛
9	6½	US Ceramic	23	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
27⅛	19	US Filter	24	25⅛	27½	25⅛	27½	+1⅛
46⅛	35⅛	USHome Dev	251	46⅛	47⅛	46⅛	47⅛	+1
22⅛	15⅛	US Nat Rsrc	123	15⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	5	US Radium	39	6⅛	7	6	7	+ ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	US Rfln 1.50	9	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20½	— ⅛
7	5⅛	US Reducin	17	6	6⅛	6	6	
9½	7⅛	US Ru R .25g	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
9½	5⅛	US Smelt wt	16	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
11	5⅛	Unitrode Cp	97	10	10½	10	10½	+ ½
4⅛	2⅛	Univ Cigar	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Unv Cont .15f	41	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	15⅛	Univ Mar 5c	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
30⅛	14⅛	Uris Bldg wt	3	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	7	URS Systems	39	9	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	13⅛	Utah IdSu .80	1	14	14	14	14	

V

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
24⅛	14	Valles Stk H	43	24½	25⅛	24½	25	+1
8⅛	4⅛	Valley Met	4	7	7	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4½	Valmac Ind	16	8	8	7⅛	7⅛	
6⅛	4⅛	Valspar .06g	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	11⅛	Van Dorn .30	9	17⅛	17⅛	17½	17⅛	+ ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Vanguard Int	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Varo Inc	29	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	14⅛	Veeco Instru	273	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	+1½
31⅛	26⅛	Veicelnd .20	55	29⅛	29⅛	28	28⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Vernitron	58	8⅛	9	8⅛	8⅛	
48⅛	32½	Vetco Oshr	29	47⅛	48⅛	47⅛	48⅛	+1⅛
10⅛	7⅛	Viewlex	129	9	9	8⅛	9	
14⅛	8⅛	Vikoa Inc	104	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ½
10⅛	7⅛	Vintage Ent	10	9½	9½	9⅛	9⅛	
7⅛	4⅛	VLN Corp	164	6⅛	6½	6⅛	6⅛	
46½	36⅛	VLN Cp p 3	4	41⅛	42	41⅛	4	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Vol Merch	34	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
14⅛	7⅛	Voplex .15g	21	13⅛	14	13⅛	14	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Vulc Corp .10	37	5	5½	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
7	4⅛	Vulc Inc .30	5	6½	6⅛	6½	6½	— ⅛

W

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10⅛	7⅛	WabMag .20	47	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9⅛	
27	23⅛	Wacknhut .28	6	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
17½	11⅛	Walco N .25e	z50	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
10⅛	4½	Waltham In	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Ward Fds wt	45	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5½	+ ⅛
12⅛	6	Wards Co .20	7	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
28⅛	24	Well McL .50	43	26⅛	26⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Welmen .52t	12	10	10	9½	9½	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Weld Tu Am	82	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Wellco Ent	6	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	WellRGr .30g	132	24⅛	24⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
5½	2⅛	Wentworth	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	22½	West Ch Pd 1	7	28½	28½	28½	28½	+ ⅛
63½	59	W Tex p4.40	z340	62	62	62	62	
9⅛	6⅛	Westates Ptl	131	7	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
11⅛	6	Nestby Fsh	78	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	17⅛	Wstn Fin .15e	3	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
7⅛	6⅛	Wn Nuclear	21	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7½	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Westrn Orbis	20	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	
53⅛	46⅛	West Un Intl	23	53	53	52⅛	52⅛	— ⅛
16½	12⅛	Westrans Ind	5	15	15	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	25⅛	Whelab .60a	8	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Whippany .60	5	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	Whitaker .50	3	14	14	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3	Whitehall El	18	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	
24⅛	18½	Whiting Cp 1	8	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	3	Whittakr wt	157	4	4⅛	3⅛	4	+ ⅛
4	2⅛	Wichita Ind	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
9½	5⅛	Willcox Glbb	17	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
24⅛	16⅛	Wmhouse	26	19⅛	19⅛	19½	19½	— ⅛
7½	5⅛	Wilshire .14f	31	6⅛	7	6⅛	7	+ ⅛
25⅛	16⅛	WilsonCo 1.35	15	22⅛	23	22⅛	23	+ ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Wilson Co wt	56	8½	8⅛	8½	8⅛	+ ⅛
15	9½	Wilson Br .60	20	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
10	6⅛	Wilson Ph .12	30	8⅛	9	8⅛	9	+ ⅛
16⅛	13⅛	WilsonSpt .60	22	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Wilson Sp wt	31	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	
9⅛	7⅛	Winkolmn .40	9	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
67	59⅛	Wisc P pf4.50	z20	62	62	62	62	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Wolv Indust	38	8	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
23	13⅛	Wood Ind .52t	53	23	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
1 15-16	1⅛	Wool Ltd .06g	3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
18⅛	11⅛	Work Wr .60	3	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Wrather Cp	17	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7⅛	
1⅛	1⅛	Wright Harg	79	1 11-16	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15½	9⅛	WTC Air .02g	10	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
8⅛	5	Wyand Ind	27	7	7	6⅛	7	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Wyle Labs	64	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	29⅛	Wynn Oil	7	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Wyomissing	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	

Y

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15⅛	11⅛	Yates Ind	900	14½	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	15⅛	Yonk Ra .80a	159	29	31⅛	28½V	⅛	+5

Z

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6	4	Zero Mfg .05	7	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
18⅛	13⅛	Zim Hom .24	15	15	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3⅛	Zion Foods	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1971 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Paid in stock durng 1971, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred orno action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1970 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1970, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, orsecurities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

Products.

If you make better ones, they say, the world will beat a path to your door. You can pave that path with good advertising.

And for all of Europe, there's no better medium than the Herald Tribune, the newspaper the *significant* Europeans read.

NEW YORK, March 26.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Friday	Year ago
FOODS		
Wheat 2, red bush	$2.09⅛	(a)
Wheat 2, hard c.i.f. bu.	2.06⅛	(a)
Corn. 2 yellow bu.	1.77⅛	(a)
Oats 3 white bu.	1.02	(a)
Rye 2 Western c.i.f. bu.	1.74	(a)
Cocoa Accra, lb.	*.36⅛	(a)
Coffee 4 Santos lb.	*.45	(a)
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	.18½	(a)
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	106.00	(a)
Iron 2, Fdry Phila. ton	74.50	(a)
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt	38-39	(a)
Lead spot lb.	.13½	(a)
Copper elec. lb.	.50⅛	(a)
Tin. (Straits), lb	1.69⅛	(a)
Zinc. E. St. L. basis, lb	.15⅛	(a)
Silver N.Y., oz.	1.70⅛	(a)
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	375.0	(a)

* Nominal. (Asked. (a) Holiday.

NEW YORK FUTURES

March 26, 1971

World sugar No. 11: May 4.83-85, July 4.58-61, Sept. 4.57-58, Oct. 4.56, March '72 4.52 b, May '72 4.52 b, July '72 4.52 b.

Wool, new: May 62.5 b, July 66.8 b, Dec. 71.0 b, March '72 72.5 b, May 73.5 b, July '72 75.0 b.

Wool tops: No sales.

Cocoa: May 23.40, July 23.39, Sept. 23.80, Dec. 24.36, March '72 24.53, July '72 25.40.

Copper: May 54.20, July 54.55, Sept. 54.65, Oct. 54.65, Dec. 54.25, Jan. '72 54.15, March '72 54.05.

Orange juice (frozen concentrated): May 47.50 b, July 46.60, Sept. 47.75, Nov. 47.60, Jan. '72 47.50, March '72 47.90.

Potatoes: April 2.90, May 3.35, Nov. 2.63, May '72 2.94.

Silver: March 169.70, April 169.70, May 170.90, July 173.00, Sept. 175.30, Dec. 178.60, Jan. '72 179.70, March '72 181.00, May '72 183.90, July '72 186.00.

(a) asked. (b) bid. (n) nominal.

COTTON No. 2

	Open	High	Low	Close	Ch.
May	27.20	27.24	27.20	z27.15	+ 5
July	27.65	27.48	27.57	27.57	+ 4
Oct.	28.33	28.41	28.17	28.17	— 3
Dec.	28.11	28.15	27.99	28.01	+ 8
March				z28.25	+ 2
May				z28.45	unch.
July				z28.45	unch.

z—bid.

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT					
May	1.59¾	1.59¼	1.59⅛	1.58⅛	1.59
Jul	1.52¼	1.52½	1.51¼	1.51½	1.52¼
Sep	1.54	1.54½	1.53⅛	1.53⅛	1.54⅛
Dec	1.58⅛	1.59½	1.53¼	1.53½	1.59⅛
Mar	1.61¼	1.61¼	1.60½	1.61	1.61½

U.S. Commodity Prices

CORN					
May	1.49¼	1.49¾	1.48	1.48¼	1.49½
Jul	1.50	1.50⅝	1.47⅛	1.50	1.51¼
Sep	1.47¼	1.47½	1.43¾	1.47	1.47¼
Dec	1.45½	1.45⅛	1.45⅛	1.46	1.46¼
Mar	1.51⅛	1.51⅛	1.49¾	1.50⅛	1.51¼
SILVER					
Mar	—	—	—	1.71c0	1.67.50
Apr	1.70.50	1.72.00	1.70.20	1.70.42	1.72.00
May	—	—	—	1.71.60	1.70.50
Jun	1.72.50	1.74.10	1.72.50	1.72.90	1.71.80
Aug	1.75.20	1.76.30	1.74.70	1.75.10	1.74.40
Oct	1.77.50	1.78.40	1.77.00	1.77.30	1.76.60
Dec	1.79.60	1.80.90	1.79.20	1.79.90	1.78.80
Feb	1.83.00	1.83.00	1.81.70	1.81.90	1.81.20
Apr	1.85.20	1.85.20	1.84.00	1.84.20	1.83.40
Jun	1.87.20	1.87.30	1.86.40	1.85.50	1.85.20
03-25-71 ..13.57					
SOYBEANS					
May	3.04½	3.04¾	3.03½	3.04¾	3.04¼
Jul	3.08	3.08	3.06⅛	3.07½	3.07¼
Aug	3.06	3.06¼	3.05½	3.06¼	3.05¾
Sep	2.96¾	2.95⅝	2.96⅛	2.96½	2.96⅛
Nov	2.89⅛	2.87⅛	2.53¾	2.57¾	2.57⅛
Jan	2.94⅛	2.94⅛	2.93⅛	2.94	2.94
Mar	2.96¾	2.97¼	29.6½	2.97¼	2.97
SOYBEAN OIL					
May	11.97	11.92	11.91	11.95	11.98
Jul	11.85	11.82	11.73	11.80	11.87
Aug	11.76	11.76	11.63	11.69	11.75
Sep	11.53	11.53	11.44	11.47	11.50
Oct	11.15	11.15	11.11	11.12	11.16
Nov	11.03	11.03	10.94	10.97	11.00
Dec	10.97	10.90	10.85	10.85	10.90
Jan	10.80	10.80	10.77	10.77	10.73
Mar	10.73	10.73	10.73	a10.71	10.74
SOYBEAN MEAL					
May	73.25	73.25	73.15	73.35	73.40
Jul	78.95	79.00	73.83	79.00	79.00
Aug	79.10	79.10	73.50	79.10	79.05
Sep	77.60	77.75	77.50	77.75	77.65
Oct	76.10	75.23	75.75	76.20	76.10
Nov	75.40	75.85	75.45	75.75	a75.65
Dec	74.90	75.05	74.80	74.95	a74.85
Jan	74.75	75.00	74.75	a75.65	a74.80
Mar	—	—	—	a75.65	a75.50

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

LIVE BEEF CATTLE					
Apr	32.82	32.87	32.67	32.70	32.92
Jun	31.90	31.93	31.67	31.77	32.02
Aug	31.02	31.10	30.92	30.97	31.12
Oct	30.20	30.25	30.02	30.07	30.20
Dec	30.00	30.00	27.90	29.97	30.05
Feb	30.35	30.35	30.27	30.27	30.40

Sales: April 843; June 1,272; Aug 411; Oct 86; Dec 18; Feb 16.

LIVE HOGS					
Apr	17.6	17.60	17.45	17.45	17.70
Jun	19.95	19.85	19.65	19.65	19.92
Jul	21.30	21.32	21.25	21.30¼	21.32½

Aug	21.70	21.73	21.55	21.70	21.72
Oct	21.55	21.57	21.42	21.50	21.62
Dec	22.35	22.45	22.25	22.37	22.37
Feb	22.55	22.85	22.45	22.75	22.75

Sales: April 197; June 81; July 104; Aug 37; Oct 65; Dec 47; Dec 12.

SHELL EGGS	...	...	...	...	...
Apr	31.05	31.05	30.05	30.45	31.30
May	29.80	29.85	29.35	27.60	29.85
Jun	31.50	31.50	31.10	37.10	31.55
Jul	—	—	—	n33.70	b33.85

Sep	37.75	37.75	37.35	37.75	37.75

Sales: April 560; May 366; June 32; July 0; Sep 251.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
May	27.00	27.17	26.32	26.95	27.17
Jul	27.50	27.72	27.37	27.47	27.67
Aug	27.05	27.22	25.72	27.00	27.32
Feb	35.55	35.30	35.47	35.15	35.70
Mar	35.50	36.00	35.50	36.00	35.40
Jul	35.00	b35.25	35.00	35.15	b35.45
Aug	35.75	35.70	a35.10	a35.10	a34.90

Sales: May 2,017; July 1,395; Aug 2,290; Feb 805; March'72, 2; July'72, 3; Aug'72, 9.

Open interest: March 115; May 5,327; July 7,014; Aug 5,414; Feb 1,779; March'72, 11; July'72, 27; Aug'72, 59.

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

One Dollar—

was worth yesterday:

Austrian schillings......	25.815
Belgian francs..............	49.6525
British pound ($ per £)	2.4185
Canadian dollars.....	1.00
Danish crowns...........	7.4865
Dutch guilders...........	3.5950
Finnish marks.............	4.16
French francs.............	5.5155
German marks............	3.6316
Greek drachmas.........	30.00
Italian lire.................	621.89
Mexican pesos............	12.49
Norwegian crowns.......	7.1351
Portuguese escudos.....	28.551
Spanish pesetas..........	69.606
Swedish crowns..........	5.1640
Swiss francs...............	4.2965

The above rates are yesterday's closing buying rates on local exchanges. They exclude local commissions and slight variations depending on the type of transaction.

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First General Resources Company
A Public Company Established In 1962 With Assets In Excess Of $50,000,000
OVER THE COUNTER:
Thursday, March 25, 1971.
Bid: 7 Ask: 7 1/2
505 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10022

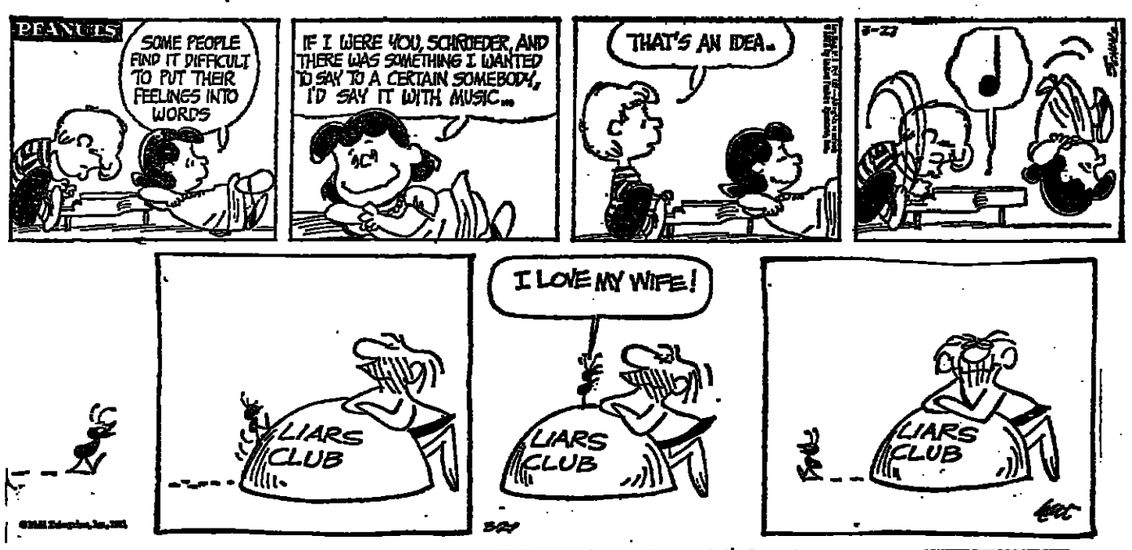
In-Depth Security Analysis of American Companies on a Continuing Basis

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هكذا من الأصل

PEANUTS



B.C.

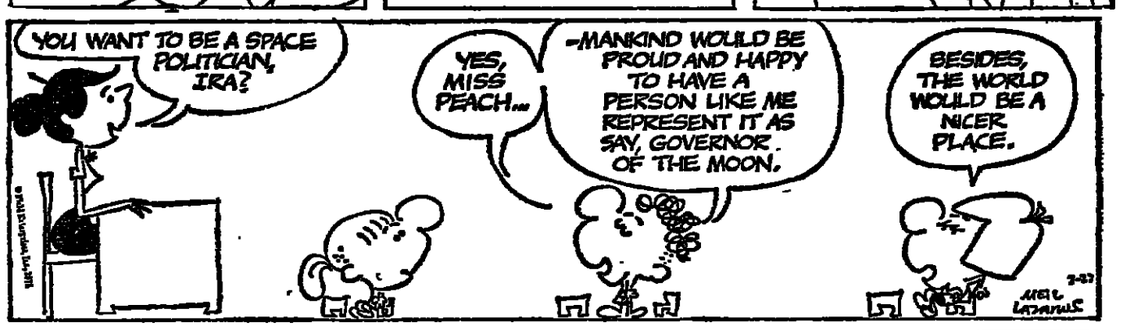
L'IL ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



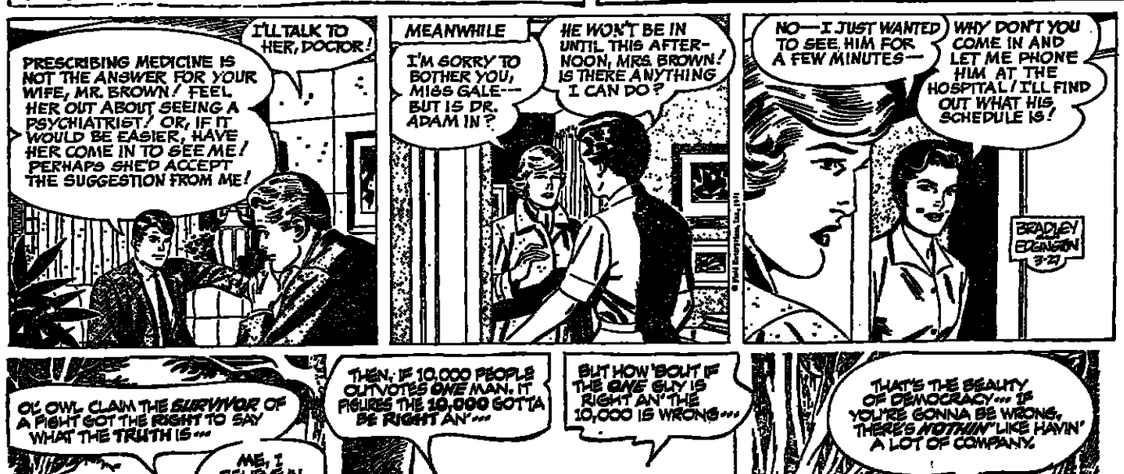
BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



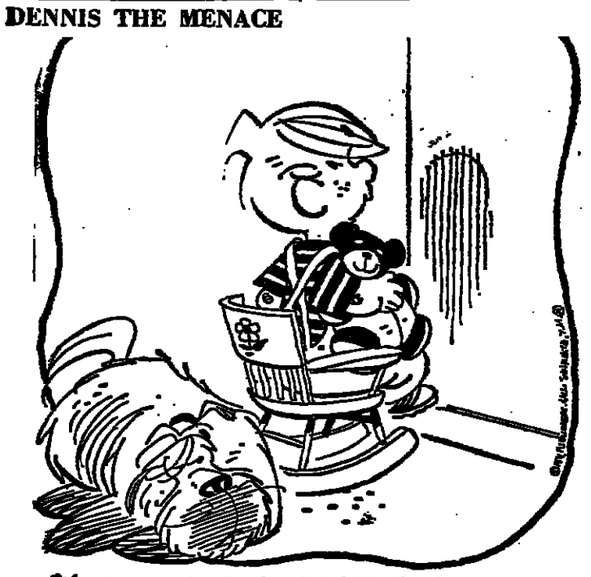
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BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



"YA KNOW WHAT? IT WAS WORTH IT!"

JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

CONTH

RUGAU

LEVVET

UNBOCE



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: A "_____"

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: GORGE- VAPOR LAWFUL- CYMBAL

Answer: *Why he didn't write the instructions on the bottle of pills*—HE GAVE THEM ORALLY

BOOKS

MF

By Anthony Burgess. Knopf. 242 pp. $5.95.

Reviewed by Paul West

LITERARY puritanism still prevails in Britain, as some British writers discover when they attempt a flourish or resort to the merest touch of purple. Hemming in the stylist, there is a host of plain-minded arbiters: insular young dons, crotchety old ones; writers *manqués* who have become TV poisonalities and therefore concoct newspaper columns as well; and stern Lit Critters, all calipers and suburban social conscience—all of whom seem to resent anyone's doing tricks they themselves can't manage. Fancy or fruity is what they call not just baroque or ornate writing, but also anything with panache. The nation, so the non-argument runs, must not be exposed to anything voluptuously expressed, anything your old headmaster or scoutmaster would have frowned at.

It's clear that the move to style in pop music and in costume hasn't happened in writing.

In other words, the word in England has never had it so poor, the essential philistinism of the nation has never been so well supplied with work that rejects an expansive tradition beginning with Shakespeare and Marlowe, running on through Byron and Carlyle, and Dickens into Joyce, Dylan Thomas, and maybe Beckett.

Essentially a word-man, Anthony Burgess has always belonged to the minority tradition just mentioned, having paid homage to Shakespeare in his Shakespearean novel "Nothing Like the Sun" and to Joyce in "Re Joyce" ("Joyce is the air we breathe").

Through a dozen novels, he has worked his way from a fairly orthodox conception of fiction to one in which plot, story-line, character-drawing and suchlike things take second place to the words that appear to embody them. The warning was always there, with Burgess the philologist going off at luscious verbal tangents while the so-called narrative hung fire. If, as someone has said, a novel is a prose fiction having something wrong with it, then Burgess has taken the hint, striving not to perfect a story-telling medium but to improvise a story-*defying* one. In his hands, the novel has become, as it must, a feat of telltale consciousness: Studies in the antic semantics of an excellent mind having something wrong with it, as all minds do.

"MF" (the title being a familiar twelve-letter obscenity abbreviated) isn't really a novel at all; it's a *text*, in which the words dominate both the suggested characters and the apparent action, so much so that the latter seem nothing so much as by-products of the former. Somebody called Miles Faber, son of an incestuous union between a brother and a sister, has to get from New York to a Caribbean island called Castita, there to examine the literary remains of a writer called Sib Legeru (who, I find, can be rearranged into Eli Burges or Il Burgees, as if Anthony Burgess were getting an assist from J. L. Borges, as indeed he is, as well as from the Old English word for incest). Miles also has a sister, by the same parents, to whom he is to be married by a circus clown. In between times, he is obliged to bury his double and become the son of "a Welsh-speaking Bird Queen." If none of this seems clear, then to hell with it; this is the pretext for the text, and the text, as a verbal tissue, is for the most part scintillating, ingenious, and impenitent.

Let me say at once that this is the kind of thing—gratuitous, festive, delectably inexplicable—with which I'm in sympathy.

Anyone looking for a prose adventure should dive in, prepared for just a little suffocation: For here word-obsession, the speculative intelligence infatuated with analogies, and a prankish serendipity come together in the hands of a mosaic-maker.

Incest is a form of tautology, and the word "ship" brings tumbling forth a hoard of lies—"the charlie noble, claw rings, chinkles, chiveys, cheese, lye dead man, a ditty box, a fanged dog, sextants, bullvant's nippers, splines, whisker poles, whiffles and so on." At the drop of a syllable, or the fractional twitch of an epiglottis, the business in hand (so-called) is apt to give way to an alternative and much more attractive business—instant terminal moraine. I'd call it—in which the 3 on the Beaufort Scale partners the world's record for beer drinking and Edith Sitwell's middle name, and an Anglo-Saxon riddle mipreparates you for (what comes next) a quote from a soccer rulebook and Miles's dreaming he carries his sister around under his arm like a kitten.

If any one comment in the book sums it up, it's this: "Man, man, the great sad unifier of disparates." Unable to connect anything with anything meaningfully, Burgess connects everything with everything in hope, and the result is a picaresque scramble, in which everything is both timely and relevant, and a prose obbligato in which (to borrow the description of the paintings in Sib Legeru's shed) there is "a consistent attempt at the representation of metamorphoses unbound by the restrictions of the sciences."

Still and all, "MF" is a teaser, both in the sense of puzzle and of an incitement which can lead only to self-gratification. "Don't," we read, "try distilling a message from it, not even an espresso cupful of meaningful epitome or a Sambuca glass of abridgement . . . For separable meaning go to the professors, whose job it is to make a meaning out of anything."

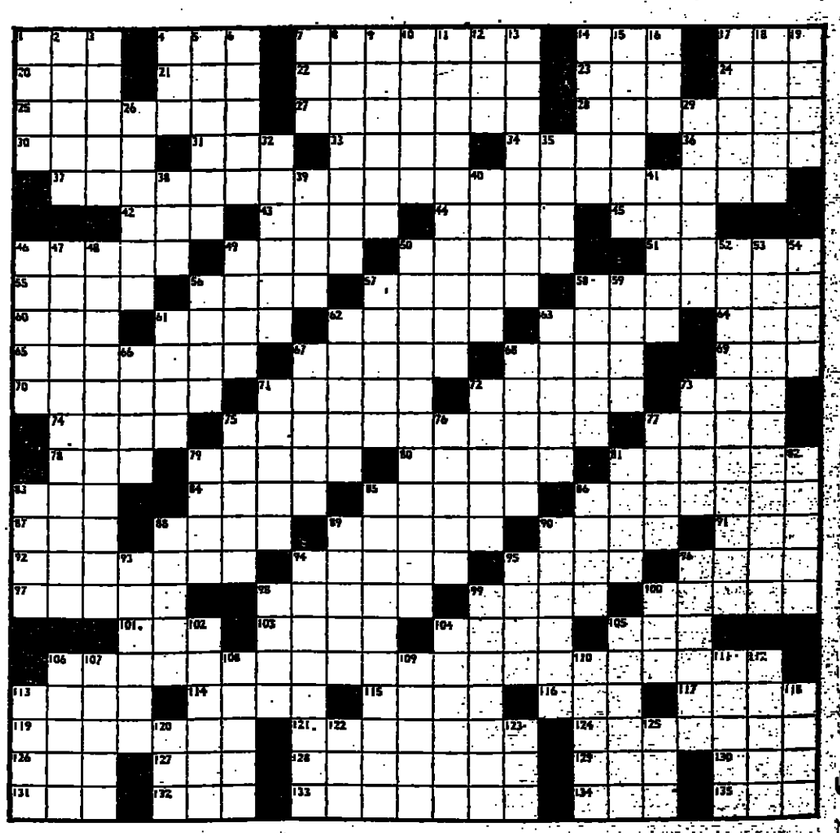
A point well taken, especially against the literary puritans of Burgess's native land, for this is a text to thrive on, a royal-blue movie to project upon the national flag (or TV face) of your choice. It's something to dawdle over, like Sib Legeru's "trombone on fire," the slide of which presumably melts as you move it, moves you as it melts. The rest is bright cacophony.

Paul West's new novel, "Caliban's Filibuster," will be published in April. He wrote this review for Book World, literary supplement of The Washington Post.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

ALONG THE GRAIN—By H. Hastings Reddall



ACROSS

1 Peak
4 Rhine study
7 Jeff Davis, for one
11 Home for some
17 Mat. time
20 Sayings
21 W. W. II area
22 Wilmot, for one
23 Chem. suffix
24 Golfer's problem
25 John Adams's party
27 Lovers of cruelty
28 Certain pitches
30 Work hard
31 Tang
33 Order to a broker
34 Actual being
36 School course
37 Travelers' range
42 Scheduled
43 Exposes
44 Reactor part
45 One of a Poe pair
46 Grimaces
49 Sweetsop
50 Worried about
51 Birthplace of Mohammed
55 Bible book
56 Persian tiger
57 Boat, in Paris
58 "Money is —— of . . ."
60 Eur. country
61 Evian and Vichy
62 Entices
63 Gunsight
64 Reine's spouse
65 Attire, in old Rome
67 September times
68 Capricorn
69 Digits: Abbr.
70 Steering brace
71 Stop
72 Uneven
73 Chew of tobacco
74 Eight
75 Handy shopping spot
77 Places

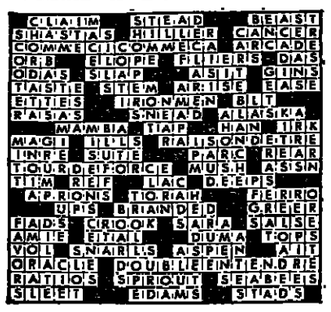
ACROSS

78 Blockhead
79 Embers
80 Greek letters
81 Casabas
83 Insect study: Abbr.
84 Parts of innings
85 Dress up
86 Like Buster Keaton
87 One of a Latin trio
88 Pitcher parts
89 Hoof sounds
90 Exploit
91 Japanese statesman
92 Feelings of malice
94 Disorder
95 Fishing maneuver
96 Max or Buddy
97 Scoff
98 Edge
99 Arrange
100 Antiquated
101 Smidgen
103 Relative
104 Point of land
105 Corrode
106 Land's End, Falmouth, etc.
113 Garment seen at U.N.
114 S. A. monkey
115 Stratum
116 Seand. country
117 Flying prefix
119 Deceived
121 Drop —— (write briefly)
124 Sextant scale
126 Salutation
127 Western state: Abbr.
128 Soup ingredients
129 French season
130 Channel
131 Babylonian god
132 Draft initials
133 People with bunches
134 Naval craft: Abbr.
135 Relatives of mins.

DOWN

1 White House name
2 —— a kind
3 Transistor
4 Poetic word
5 Posture
6 Salk's conquest
7 Navy guards: Abbr.
8 Simon' needs
9 Black Chamber workers
10 Three monkeys' taboos
11 Inconveniences
12 Superlative suffix
13 Grafted flower unit
14 Chaser of a sort
15 Not alert
16 —— gratis
17 Put on guard
18 Forth or Clyde
19 Storm Country girl
26 Dodges
29 Snakebird
32 Babbles
35 Outwielding
38 European land: Abbr.
39 U.S. physicist
40 Defense positions
41 Pointed
48 Bundle of sticks
47 Certain citizen
48 Basic element
49 Exclamations
50 Town in Newfoundland
52 Endless supplies
53 Harmonizes
54 Fanny people
56 Tater
57 Case for church cloth
58 Comb in a way
59 Emotion
61 Put away
63 Bank deals
63 Yokels
66 Greek god
67 Blackbirds
68 Despairing sound
71 Covers
72 Diminutive suffixes
73 Faucet reading
75 Bridge ploys
76 Permeates
77 Tire fault
79 Rope fiber
81 Soften
82 Certain noise
83 Hearing devices
85 Tars, for instance
88 Columbia, for one: Abbr.
88 Navigation aid
89 Tough cloth
90 Fur animal
92 Hardwicke-
94 Eur. carp
95 Hairdo
96 P. I. peninsula
98 Thai money
99 Show-off
100 Friend
102 Some Reps.
104 Exp. naughts
105 Wading birds
106 Do the knees at dinner
107 Bay: window
108 Record: paris
109 Rimes out
110 Scotland
119 Unusual
111 Risible sound
112 Doleful: to poets
115 Attempt
115 Scraps
120 Ring outcomes
123 Affection, in Scotland
123 W. W. II org.
125 On Social Security: Abbr.

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle



Upsets West Kentucky 5 to Gain Final

Villanova Wins in Two Overtimes

By Kenneth Denlinger

HOUSTON, March 26 (WP).—Villanova, which some still maintain is not the best team in Philadelphia, struggled past Western Kentucky, 92-89, in double overtime last night and advanced to within one victory of the NCAA basketball title.

The Wildcats, six-time losers, test a UCLA team seeking its fifth straight championship tomorrow afternoon.

UCLA's 27th straight tournament victory was a workmanlike 68-60 victory over Kansas in the Astrodome before a record basketball crowd of 31,458.

The Villanova-Western Kentucky affair was the first time since 1957, when North Carolina defeated Kansas in triple overtime, that a semifinal or final game went more than one extra session.

Not since La Salle, another Philadelphia area team, was runner-up to San Francisco in 1955 has a team from the Northeast reached the championship game.

Throughout the regulation game, Villanova's tight zone surrounded 7-foot Jim McDaniels and made it difficult for the Hilltoppers to get the ball in to him. He scored most of his 22 points on rebounds.

Villanova managed the victory despite having to go to its alleged non-bench after Hank Siemiontkowski fouled out and gave Western a chance to win in regulation time.

With four seconds left in regulation, Siemiontkowski was called for his fifth foul and Jerry Dunn went to the free-throw line with a one-and-one situation. He missed.

Howard Porter sent the game into its second overtime with a ten-foot turnaround shot from the right baseline with 12 seconds left and Villanova eventually clinched the victory at the free-throw line.

With the score at 87-87, Villanova hit the next five points, Porter on a jumper from the corner, Clarence Smith with two free throws and Porter on another foul shot with 14 seconds left.

Defensive Maneuver

In a game full of important plays, perhaps the most significant for Villanova was a defensive maneuver by Porter in the final few seconds of the first overtime.

Porter had just tied the game at 85 with his corner jumper but Western still had 12 seconds to get off a final shot. Obviously, it would try to set up McDaniels. Porter whipped around McDaniels near the free-throw line and tipped the ball to a teammate.

Western seemed upset over its errors, although it did rally from an eight-point deficit early in the second half. The lethal blow came when McDaniels fouled out with 2:31 left in the second overtime and Villanova leading, 89-87.

Retained Poise

Villanova kept its poise especially when Siemiontkowski, with a game high 31 points, fouled out. That brought in Joe McDowell, a 37 percent shooter with a three point scoring average.

In 13 1/2 minutes of action, including ten minutes of overtime, he hit two of three field-goal tries.

Western's Clarence Glover missed a layup from a difficult angle with 22 seconds left in the first overtime that enabled Porter to get in his tying shot.

UCLA never trailed but committed just enough mistakes to keep the issue in doubt until midway through the second half.

Then the Bruins started hitting bonus free throws and out-muscling Kansas on the boards for a 62-49 advantage with 4:42 left.

'Never in Doubt'

HOUSTON, March 26 (WP).—Up close, the pressure was intense. You could see it in the faces of the Villanova players. You could hear it in their frenzied cries above all the noise in the Astrodome. And you could sense it on the lips of one of them.

Siemiontkowski was praying. He did everything else for Villanova. He scored a career high 31 points. He added 15 rebounds. When he fouled out with four seconds left in regulation time, he went to the bench and prayed.

"I thought I had blown the whole thing," he said. "We had done so well all season. We played so hard tonight. I couldn't believe it. I wanted to hide."

He had shot once too often. After tapping in what appeared to be the winning basket with one minute left in regulation, the 6-foot-7, 230-pound junior missed an uncontested eight-foot jumper with 37 seconds remaining that gave Western Kentucky the chance to tie the game at 74-all.

Dared to Look

And with four seconds remaining, Siemontkowski fouled out, giving Western's Jerry Dunn a chance to win it. Villanova called time. The Western players broke their huddle laughing. Dunn laughed. Siemiontkowski clutched a towel to his head on the bench. Then he dared to look. Dunn missed.

"He prayed out loud," said Bob Gohl, a Villanova reserve who sat next to Siemiontkowski. His replacement in the game, McDowell, looked frightened. "I wasn't calm enough to turn and run up court," he said.

With 12 seconds left in the first overtime, Porter delivered a turnaround jumper under the pressure along the baseline to force an 85-all tie and another overtime.

"I'm a positive thinker," Porter said. "Yeah, I thought it would go."

You could see all the tension vanish from Porter's face when Western's McDaniels fouled out with 2:31 to go in the second overtime, seconds after Porter put Villanova ahead to stay, 89-87, with a 20-footer. "That's it" Porter told Clarence Smith.

Smith, nicknamed Cecil, tried for insurance points in a one-and-one situation with 1:07 left but as he stood at the foul line, Smith could not stop bouncing the ball. The crowd yelled. Porter yelled and stomped his foot. "Cecil" he cried, "shoot the thing, Cecil."

"Take it easy," Smith yelled as he shot and made it. "It was," said a Villanova fan after the buzzer, "never in doubt."

UCLA Takes 27th Straight in NCAA By Beating Kansas

Georgia Tech, North Carolina Score

Yellow Jackets Nip Bonnies In 2 Overtime NIT Semifinal

By Sam Goldaper

NEW YORK, March 26 (NYT).—Georgia Tech walked off the Madison Square Garden court last night as a finalist in the National Invitation Tournament, but for Paul Hoffman of defeated St. Bonaventure it was an especially sad exit.

With no time remaining in a five-minute overtime period, Hoffman went to the free-throw line for two shots and missed both, sending the game into a second five-minute extra session. Given another chance, Georgia Tech won, 78-71, before 18,812 fans.

Georgia Tech's second overtime victory of the tournament created an all-Southern NIT final with North Carolina tomorrow afternoon.

In the first game last night, North Carolina had little trouble eliminating Duke, 73-67.

Fouled at Buzzer

Hoffman was fouled at the buzzer by Frank Samoylo, and when Hoffman missed the two shots the second overtime started at 67-all.

Nine seconds before the end of the first overtime, Jim Thorne had a shot at winning the game for Georgia Tech after being fouled by Carl Jackson. He missed on a one-and-one situation.

The regulation game ended at 59-all. The Bonnies, who lost their sixth game in 26, made a strong comeback after trailing throughout. Greg Gary knotted the score on a jumper from the right of the lane with 44 seconds of play remaining.

Georgia Tech took possession, played for the last shot and lost the ball with two seconds remaining. Hoffman then tried a shot from mid-court and failed.

Denton Is Off

North Carolina coach Dean Smith said, "We were much better in the second half because we used a smarter offense. We tried to get the easy pass into Lee Dedmon because Randy Denton was in foul trouble." Denton, Duke's 6-foot-10 center, was off form and scored only four baskets.

North Carolina broke to a 9-0 lead and never relinquished it, although Duke came to within a point of the Tar Heels in the first half and two points in the second half.

Duke, which lost its ninth game in 29 (and third in four to North Carolina), missed its first five shots and didn't get a field goal for six minutes.

Duke Trails, 31-26, at Half

But at half-time, Duke had moved to within 31-26.

In the second half, North Carolina moved ahead by 11 points and again Duke came back. But although the Tar Heels didn't make another field goal after a short jumper by Dave Chadwick with 7:43 left, they easily held the Blue Devils safe, going to the foul line 18 times and making good on 13.

George Karl, a 6-1 Tar Heel sophomore, was the leading scorer with 21 points.

Sonics Pay Fine of $200,000 To NBA and Keep Haywood

NEW YORK, March 26 (NYT).—An out-of-court settlement of the Spencer Haywood case, leaving the basketball star the property of the Seattle Supersonics as far as the National Basketball Association is concerned, was announced today by Walter Kennedy, commissioner of the NBA.

This agreement, killing an anti-trust suit brought by the player and Seattle against the NBA in federal court in Los Angeles, removes a major obstacle to completion of a merger agreement between the NBA and the American Basketball Association.

The main remaining obstacle is the opposition of the members of the NBA players association. They got a court order last spring that prevents the leagues from carrying out any kind of merger but does allow them to submit such plans to Congress, which can pass legislation permitting an exception to the anti-trust laws.

Another suit, in which Denver of the ABA is suing Haywood for breach of contract, is not affected by the NBA settlement. That trial is continuing in front of Judge Warren Ferguson, the same judge who had the NBA case before him.

Jumped to Seattle

Haywood, an Olympic star in 1968, played with Denver last year and led the ABA in scoring. This year he jumped to Seattle, but the NBA refused to grant him eligibility because he had not yet gone through an NBA draft, which includes only players whose entering college class is graduating.

This refusal triggered the anti-trust suit, and Haywood actually played in 33 games between Dec. 30 and the end of the season after Judge Ferguson issued a temporary injunction preventing the NBA from ruling him ineligible.

In the terms of the agreement announced today, but worked out last Tuesday at a league meeting, there are four main conditions:

● All litigation will be dismissed "with prejudice," which means that the case can never be reopened by either side.

● Seattle will pay the league a $200,000 fine for violating league regulations, but will keep the rights to Haywood, whose name will not be put through the 1971 draft.

● Seattle will take its regular turn in the 1971 draft, scheduled for Monday.

● All protests filed by other NBA teams about games Haywood played against them have been dismissed.

'Four-Year' Rule

However, one aspect of the Haywood case persists. Last Monday Judge Ferguson ruled that the so-called "four-year" rule violated the anti-trust laws. Since the case in which he made that ruling has been dropped, it cannot be appealed.

But there is also great confusion about just what that ruling means. Can the NBA, as it has said it would, cling to that rule? The ABA has already accepted the ruling at face value by signing Johnny Neumann, Mississippi sophomore, to a Memphis contract this week.

Kennedy commented on this situation in a carefully-worded prepared statement, which began "I don't think Judge Ferguson's decision can be simply summarized."

Careful restudy of the NBA draft rules is needed in the light of that decision, Kennedy said, and can't be completed in time for this year's draft. "But future drafts may need different rules," Kennedy said.

What this boils down to is that the NBA intends to abide by the four-year rule in Monday's draft, and continues to believe that it is the right way to operate.

And since the merger must pass through Congress anyhow, this feature of basketball operation may be clarified in that process.



UPI.

Arnold Palmer
Missed putt on 6th

Heard Captures First-Round Lead In Airlines Golf

MIAMI, March 26 (NYT).—Jerry Heard—who wears his golf hat on the back of his head with the brim upturned—led the $200,000 National Airlines Open golf tournament yesterday with a 66.

The six-under-par round over the Country Club of Miami course gave the 23-year-old Californian a one-stroke lead and it was the first time in his three years on the pro tour that Heard has held an undisputed lead. Two weeks ago in the Citrus Tourney at Orlando, he and Arnold Palmer were co-leaders in the opening round.

Yesterday, however, with gusty winds of 15 miles an hour prevailing, Palmer trailed Heard by four strokes.

Chuck Courtney scored a hole-in-one at the 203-yard 11th hole with a No. 7 iron. It was the fourth ace registered on the circuit this season. Courtney finished with a 71.

FIRST-ROUND LEADERS

Jerry Heard	31-35—66
Miller Barber	33-34—67
Hale Irwin	33-34—67
Lee Trevino	33-34—67
Bruce Devlin	34-34—68
Earl Fennell	33-35—68
Herb Hooper	34-34—68
Frank Beard	34-34—68
Dow Finsterwald	34-34—68
Bruce Crampton	35-33—68
Hugh Royer	36-33—69
Mason Rudolph	35-32—69
Julius Boros	35-34—69
Dave Hill	36-33—69
Wayne Vollmer	34-35—69
Carlyn Snead	34-35—69
Jack Fleck	34-35—69
Rod Funseth	34-35—69
Phil Rodgers	34-35—69
Pete Brown	34-35—69
Dan Sikes	35-34—69
Tom Shaw	34-35—69
Gary Player	33-36—69

Briton Leads in Italy

ALASSIO, Italy, March 26 (UPI).—Bernard Hunt of Britain shot a 69 today for a two-round aggregate of 139 to lead the Italian golf championships by a stroke.

ABA Results

Thursday's Games

Carolina 123 (Verga 33, Lehman 32), Pittsburgh 122 (Brisker 32, Johnson 23).

Utah 128 (Beaty 38, Boone 27), Texas 122 (Freeman 26, J. Beasley 20). Stars remain tied with Indiana Pacers for West Division lead; Zelmo Beaty also gets 17 rebounds.

Florida 128 (Jones 26, Calvin, Harge, Franz 20), Virginia 105 (C. Scott 19, R. Scott 13).

Indiana 129 (Lewis 27, Armstrong 26), Denver 116 (Cannon 38, Hammond 20). Rockets lose eighth straight.

French XV Tries To Share Crown

PARIS, March 26 (AP).—A record 60,000 spectators are expected to jam Colombes Stadium here tomorrow to watch France play Wales in the final game of the Five Nations Rugby Union tournament.

Wales, already assured of a share of first place, is seeking a grand slam.

The Welsh 15 have already beaten England, Scotland and Ireland. A French victory would gain France a tie with Wales at six points each in this last match for both squads.

Cambridge Choice Over Oxford Eight

LONDON, March 26 (Reuters).—Cambridge is favored to gain its fourth successive victory over Oxford in the annual University Boat Race on the Thames River here tomorrow.

Last year the Light Blues led from start to finish. Oxford has won the race 51 times in 106 tries, with one dead-heat in 1877.

The crew that wins the coin toss will have a decided advantage. For the last nine years the crew to call correct has chosen to row on the Surrey side of the 1 1/4-mile course and has gone on to victory.

Stewart Fastest In California Prix 1st Day of Trials

ONTARIO, Calif., March 26 (AP).—Former world champion Jackie Stewart of Scotland drove his Tyrell Formula One Ford to the fastest lap yesterday during the first of three qualifying rounds for Sunday's $250,000 Questor Grand Prix.

Stewart, who won the world driving title in 1969, posted an official lap of 111.526 miles an hour over the 3.2-mile road course at Ontario Motor Speedway.

Two more qualifying sessions, today and tomorrow, will determine the staring order for two 100-mile races and that involves 17 cars from the world grand-prix circuit and 13 from the U.S.-based continental Formula A circuit.



Associated Press.

HEAVY SET—Heavyweight champ Joe Frazier (R) talks with former heavy titlist Floyd Patterson at Philadelphia's St. Luke's Hospital before leaving for N.Y.

Frazier Makes an Appearance

NEW YORK, March 26 (NYT).—In a surprise appearance, Joe Frazier arrived in New York last night from his Philadelphia hospital hideout and upstaged a news conference announcing the formation of a monthly TV boxing network.

Strolling into the upstairs room at Toots Shor's restaurant in a blue turtleneck sweater, gray tweed knickers and blue boots, the world heavyweight champion appeared in New York for the first time since his strenuous 15-round title bout with Muhammad Ali on March 8.

"It gives me great pleasure to be here after my funeral," Frazier said, alluding to a report ten days ago of his death. "They got me to the point where I'm scared to be around."

The champion disclosed that "I go and come from my room" at St. Luke's and Children's Medical Center where he was admitted March 16 with what his physician there described as high blood pressure.

"I'm fine, man, fine. I'll be discharged Saturday. I just think that I was tired. I neded rest."

Eye Still Bloodshot

Frazier reported that the last reading of his blood pressure, taken on Tuesday, was 140 over 90, which he claimed was normal for an active athlete. His only mark from the Ali fight appeared to be the bloodshot area on the left side of his left eye.

"I don't see no retirement in sight," he reiterated, "but I won't fight until next year."

The champion had accompanied Ray Anderson, one of his sparring partners, and Dan Smythe, his entertainment coordinator, on the trip in his maroon Cadillac limousine. Anderson will challenge Bob Foster for the world light-heavyweight title April 24 at Tampa, Fla., in the TV series opener.

"I just came to Bob and Ray," the champion said, referring to Foster's presence, too. "I'm going back to the hospital tonight."

Russian 6 Blanks Sweden, Takes 1st

BERN, March 26 (UPI).—Halfway through the World Ice Hockey championships, the defending champions from Russia have taken firm command. They beat Sweden, 8-0, tonight and took first place.

The championships move from Bern to Geneva tomorrow for the final five rounds with the Russians on top with nine points, followed by Sweden with Czechoslovakia and Finland with five and West Germany and the United States at the bottom with two points each.

Tonight Russians treated the 11,000 fans in the Bern Ice Stadium to an impressive show of power, shattering the Swedes in the first period by hammering four goals past goalie Christer Abrahamsson.

Anatoli Firsov, 30-year-old star forward, got four goals against Sweden and is on top in the scoring race with seven goals and five assists for 12 points. Firsov has been top scorer in the last two world tournaments.

It was the second shutout of the tournament, and was credited to Russian goalie Victor Konovalenko. Goalie Jiri Holecek scored the tourney's first shutout this afternoon as Czechoslovakia beat Finland, 5-0.

NHL Results

Thursday's Games

Philadelphia 2 (L. Hillman, Johnson), Minnesota 2 (Grant, Drouin). Jude Drouin gets goal and assist to break season scoring record for a rookie with 66 points. Teammate Danny Grant set the mark last year.

Detroit 4 (Redmond, Berenson, Delvecchio, Ecclestone), Vancouver 2 (Taylor, Corrigan).

Los Angeles 5 (Byers 2, Berry 2, Howell), Toronto 3 (Ullman, Dorey, Keon).

Field Cut to 26 For Sweepstakes In Lincoln 'Cap

DONCASTER, Britain, March 26 (AP).—Eight horses were scratched from the Lincoln Handicap today, and 104 Irish Sweepstakes ticket holders said goodbye to their dreams of a £250,000 ($120,000) first prize.

There were 34 listed entries, but only 26 horses can be accommodated by the starting gate for tomorrow's one-mile race.

Scotia's Girl was scratched by the trainer, and that left 33. Race officials then held a ballot among the lowest handicapped horses and eliminated Brookway, Eton Rambler, Friar Tuck, Half Hooked, Princely Justice, Remraf and Royal Chant.

First-place money for the winning owner of the purse of £9,950 ($23,952) is £6,770.

The bookies made Brother Scot the favorite at 7 to 1 and Mon Plaisir the second choice at 8 to 1.

Other leading odds were: Tandy, 10 to 1; Royal Smoke, 16 to 1; Grisaille, Mr. Melody, Palmallet, Whistling Glory and Shiny Tenth, all 20 to 1.

NBA Playoffs

Best of 7 Division Semifinals

EASTERN DIVISION

Series A

	W	L
New York	1	0
Atlanta	0	1

Series B

Philadelphia	1	0
Baltimore	0	1

WESTERN DIVISION

Series C

Milwaukee	0	0
San Francisco	0	0

Series D

Los Angeles	1	0
Chicago	0	1

Thursday's Results

New York 112 (Bradley 25, Reed 22), Atlanta 101 (Maravich 32, Hudson 22).

Royals' Expansionist Policy Sets Sights on Even Break

FORT MYERS, Fla., March 26 (AP).—Expansion clubs can't afford the luxury of spring pennant fever, so the young Kansas City Royals have set their sights on the middle ground in the American League West.

"We'll play .500 ball," says outfielder Lou Piniella, the Royals' top hitter. "That'll be moving up for us."

Last season, their second in the league, the Royals got off poorly under manager Charlie Metro, replaced him with Bob Lemon in June and played break-even baseball over the final 1 1/2 months to finish in a fourth-place deadlock with Milwaukee, the other 1969 expansion club. They were 32 games under .500 at the finish.

"We held our own with everybody but Baltimore and New York," Lemon points out. "We only won one of 24 games against them."

Piniella, the American Rookie of the Year in 1969, batted .301 last season. Big Bob Oliver slammed 27 home runs; Joe Keough hit .322 before he was sidelined with a broken leg and the play of newcomer Amos Otis was a revelation.

But aside from Oliver's slugging, which accounted for 99 runs batted in, there was a shortage of power. Kansas City was last in the league in homers with 97 and last in the majors in runs scored.

Little shortstop Fred Patek, who came to the Royals in a 3-for-3 trade with Pittsburgh, hit just one homer last year for the Pirates. But the smallest player in the majors at 5-foot-4 figures to add some offensive punch to the lineup.

"If Patek and Otis get on base as often as they figure to," says Piniella, "I think Oliver, Keough and myself can get more runs across than last year."

Pitching is another problem for Lemon, with hard-throwing Bob Johnson dealt to Pittsburgh in the Patek trade. But several potential starters, injured last season, are healthy again.

"We counted on Wally Bunker, Roger Nelson, Bill Butler and Mike Hedlund last year, but they won only eight games between them," Lemon says. "All four of them were hurting."

Nelson and Bunker had shoulder troubles, Butler a tender elbow and Hedlund a strength-sapping viral infection. All are throwing hard again, but Bunker, with a 2-11 won-lost record last year, is the only one Lemon lists as a starter.

The others will be Dick Drago (9-15), Jim Rooker (10-15) and Bruce Dal Canton, who was 9-4 with Pittsburgh. Bob Garibaldi, the former San Francisco bonus baby who was 15-10 at Phoenix in the Pacific Coast League last year, could pitch himself into the picture.

Ted Abernathy, the veteran submarine baller, heads a relief corps that also will include Tom Burgmeier and rookie Jim York. Abernathy, acquired by the Royals from St. Louis last July, was 9-3 with 12 saves in 36 American League appearances.

Oliver (.260) will start at first base; Cookie Rojas (.260) at second and Paul Schaal (.268) at third. Center fielder Otis, who hit .264, drove in 58 runs and stole 33 bases, will be flanked by Piniella in left and Keough in right. Ed Kirkpatrick, who hit .229 with 18 homers, and Jerry May, who batted .209 with Pittsburgh, are the catchers.

Carl Taylor, another ex-Pirate picked up from Milwaukee, figures as the No. 1 pinch hitter. Gail Hopkins and John Matias, obtained in a trade with the Chicago White Sox, provide some bench strength.

Allen Injured

VERO BEACH, Fla., March 26 (AP).—The Cincinnati Reds, who haven't been playing like the Big Red Machine, smashed the Los Angeles Dodgers, 10-5, with an 18-hit attack yesterday.

Los Angeles also got some injury before the insult of the loss when slugging outfielder Richie Allen was hurt. He ran into a palm tree chasing a fly ball before the exhibition game. X-rays showed no fractures, but a doctor said Allen suffered a mild concussion and will be out a week.

The Dodger's ace pitcher, Bill Singer, was thumped for 13 hits and seven runs in six innings. The Red's Lee May Bernie Carbo and Tommy Helms each got three hits. The Reds increased their spring won-lost mark to 8-11, second worst in the NL.

Sports Shorts

Gov. William T. Cahill of New Jersey said he has a verbal commitment from the New York Football Giants to leave Yankee Stadium and play in a new sports complex in the Hackensack River Meadowlands, expected to be completed for the 1973 kickoff at a cost of from $100 million to $200 million, according to the governor. Giants' president Wellington Mara, attending a National Football League conference in Palm Beach, Fla., said to New York City councilman Matthew J. Troy jr. by telephone that he will not promise to stay in New York later than 1974, when the teams' commitment with Yankee Stadium expires. New York Mayor John V. Lindsay recently said the city will try to buy Yankee Stadium for $24 million and improve it to keep the Giants and Yankees in New York, but without a firm commitment from Mara, he cannot proceed. Gov. Cahill said he will sponsor a bill in the legislature to create a five-man committee to oversee the sports complex, which may include a horse-racing track, and indoor facilities for hockey and basketball.

* * *

Kjell Issakson of Sweden, who set a world indoor pole vault record this month of 17 feet 9 inches, has been declared ineligible to compete for the University of Southern California because his high-school grades from Sweden could not be converted properly for U.S. course credits and his language deficiencies hurt his comprehensive examination scores, a university spokesman said. He will compete for the Southern California Striders.

* * *

The Bay State Patriots of the NFL, who were the Boston Patriots until five weeks ago, are now the New England Patriots. Club president Billy Sullivan said the change was made from "Bay State" because the news media ridiculed the initials. The team switched this year to Foxboro, Mass., from Boston.

Proposed IOC Rule Published

Adoption Hinges On Postal Vote

LAUSANNE, Switzerland, March 26 (AP).—A stringent new draft rule designed to tighten protection of the amateur code in the Olympic Games was made public today by the International Olympic Committee.

A key clause in the proposed new rule would bar from the Olympics any athlete who has "directly or indirectly allowed his name, his photograph or his sports performance to be used individually for advertising purposes."

The eligibility rule was unanimously approved by the nine-man executive board of the committee earlier this month. To become effective it must be approved by a two-thirds majority of the committees' 74 members. They are to vote on the matter by mail until April 15.

The issue was forced by IOC president Avery Brundage's demand that ten top Alpine skiers be disqualified from the Sapporo Winter Games next year for taking part in a commercial camp last summer at Mammoth Mountain, Calif.

A prime change proposed by the executive board envisages that to be eligible a competitor "must comply with his (international) federation's directives and those issued by the International Olympic Committee." The code now in force requires athletes only to comply with their international federation rules, which sometimes are less rigid.

The IOC directives proposed to be part of the future eligibility rule were listed as follows:

● "He (the competitor) must not have directly or indirectly allowed his name, his photograph or his sports performance to be used individually for advertising purposes.

● "He may not write or sign any publication or allow any to be signed on his behalf, nor may he appear on radio or television during the Olympic Games in which he is participating without the permission of his chef de mission.

● "Any advertising resulting from any equipment contracts by national federations shall be strictly controlled by the international federations, and copies of such contracts shall be lodged with and approved by the International Olympic Committee."

A spokesman at the IOC secretariat here said that numerous national committees have already sent in their votes. She declined any further comment.

Earlier this year, Brundage criticized the International Ski Federation (FIS) which he claims "has lost control of its sport, which is now completely commercialized." He stated that if the Mammoth Mountain camp was a commercial enterprise the Alpine skiers who took part in it would be barred from Sapporo. FIS president Marc Hodler says the ten gave paid elementary skiing lessons.

The proposed new rule makes seemingly inconclusive reference to this in saying:

● He (a competitor) must not be, or have been, a professional, semi-professional or so-called non-amateur in any sport. He must not have coached, taught or trained sports competitors for personal gain. Physical education teachers who instruct beginners are eligible."

Ashe, Okker Gain In Chicago Tennis

CHICAGO, March 26 (UPI).—Second-seeded Arthur Ashe, of Gum Spring, Va., relying on his booming serve and powerful backhand, defeated Australian lefthander Ray Ruffels, 6-4, 6-4, yesterday to advance to the semi-finals of the $50,000 Sportface International tennis championships.

Ashe has not lost a set in four tournament matches.

Charles Pasarell of Puerto Rico lost to Tom Okker of the Netherlands, 6-1, 6-2.

The 27-year-old "Flying Dutchman" will meet Ashe in the semifinals tomorrow.

In other matches, top-seeded John Newcombe of Australia beat countryman Fred Stolle, 7-6, 4-6, 6-4; Spain's Andres Gimeno beat No. 8-seed Roy Emerson of Australia, 1-6, 6-3, 7-6, and the U.S. and Australian Open champion, Australian Ken Rosewall, dumped Marty Riessen of Evanston, Ill., 6-0, 6-3.

Délicieuses spécialités juives
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PICKEL FLEISCH - PICKLES
AL et JO GOLDENBERG
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EVERYTHING YOU'VE HEARD ABOUT
MYRA BRECKINRIDGE
IS TRUE! YOU WILL BE GENUINELY AMUSED

Art Buchwald

Up the Flagpole

WASHINGTON.—The Army has launched a $10,600,000 TV and radio recruiting campaign. As the Wall Street Journal indicated, this could make the U.S. Army one of the biggest prime-time advertisers on television.



Buchwald

The announcement has the U.S. Navy, Marine Corps and Air Force boiling mad, as they are dependent on the networks for showing their commercials gratis, usually at 1 o'clock in the morning, just before they play the Star Spangled Banner.

It has to follow that the Navy and Air Force will soon have advertising budgets as well, and pretty soon we'll have an advertising war on TV the likes of which we haven't seen since the soap companies added enzymes to their phosphates.

Since Madison Avenue now plays such a large part in electing our politicians, it's only right that they have a say about our defense.

I can just see the advertising agency making a pitch for the U.S. Air Force account.

"General, the Army is selling education, the Navy's selling travel and the Marine Corps is selling patriotism. We have to come up with something else."

"But what is left?" a four-star general in charge of advertising asks.

The agency man holds up a large poster: "Get High in the Air Force."

The general says, "Are you sure that will attract young aviators?"

"That's just the opener, general. Here's the idea for a commercial. We show a dogface in a muddy foxhole eating a can of corned beef. Then we show a sailor swabbing down the deck of an aircraft carrier all by himself. Then we cut to a Marine, shoulder-deep in water, coming out on the beach, and then we show an Air Force officer."

"Flying a plane?" the general asks.

"No, dammit. He's walking down Sunset Boulevard with a girl on each arm. The voice-over says, 'If you like corned beef, join the Army; if you like mopping decks, sign up with the Navy; if you enjoy walking in water with a full pack, join the Marines.'"

"Then we pan to the two girls again, and the voice says, 'The Air Force has a better idea.'"

"Isn't that a little blatant?" the general asks.

"General, you run your bombing missions and let me run my advertising campaigns."

"I don't know," the general said, "the Army may not like it."

"Does Hertz like Avis? Does Crest like Colgate? Does Pepto-Bismol like Alka Seltzer? General, this isn't war we're talking about now. This is serious business. All right, so you don't like *that* commercial. What about this one?

"We show a mother holding her head. Her 18-year-old son comes in with a transistor radio blaring out rock music. The mother shouts, 'Will you turn that radio off!' Her friend from next door walks in. 'Clara, you're nervous and short tempered. Here is what you need.' She hands her a folder and we zoom in on it. It says on the cover, 'If your children give you a headache, make them join the Air Force.'"

The general says, "Holy smokes, that's a bit rough."

The agency man says, "What do you want, good airmen or good taste?"

"Well, I guess you know your business," the general says.

"Now, I've got a surprise for you. I've come up with a slogan that will knock 'em dead. Are you ready?"

The agency man takes out a large poster, flips it over and printed in large letters over a B-52 airplane are the words: "From the People Who Gave You a Clean Hydrogen Bomb."

Soviets Find Relics Of Arctic Mammoth

MOSCOW, March 26 (UPI).—Soviet zoologists have found the bones of a mammoth on the Arctic Ocean floor, according to the Soviet news agency Tass.

Experts said the mammoth lived 11,000 or 12,000 years ago, lending support to a hypothesis that the world ocean level at that time was more than 100 yards lower than now.

Mary Blume

Director Arthur Penn—Organized Chaos, Contemplation, Compulsion

PARIS.—Arthur Penn, the highly regarded American movie director, has been in Paris and so is fully prepared to discuss such things as links in style between his first film, "The Left-Handed Gun" with Paul Newman, and his latest, "Little Big Man" with Dustin Hoffman. In Paris he is, of course, an *auteur*.

"It's all absolutely true," says Mr. Penn. "But get me away from here for three hours and it will fall apart."

Mr. Penn and Stuart Millar, his producer, were sitting in the Plaza Athénée's breakfast room. There was an air of joyful conspiracy since they were apparently the only guests who were not in town to promote "Love Story." Mr. Penn is slight, with dark hair, blue eyes and a wry face that can get as long and serious as a clown's. He speaks softly and neatly. His films are always very much a part of the time they were made in; the relevance of "Bonnie and Clyde," for example, was even evident to Seventh Avenue's rag trade.

"People asked me, 'Is your next picture going to set a fashion trend?'" Mr. Penn says. "The suggestion that such things are in control! The godlike capacity. . . ." He once went to a London masquerade where he was the only person who wasn't dressed as Bonnie or Clyde.

No Pattern

Despite their timeliness, Arthur Penn's pictures follow no orderly pattern. "It shows the poor state of my mind, they just pop in. 'Alice's Restaurant' started with the record, 'Little Big Man' started in a bookstore by accident. Sometimes," he added, "it starts by being offered jobs. It's never, there's a terrific story, now let's make it relevant. That seems part of the development of the idea, it seems to have resonances in other areas.

"It's hard to avoid esoterica like 'resonance' and 'relevance,'" he said, slightly abashed. "There's a lot that's pure gut: it *feels* right. The intellectual attributes come later."

When Mr. Penn's "Left-Handed Gun" came out in 1958, it was described in terms alarming in those, or any, days: it was said to be a Freudian Western. "It was called too psychological," Mr. Penn says. "I don't know what degree is 'too.'" Widely admired in France, it was reconsidered in the United States and won Mr. Penn a place on "Ten Best First Film" listings.

"Little Big Man," which will be released next month in Europe, has been described as a Western relevant to today. "It's relevant. I don't know what isn't," Mr. Penn says adding. "It's fascinating the burden the word Western has to carry.

"Dustin has been referred to as a cowboy. He's anything but. It's a long picaresque tale of the frontier rather than a cowboy Western. It has to do with the white expansion of commerce into the West with one of the consequences being the destruction of the Indian and the whole Indian culture."

When Mr. Penn mentioned the word "genocide" to his "Little Big Man" backers, they smiled benignly, he says. Money men may be startled by his films—"Bonnie and Clyde" was shamefully treated at the Oscar handouts—but they truly admire him for making so much money with "Bonnie and Clyde."

"There's nothing like a nice big success to change people's attitudes, and mine," Mr. Penn says. He was rather startled to be treated as a lover of violence after "Bonnie and Clyde" and was ill at ease during the long period when people wanted, with insane irrelevance, to discuss violence in *films*.

"There was a scholarly treatise saying the expression of violence in 'The Wild Bunch' was superior to the expression of violence in 'Bonnie and Clyde,'" he says. "I was reluctant to point out that it wasn't the point at all."

Although Arthur Penn is often thought of as a stage director who turned to films, in fact he went to Hollywood from television and only directed his first Broadway play, "Two for the Seesaw," after his first film. He followed that with "The Miracle Worker" and "An Evening with Mike Nichols and Elaine May." Recently he aided Elaine May in her fight with Paramount, which she accused of radically changing her first film.

There has to be a sense that the final film will be as conceived by the people involved, Arthur Penn argues. Studio interference is a leftover from the old days *of interchangeability*. "If one director got sick, you fed another one a carrot and he walked out and made a movie."

Born in Philadelphia, Arthur Penn is the son of a watchmaker (he tried watchmaking briefly himself) and the brother of photographer Irving Penn. He first became involved in the theater during World War II when he joined an Army show company organized by Josh Logan that included Hugh Martin, Paddy Chayefsky and Mickey Rooney.

He lives in New York and spends summers in the interesting community of



Stockbridge, Mass., whose residents range from Norman Rockwell to Alice's Restaurant. Mr. Penn directs a summer theater there which he claims is characterized by a high level of intention and a low level of achievement. He misses the theater—"there's something cleansing about working on pure text"—but likes what he considers the unique quality of films: "They can indicate a contradiction between what people say and do in a way that's impossible in the theater."

Faye Dunaway, who has worked with Mr. Penn in "Bonnie and Clyde" and "Little Big Man," speaks admiringly of his organized chaos. "I think she means there's very little 'Now you do this,'" Mr. Penn says. "I do try to create accidents of event."

He works diligently as one might expect on editing his films—"Dede [editor Dede Allen] and I go into a state of contemplation. She's about as compulsive as I am, and that's compulsive." He also troubles over things most directors ignore: He is in Europe to check the dubbing of the French and Italian versions of "Little Big Man"—"they have a tendency to slip into a sort of generalized language," he says, "so every film sounds like every other film."

On the set, Arthur Penn says he is less compulsive—"there is something sublime about a movie set"—but he does not feel he is a different man on and off: "The things that concern you off the set interest you on," he says. "Perforce one is a creature of this world."

PEOPLE: *A Star Is Born*

Having suffered and smiled through some 15 years of Joe Warfield's cataclysmic career, we never turned a hair when the old trooper flung himself into our office as he has so often in the past and bellowed, "I've cut a disc!" We bade Joe take a seat, picked up the phone and began to dial the American Hospital. "Nebbish," yelled Joe, "I've recorded a record is what I have." And so he has. Really. And a tidy little 45 rpm, too, not one of those 78s. They break.

Without further ado, the record is called "Warfield Sings Prévert."

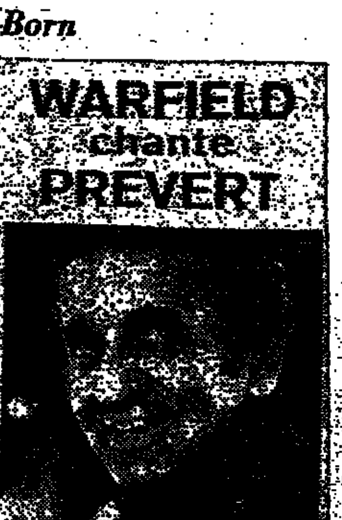
[Note to proofroom: For heaven's sake, make that "Prévert"—P-R-E!]

The lyrics are by French poet Jacques Prévert and the music by Warfield, who in his day has also worked the Paris scene as a frequent though mainly subliminal movie actor, painter, boulevardier, impersonator of Larry Parks, occasional rent-payer and the only disc-jockey ever to be fired from Castel's chi-chi nightclub for being "drunk with power." The record, though, Warfield's first as a singer, is something else. Very easy listening in a sort of late-Walter-Huston style; it has sold out its first pressing in ten days and represents for Joe something of a milestone, an achievement he takes rather seriously, which is why he almost didn't tell us about it.

"No gimmicks, willya," he said. "This is a sentimental thing. People are crying all over the French-speaking world. By my record, 'Love Story' is a yock." "Ah, Joe," we said, "just a little hint of a gimmick maybe? We'll sell you a million copies." "Well . . ." said Joe. "Tell you what," we said, just warming up. "How about you got your musical talent while still in the womb, listening to your mother's lullabies, see? You could chant the Talmud only five months after conception, and before you were born, you used to sing the Bar-Mitzvah Haftorah in E-flat . . ." "No," said Joe. "Like, Nix!" "Why not?" we asked, crestfallen. "Because it's a lie, that's why not," said Joe. "If you wanna know the gospel truth, it was 'Bei Mir Bist du Schoen' . . ."

* * *

Bob Hope's bid for a seat in the House of Lords has failed, a British genealogist announced yesterday after following the roots of the comedian's family



tree back to their 200-year-old source without tapping so much as a drop of blue sap. Hope, born Leslie Townes Hope in England in 1904, became intrigued with the possibility of nobility last year when he chanced upon Lord Charles Hope on a British golf course and wondered aloud if there might not be a blood connection. Pedigree specialist Richard Austin-Cooper was put on the trail, but abandoned the search at 1799, where he discovered that Hope's great-grandfathers were construction laborers. All things considered, however, Bob took the news with considerable good grace when contacted in the States. "Actually," he said, "I left England at the age of three when I realised I could never be king. In any case, I understand a distant cousin was a lookout for Lady Chatterly."

* * *

OLD VIC REVISITED: "About the age of 14," recalls British columnist Jilly Cooper, "I discovered Georgette Heyer and tennis players . . . I saw myself as the laughing rebellious ward of a U.S. tennis champion named Sexias [sic] who had chinky eyes and a reputation for a bad temper . . ." As Confucius say (or maybe it was Freud): Them chinky eyes'll do it every time.

* * *

Signs of the times (con't.): Posted on the bulletin board of the Ladies Aid Society of a church in West Haddon, England, reports UPI, is the following notice: "There will be a sale next week of things you no longer need. You may bring your husbands."

—DICK ROBABACK.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DEAR FOLKS: If you can use some exquisitely well-made, custom designed furniture, at less than one half Stateside prices even including packing, insurance, duties and transport, it could be very well worth your while to visit us in Madrid. . . . If you need more information, drop us a note or read TEMPLE FIELDING TRAVEL GUIDE, and see now he raves about us and our wares. . . . Come by, from wherever you are . . . and you'll be pleased for a lifetime!

MARLAU-Rey Francisco 8, MADRID.

P.S. We're Americans, enjoying living and working in Spain for the past twenty-odd years!

British sport of highest quality available 1971

SALMON FISHING on best beats of Scottish rivers and dry-fly fishing on famous chalk stream.

GROUSE DRIVING on Scottish moors, 2,000 brace and upwards. Also 400 brace walking moor.

PHEASANT SHOOTING with some of the highest driven birds in Britain.

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SITUATIONS WANTED

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in Rotterdam area, looking for new position. Age 26, excellent experience, qualifications and references. Dutch-English. Please reply to: Box 8,766, Herald, Paris.

TRILINGUAL ITALIAN ASSISTANT/SECRETARY, 31, imaginative and internationally-minded girl, fluent English and French, worked in London and Paris. Experienced technical translations, fashion journalism, audio-visual means, press relations. Will travel and relocate, seeks responsible, stimulating job. Write: Silvana Ugolini, Via Gentile Bellini 2, 20146 Milano, Italy.

ATTRACTIVE FRENCH NATIONAL, Mid-twenties. Uncommitted. Seeks active responsible post preferably the economic field, U.K. or overseas. Top references. Experienced journalist with leading News Agency and Translator at International Conferences. Fluent French, English, Spanish & Russian: Box 5,353, H.T., 28 Gt. Queen St., London, W.C.2.

FRENCH ENGINEER, 46, speaks 5 languages, long industrial experience Europe & overseas, 4 years manager small company, seeks similar post. 978-92-67 Paris, Box 35,542, Herald, Paris

AMERICAINE, 20 ans, cherche place AU PAIR dans famille française pour l'été. Box 76,171, Herald, Paris.

CREATIVE-FACTORY-STAFF seeks new surroundings, anywhere, anyhow, anytime. Willy Spiller, Militärstr. 42, CH-8004, Zurich, Switz.

YOUNG German woman, 28, fluent English, German, notions of French, seeks position as ladies companion correspondent. Write: HAVAS, NICE 0454.

RELIABLE AMERICAN GIRL (27), London-based, desires Southern European resort position. 55a Linden Mansions, London, N.6.

AMERICAN GIRL, 24, BA, seeks employment for tourist season anywhere. English German. Write: Box 8,767, Herald, Paris.

YOUNG MALE AMERICAN seeks part-time work, 2:30-7:30 p.m. Speaks French & Spanish. Previous business, interpreting, teaching experience. Tel.: Paris, 235-05-39.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN BABY-SITTER AVAILABLE. Paris: 754-35-70.

URGENT, 2 girls need work, baby-sitting, tutoring. (English-French-German), etc. Tel Paris: 548-61-67.

DAME FRANCAISE cherche emploi employée de maison dans famille américaine, Paris. Ecrire en français. Box 31,151, Herald, Paris

AMERICAN, 21, child experience, live-in mother's helper. Miss 50-fra, 240-3d, Davis, Calif., U.S.A.

EXPERIENCED FRENCH GOVERNESS, 30, wishes position with family in New York (some English). Write: G. R. 45, Vrijzicht, Amsterdam

NEED SERVICE FROM SPAIN? Domestic couples, maids, cooks, chauffeurs, dressmakers, secretaries, flats, RENS Employment & Real Estate Office, Rodriguez San Pedro 2, MADRID-15 T.: 223-80-16.

TORENA IS THE SPANISH WORD for service. We offer au-pair girls, house-maids, domestic couples to any country in Europe. TORENA, Av. José Antonio 66-7o, Madrid. Tel.: 241.83.83.

FRENCH GIRL seeks au pair job in California. Mlle Chaise, 11 Bld. Beaumarchais, Paris, 4e, France.

ROMAN LADY 38, distinguished, reliable, excellent education, fluent English, seeks position as governess-housekeeper to couple or gentleman with children. Box 111, Tribune, Mercede, 55, Rome, Italy.

FRENCH LADY, 28, 16 years residence U.S.A., would care for a child & tutor in English & French. Box 31,166, Herald, Paris, or 870-30-45.

ENGLISH GIRL, fluent French, 23, expert cordon bleu, housekeeper, seeks job holiday cook, children, entertaining. Paris: 288-83-97.

BABY SITTING, housekeeping, part-time & weekends. Left Bank or Versailles. Write: Box 21,161, Herald, Paris.

HELP WANTED

CHEF-COOK-gardemangers-pâtissiers-bakers-dining-room manager-waiters, bartenders, etc. to staff a new passenger ship cruising the Caribbean. Only the most highly qualified will be employed. Resumé with photo to Suite 201-A, 1015 Port Boulevard, Miami, Florida.

EXPERIENCED COOK - HOUSEKEEPER, sleep-in, Paris-8th, Until July 1st, references required. Tel.: 742-37-22.

AU-PAIR, care for baby and house, $30 weekly. Mrs. Weiss, Century Trail, Harrison, New York 10528.

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